

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 3.222, 289.477)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(58, 3.222, 289.477) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(58, 3.416, 290.588)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8B8B91
RGB	139, 139, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 57%
CMY	0.4553, 0.4553, 0.4317
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	240°, 3%, 56%
HSV	240°, 4%, 57%
XYZ	24.9550, 25.9610, 30.4463
YIQ	139.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

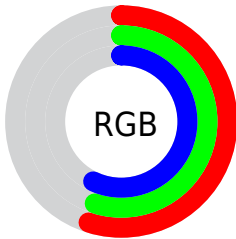
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	139, 139, 145
Decimal	9145233
CIE Lab	58.00, 1.20, -3.20
CIE LCh	58, 3.416, 290.588
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3067, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287335313 (0xFF8B8B91)
YUV	139.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -1.7411, 0.2377

# Details

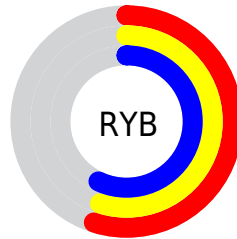
The CIELCh color  $58, 3.416, 290.588$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $60, 3.371, 109.763$ , and the grayscale version is  $58, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $78, 3.756, 290.538$ , and  $38, 3.695, 290.774$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53, 11.874, 291.634$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $63, 4.724, 109.635$ .

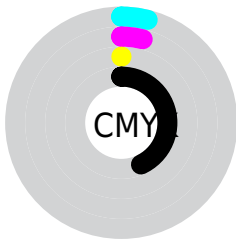
# Distribution



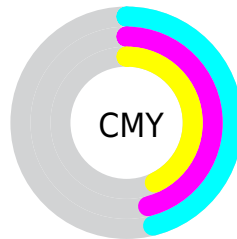
- Red (55%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58, 3.416, 290.588

■ 58, 3.416, 290.588

100, 3.416,  
290.588

■ 48, 3.416, 290.588

■ 78, 3.416, 290.588

■ 38, 3.416, 290.588

■ 88, 3.416, 290.588

■ 28, 3.416, 290.588

■ 98, 3.416, 290.588

■ 18, 3.416, 290.588

■ 8, 3.416, 290.588

■ 0, 3.416, 290.588

■ 58, 3.416, 290.588

■ 58, 3.416, 290.588

■ 53, 11.874,  
291.634

■ 63, 4.724, 109.635

■ 68, 12.564,

48, 20.681,  
292.892

108.862

42, 29.860,  
294.365

73, 20.129,  
108.196

37, 39.422,  
296.073

78, 27.436,  
107.623

32, 49.334,  
298.012

83, 34.502,  
107.127

27, 59.446,  
300.126

88, 41.344,  
106.697

23, 69.345,  
302.274

93, 47.974,  
106.322

19, 78.159,  
304.203

98, 54.407,  
105.993

17, 84.594,  
305.595

98, 54.498,  
106.007

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 3.416, 290.588



60, 3.371, 109.763

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 3.416, 290.588



58, 3.416, 340.588



58, 3.416, 110.588



58, 3.416, 160.588

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 3.415, 290.573



76, 1.024, 290.318



60, 2.306, 197.966



40, 0.581, 290.316



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 3.415, 290.573



73, 5.122, 290.666



58, 3.608, 308.638



29, 2.766, 290.705



14, 83.468, 306.280



0, 3.084, 290.162





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 2.363, 19.432



74, 3.553, 19.526



60, 3.574, 128.332



29, 1.920, 19.562



27, 64.119, 38.783



0, 2.121, 19.372



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

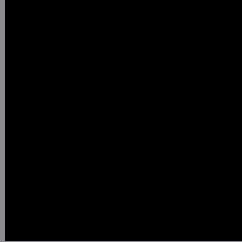
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

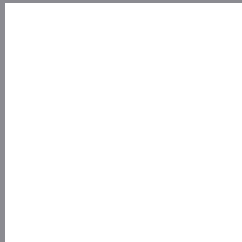
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 58, 3.416, 290.588

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 3.416, 290.588.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58, 3.416, 290.588

### Protanopia

58, 3.443, 296.998

### Deuteranopia

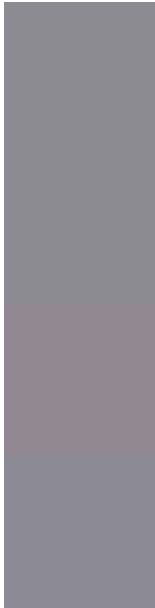
58, 8.587, 333.586



**Tritanopia**  
58, 6.321, 297.813



# Trichromacy



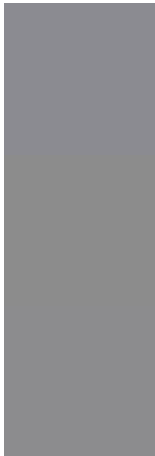
**Original Color**  
58, 3.416, 290.588

**Protanomaly**  
58, 3.443, 296.998

**Deuteranomaly**  
58, 6.919, 324.777

**Tritanomaly**  
58, 5.757, 298.451

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 3.416, 290.588

**Achromatopsia**  
58, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
58, 1.142, 290.353

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 3.416, 290.588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 139, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 139, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 139, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 139, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 3.416, 290.588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 139, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 139, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 139, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 139, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 139,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 3.416, 290.588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 139, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
139, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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