

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 28.163, 328.964)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(58, 28.163, 328.964)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(58, 28.229, 329.137)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA7DA5
RGB	170, 125, 165
RGB Percent	67%, 49%, 65%
CMY	0.3330, 0.5095, 0.3526
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.03, 0.33
HSL	307°, 21%, 58%
HSV	307°, 26%, 67%
XYZ	30.7369, 25.9610, 39.0259
YIQ	143.0150, 13.9800, 21.9800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

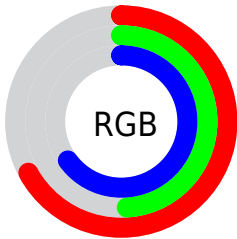
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	170, 125, 165
Decimal	11173285
CIELab	58.00, 24.23, -14.48
CIELCh	58, 28.229, 329.137
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3211, 0.2712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289363365 (0xFFAA7DA5)
YUV	143.0150, 10.8386, 23.6658
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 18.5147, -9.7460

# Details

The CIELCh color **58, 28.229, 329.137** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **66, 28.182, 145.784**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 28.282, 329.297**, and **38, 28.408, 329.110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 38.708, 329.727**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 17.537, 328.545**.

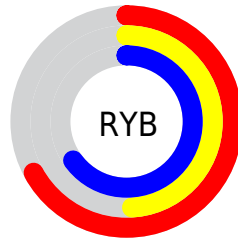
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (49%)

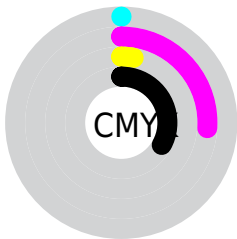
Blue (65%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (65%)

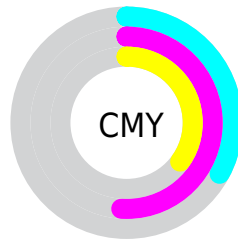


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 58, 28.229,  
329.137

 58, 28.229,  
329.137

 100, 28.229,  
329.137

 48, 28.229,  
329.137


 78, 28.229,  
329.137

 38, 28.229,  
329.137

 88, 28.229,  
329.137

 28, 28.229,  
329.137

 98, 28.229,  
329.137

 18, 28.229,  
329.137

 8, 28.229, 329.137

 0, 28.229, 329.137

58, 28.229,  
329.137

58, 28.229,  
329.137

54, 38.708,  
329.727

62, 17.537,  
328.545

50, 48.690,  
330.309

67, 6.846, 327.944

47, 57.803,  
330.877

71, 3.708, 147.485

76, 14.037,  
146.889

44, 65.615,  
331.426

81, 24.092,  
146.358

42, 71.701,  
331.956

85, 33.851,  
145.855

40, 75.749,  
332.476

90, 43.307,  
145.380

39, 77.738,  
332.998

93, 48.911,  
145.331

39, 78.241,

333.183

 93, 48.140,  
146.009

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 28.229, 329.137



66, 28.182, 145.784

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 28.229, 329.137



58, 28.229, 19.137



58, 28.229, 149.137



58, 28.229, 199.137

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 28.227, 329.137



84, 10.536, 328.048



54, 26.048, 296.670



44, 7.555, 328.138



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 28.227, 329.137



71, 42.287, 329.499



57, 20.493, 352.027



33, 5.957, 328.117



34, 70.673, 333.120



2, 10.513, 328.867



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 28.227, 329.137



71, 42.287, 329.499



66, 19.467, 166.927



33, 5.957, 328.117



34, 70.673, 333.120

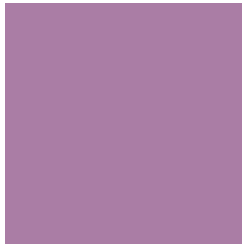


2, 10.513, 328.867



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

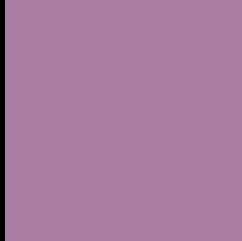
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

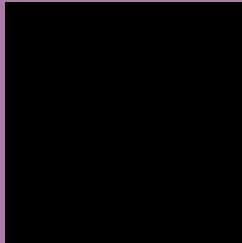
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 58, 28.229, 329.137

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137.

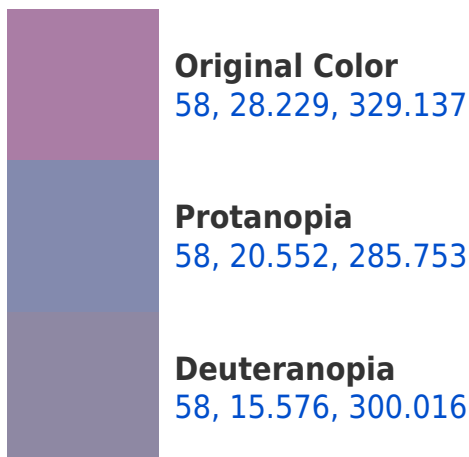


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 28.229, 329.137.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
58, 15.829, 0.308

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 28.229, 329.137

**Protanomaly**  
58, 22.171, 303.766

**Deuteranomaly**  
58, 19.758, 314.124

**Tritanomaly**  
58, 19.609, 344.360

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 28.229, 329.137

**Achromatopsia**  
59, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
59, 10.783, 328.425

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 28.229, 329.137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 125, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 125, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 125, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 125, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 28.229, 329.137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 125, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 125, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 125, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 125, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 125,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 28.229, 329.137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 125, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
125, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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