

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 22.325, 9.593)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(58, 22.325, 9.593) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(58, 22.562, 9.093)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	<a href="#">B37D86</a>
RGB	<a href="#">179, 125, 134</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">70%, 49%, 53%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2982, 0.5099, 0.4746</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.30, 0.25, 0.30</a>
HSL	<a href="#">350°, 26%, 60%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">350°, 30%, 70%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">30.2151, 25.9610, 25.9628</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">142.1720, 29.2950, 14.2470</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

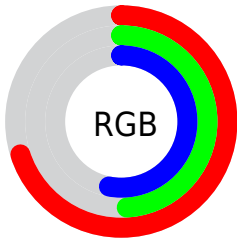
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	179, 125, 134
Decimal	11763078
CIE Lab	58.00, 22.28, 3.57
CIE LCh	58, 22.562, 9.093
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3679, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289953158 (0xFFB37D86)
YUV	142.1720, -4.0288, 32.2982
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 16.6866, 5.4549

# Details

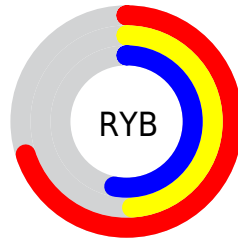
The CIELCh color **58, 22.562, 9.093** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **69, 19.667, 183.181**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 22.679, 9.272**, and **38, 22.802, 7.917** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 30.674, 10.686**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 14.709, 7.793**.

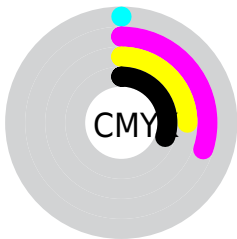
# Distribution



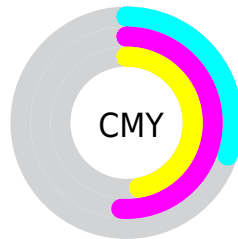
- Red (70%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 58, 22.562, 9.093       58, 22.562, 9.093

 100, 22.562, 9.093       48, 22.562, 9.093

 78, 22.562, 9.093       38, 22.562, 9.093

 88, 22.562, 9.093       28, 22.562, 9.093

 98, 22.562, 9.093       18, 22.562, 9.093

 8, 22.562, 9.093

 0, 22.562, 9.093

 58, 22.562, 9.093       58, 22.562, 9.093

 53, 30.674, 10.686       63, 14.709, 7.793

 49, 38.882, 12.664       68, 7.215, 6.687

45, 46.938, 15.157

73, 0.120, 1.864

42, 54.547, 18.308

78, 6.573, 185.141

40, 61.438, 22.232

83, 12.880,  
184.429

38, 67.468, 26.909

88, 18.829,  
183.820

37, 72.747, 31.716

94, 24.452,  
183.284

95, 24.403,  
195.833

95, 24.278,  
197.920

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 22.562, 9.093



69, 19.667, 183.181

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 22.562, 9.093



58, 22.562, 59.093



58, 22.562, 189.093



58, 22.562, 239.093

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 22.560, 9.097



86, 7.864, 6.580



58, 34.642, 321.149



45, 5.531, 6.732



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 22.560, 9.097



70, 33.720, 10.082



62, 18.335, 53.464



35, 4.000, 6.598



31, 64.369, 31.010



2, 9.337, 8.832





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 22.560, 9.097



70, 33.720, 10.082



64, 15.523, 239.103



35, 4.000, 6.598



31, 64.369, 31.010



2, 9.337, 8.832



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

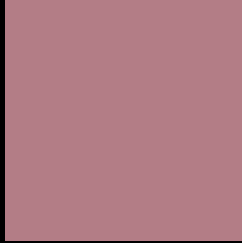
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

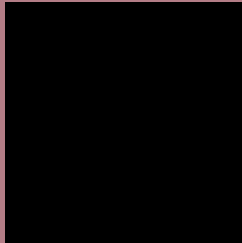
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 58, 22.562, 9.093**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 22.562, 9.093.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58, 22.562, 9.093

### Protanopia

58, 1.889, 314.683

### Deuteranopia

58, 8.700, 31.410



**Tritanopia**  
58, 22.562, 9.093



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 22.562, 9.093

**Protanomaly**  
58, 8.832, 1.641

**Deuteranomaly**  
58, 13.484, 16.042

**Tritanomaly**  
58, 22.562, 9.093

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 22.562, 9.093

**Achromatopsia**  
59, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
58, 7.759, 7.568

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 22.562, 9.093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 125, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 125, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 125, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 125, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 22.562, 9.093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 125, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 125, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 125, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 125, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 125, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 125,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 22.562, 9.093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 125, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
125, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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