

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 33.054, 338.177)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 33.054, 338.177)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 32.782, 338.496)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B678A1
RGB	182, 120, 161
RGB Percent	71%, 47%, 63%
CMY	0.2862, 0.5293, 0.3685
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.12, 0.29
HSL	320°, 30%, 59%
HSV	320°, 34%, 71%
XYZ	32.4520, 25.9610, 37.0300
YIQ	143.2120, 23.7910, 25.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

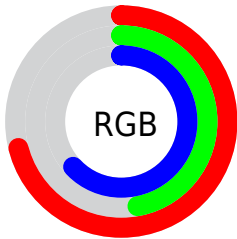
Format	Color
R _Y B	182, 120, 161
Decimal	11958433
CIE Lab	58.00, 30.50, -12.02
CIE LCh	58, 32.782, 338.496
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3400, 0.2720
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290148513 (0xFFB678A1)
YUV	143.2120, 8.7695, 34.0171
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 24.5234, -7.4235

Details

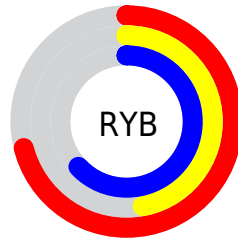
The CIELCh color $58, 32.782, 338.496$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $69, 32.287, 153.013$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 32.978, 338.432$, and $38, 32.677, 338.874$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 42.053, 339.412$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 23.169, 337.657$.

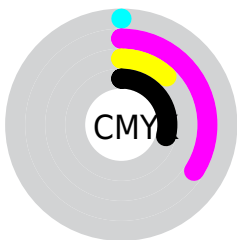
Distribution



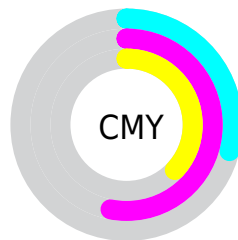
- Red (71%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 32.782,
338.496

 58, 32.782,
338.496

 100, 32.782,
338.496

 48, 32.782,
338.496

 78, 32.782,
338.496

 38, 32.782,
338.496

 88, 32.782,
338.496

 28, 32.782,
338.496

 98, 32.782,
338.496

 18, 32.782,
338.496

 8, 32.782, 338.496

 0, 32.782, 338.496

■ 58, 32.782,
338.496

■ 58, 32.782,
338.496

■ 54, 42.053,
339.412

■ 62, 23.169,
337.657

■ 50, 50.642,
340.428

■ 67, 13.473,
336.873

■ 47, 58.111,
341.580

■ 72, 3.860, 336.092

■ 77, 5.564, 155.561

■ 44, 63.993,
342.924

■ 82, 14.741,
154.893

■ 42, 67.887,
344.535

■ 87, 23.643,
154.292

■ 41, 69.623,
346.505

■ 92, 32.263,
153.732

■ 40, 70.017,
347.812

■ 94, 34.410,
155.614

■ 95, 32.204,
159.587

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 32.782, 338.496



69, 32.287, 153.013

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 32.782, 338.496



58, 32.782, 28.496



58, 32.782, 158.496



58, 32.782, 208.496

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 32.780, 338.497



88, 11.846, 336.577



55, 36.531, 305.246



46, 8.156, 336.684



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 32.780, 338.497



70, 48.654, 339.188



57, 26.052, 9.679



36, 5.447, 336.515



34, 62.491, 347.492



3, 13.625, 341.502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 32.780, 338.497



70, 48.654, 339.188



70, 22.268, 182.798



36, 5.447, 336.515



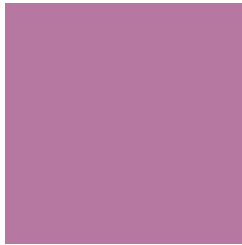
34, 62.491, 347.492



3, 13.625, 341.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

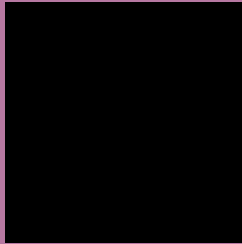
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 32.782, 338.496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496.

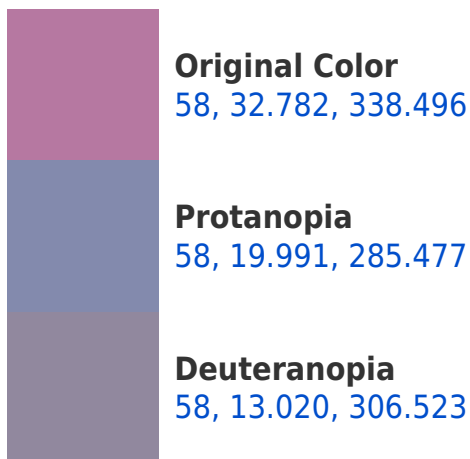


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 32.782, 338.496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
58, 22.562, 9.093

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 32.782, 338.496

Protanomaly
58, 22.842, 310.112

Deuteranomaly
58, 19.655, 324.447

Tritanomaly
58, 25.411, 354.756

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 32.782, 338.496

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 12.074, 335.971

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 32.782, 338.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 120, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 120, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 120, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 120, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 32.782, 338.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 120, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 120, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 120, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 120, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 120, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 120,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 32.782, 338.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 120, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
120, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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