

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 4.213, 347.191)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 4.213, 347.191) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 4.218, 347.195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92898D
RGB	146, 137, 141
RGB Percent	57%, 54%, 55%
CMY	0.4271, 0.4624, 0.4467
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.43
HSL	333°, 4%, 56%
HSV	333°, 6%, 57%
XYZ	25.6421, 25.9610, 28.8930
YIQ	140.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

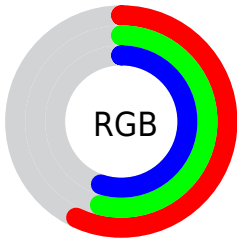
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 137, 141
Decimal	9603469
CIE Lab	58.00, 4.11, -0.93
CIE LCh	58, 4.218, 347.195
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3186, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287793549 (0xFF92898D)
YUV	140.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 0.6660, 2.0451

Details

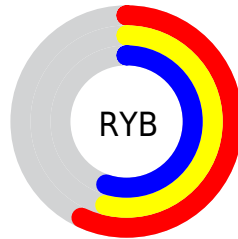
The CIELCh color $58, 4.218, 347.195$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 4.168, 166.334$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 4.583, 343.970$, and $38, 4.564, 347.466$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 11.207, 348.166$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 2.579, 166.594$.

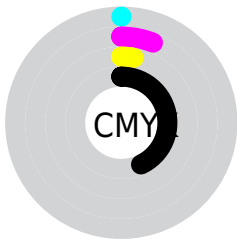
Distribution



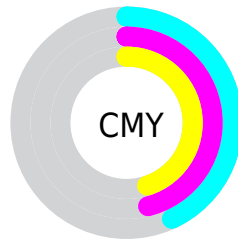
- Red (57%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 4.218, 347.195

■ 58, 4.218, 347.195

■ 100, 4.218,
347.195

■ 48, 4.218, 347.195

■ 78, 4.218, 347.195

■ 38, 4.218, 347.195

■ 88, 4.218, 347.195

■ 28, 4.218, 347.195

■ 98, 4.218, 347.195

■ 18, 4.218, 347.195

■ 8, 4.218, 347.195

■ 0, 4.218, 347.195

■ 58, 4.218, 347.195

■ 58, 4.218, 347.195

■ 54, 11.207,
348.166

■ 62, 2.579, 166.594

■ 66, 9.147, 165.755

50, 18.328,
349.205

71, 15.475,
165.058

46, 25.462,
350.384

75, 21.565,
164.425

42, 32.431,
351.755

79, 27.429,
163.843

39, 38.983,
353.387

84, 33.080,
163.304

36, 44.796,
355.376

88, 38.534,
162.803

34, 49.530,
357.853

92, 43.807,
162.336

32, 52.919, 0.975

93, 41.702,
166.431

31, 54.988, 4.845

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 4.218, 347.195



60, 4.168, 166.334

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 4.218, 347.195



58, 4.218, 37.195



58, 4.218, 167.195



58, 4.218, 217.195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 4.216, 347.204



75, 1.680, 346.693



58, 5.493, 311.030



39, 0.952, 346.665



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 4.216, 347.204



73, 5.912, 347.300



58, 3.395, 23.922



30, 3.130, 347.322



29, 53.394, 6.095



1, 3.388, 346.763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 4.216, 347.204



73, 5.912, 347.300



60, 3.269, 203.694



30, 3.130, 347.322



29, 53.394, 6.095



1, 3.388, 346.763

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

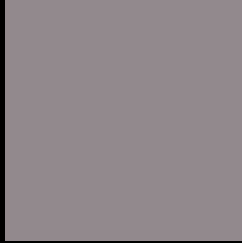
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

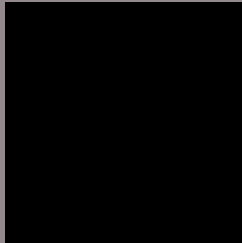
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 4.218, 347.195

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 4.218, 347.195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

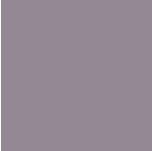
58, 4.218, 347.195

Protanopia

58, 1.889, 314.683

Deuteranopia

58, 7.542, 353.377



Tritanopia
58, 7.604, 324.813

Trichromacy



Original Color

58, 4.218, 347.195

Protanomaly

58, 3.016, 330.658

Deuteranomaly

58, 6.221, 352.911

Tritanomaly

58, 6.703, 330.309

Monochromacy



Original Color

58, 4.218, 347.195

Achromatopsia

58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

58, 1.313, 353.602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 4.218, 347.195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 137, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 137, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 137, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 137, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 4.218, 347.195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 137, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 137, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 137, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 137, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 137, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 137,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 4.218, 347.195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 137, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
137, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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