

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 32.650, 234.302)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 32.650, 234.302)
contains.

CIELCh(58, 32.618, 234.225)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(58, 32.618, 234.225)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2497B9
RGB	36, 151, 185
RGB Percent	14%, 59%, 73%
CMY	0.8597, 0.4083, 0.2750
CMYK	0.81, 0.18, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	194°, 68%, 43%
HSV	194°, 81%, 72%
XYZ	20.5090, 25.9610, 49.7569
YIQ	120.4910, -79.4540, -13.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

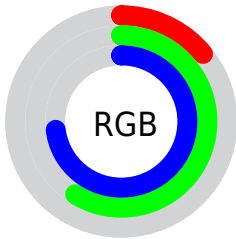
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 101, 185
Decimal	2398137
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -19.07, -26.46
CIE _{LCh}	58, 32.618, 234.225
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2131, 0.2698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280588217 (0xFF2497B9)
YUV	120.4910, 31.8029, -74.0986
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -17.3167, -22.2331

Details

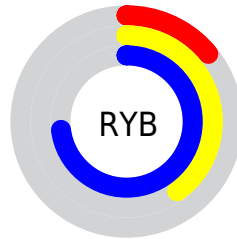
The CIELCh color **58, 32.618, 234.225** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **45, 62.288, 43.985**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 32.540, 234.561**, and **39, 27.654, 243.268** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 34.097, 237.803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 30.566, 231.302**.

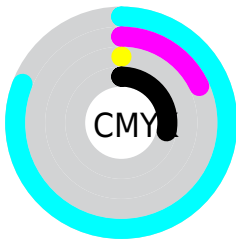
Distribution



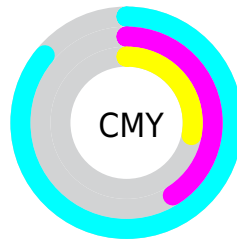
- Red (14%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 32.618,
234.225


 58, 32.618,
234.225


 100, 32.618,
234.225


 48, 32.618,
234.225


 78, 32.618,
234.225

 38, 32.618,
234.225

 88, 32.618,
234.225

 28, 32.618,
234.225

 98, 32.618,
234.225

 18, 32.618,
234.225

 8, 32.618, 234.225

 0, 32.618, 234.225

■ 58, 32.618,
234.225

■ 58, 32.618,
234.225

■ 56, 34.097,
237.803

■ 60, 30.566,
231.302

■ 55, 35.163,
241.620

■ 61, 27.879,
228.969

■ 63, 24.552,
227.141

■ 66, 20.624,
225.731

■ 68, 16.163,
224.660

■ 70, 11.248,
223.864

■ 72, 5.960, 223.307

■ 75, 0.373, 224.145

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 32.618, 234.225



45, 62.288, 43.985

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 32.618, 234.225



58, 32.618, 284.225



58, 32.618, 54.225



58, 32.618, 104.225

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 32.617, 234.225



87, 15.962, 224.133



66, 77.319, 142.100



45, 10.833, 224.419



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 32.617, 234.225



71, 42.479, 241.108



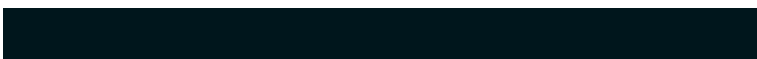
37, 65.592, 292.827



38, 3.163, 223.254



47, 30.874, 240.980



6, 8.514, 233.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 72.516, 337.652



54, 92.187, 339.751



62, 58.675, 84.039



36, 5.895, 332.084



35, 67.167, 339.719



3, 14.988, 335.387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

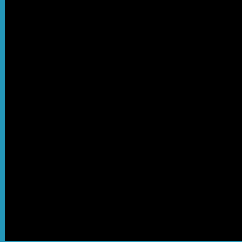
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 32.618, 234.225

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225.

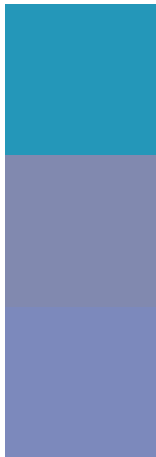


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 32.618, 234.225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

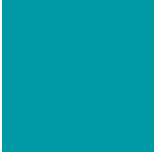
58, 32.618, 234.225

Protanopia

58, 21.735, 285.407

Deuteranopia

58, 29.176, 285.156



Tritanopia
58, 33.195, 208.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 32.618, 234.225

Protanomaly
57, 24.995, 256.853

Deuteranomaly
57, 28.920, 262.000

Tritanomaly
58, 32.554, 217.610

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 32.618, 234.225

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 15.985, 226.532

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 32.618, 234.225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 151, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 151, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 151, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 151, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 32.618, 234.225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 151, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 151, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 151, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 151, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 151, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 151,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 32.618, 234.225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 151, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 151,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor