

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 3.284, 35.538)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 3.284, 35.538) contains.

CIELCh(58, 3.367, 39.218)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(58, 3.367, 39.218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	928A88
RGB	146, 138, 136
RGB Percent	57%, 54%, 53%
CMY	0.4285, 0.4598, 0.4677
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.07, 0.43
HSL	12°, 4%, 55%
HSV	12°, 7%, 57%
XYZ	25.2855, 25.9610, 26.8756
YIQ	140.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

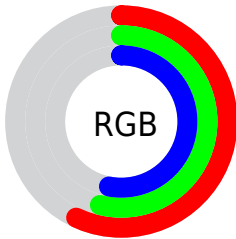
Format	Color
R _Y B	146, 139, 136
Decimal	9603720
CIE Lab	58.00, 2.61, 2.13
CIE LCh	58, 3.367, 39.218
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3237, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287793800 (0xFF928A88)
YUV	140.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -0.5831, 4.3927

Details

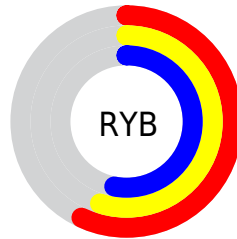
The CIELCh color $58, 3.367, 39.218$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 3.233, 219.818$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 3.515, 37.170$, and $38, 3.674, 39.211$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 8.612, 39.201$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 1.486, 219.874$.

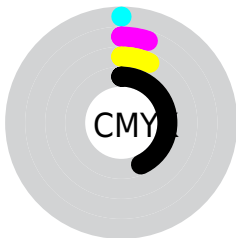
Distribution



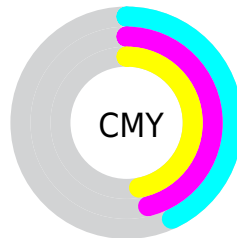
- Red (57%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 3.367, 39.218

 58, 3.367, 39.218

 100, 3.367, 39.218

 48, 3.367, 39.218

 78, 3.367, 39.218

 38, 3.367, 39.218

 88, 3.367, 39.218

 28, 3.367, 39.218

 98, 3.367, 39.218

 18, 3.367, 39.218

 8, 3.367, 39.218

 0, 3.367, 39.218

 58, 3.367, 39.218

 58, 3.367, 39.218

 54, 8.612, 39.201

 62, 1.486, 219.874

 51, 14.288, 39.209

 65, 5.984, 219.928

48, 20.421, 39.350

69, 10.166,
220.215

44, 27.021, 39.666

73, 14.071,
220.550

41, 34.063, 40.191

39, 41.469, 40.938

76, 17.731,
220.911

36, 49.050, 41.864

80, 21.176,
221.287

34, 56.390, 42.780

32, 62.803, 43.413

83, 24.434,
221.670

87, 27.526,
222.054

90, 29.538,
210.307

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 3.367, 39.218



59, 3.233, 219.818

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 3.367, 39.218



58, 3.367, 89.218



58, 3.367, 219.218



58, 3.367, 269.218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 3.366, 39.248



76, 1.188, 39.030



58, 6.020, 330.900



40, 0.673, 39.002



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 3.366, 39.248



73, 4.873, 39.247



59, 4.110, 92.849



29, 2.833, 39.244



30, 61.740, 43.638



1, 2.397, 39.502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 3.233, 219.818



75, 4.641, 219.837



58, 4.126, 274.576



30, 2.680, 219.860



43, 27.729, 234.594



2, 2.397, 219.522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

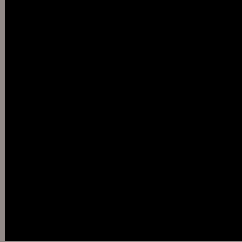
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 3.367, 39.218

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 3.367, 39.218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

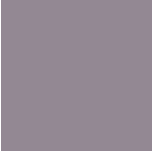
58, 3.367, 39.218

Protanopia

58, 2.309, 66.653

Deuteranopia

58, 7.640, 15.911



Tritanopia
58, 7.604, 324.813

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 3.367, 39.218

Protanomaly
58, 2.597, 60.204

Deuteranomaly
58, 5.996, 19.950

Tritanomaly
58, 5.211, 339.071

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 3.367, 39.218

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 1.301, 44.983

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 3.367, 39.218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 138, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 138, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 138, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 138, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 3.367, 39.218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 138, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 138, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 138, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 138, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 138, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 138,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 3.367, 39.218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 138, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
138, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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