

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 45.744, 141.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 45.744, 141.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 45.662, 141.150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	579A57
RGB	87, 154, 87
RGB Percent	34%, 60%, 34%
CMY	0.6575, 0.3947, 0.6576
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.43, 0.39
HSL	120°, 28%, 47%
HSV	120°, 43%, 61%
XYZ	17.3080, 25.9610, 13.1834
YIQ	126.3290, -18.4250, -35.0410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

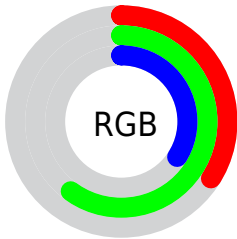
Format	Color
RYB	87, 154, 154
Decimal	5741143
CIELab	58.00, -35.56, 28.64
CIElCh	58, 45.662, 141.150
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3066, 0.4599
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283931223 (0xFF579A57)
YUV	126.3290, -19.3892, -34.4915
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -28.5306, 20.3255

Details

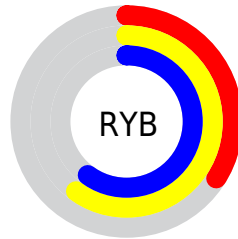
The CIELCh color **58, 45.662, 141.150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **47, 45.542, 326.682**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 45.672, 141.343**, and **38, 45.466, 141.346** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 55.287, 140.100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 35.442, 142.099**.

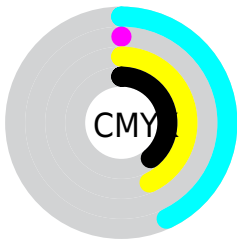
Distribution



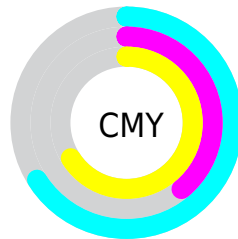
- Red (34%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 45.662,
141.150


 58, 45.662,
141.150


 100, 45.662,
141.150


 48, 45.662,
141.150


 78, 45.662,
141.150

 38, 45.662,
141.150

 88, 45.662,
141.150

 28, 45.662,
141.150

 98, 45.662,
141.150

 18, 45.662,
141.150

 8, 45.662, 141.150

 0, 45.662, 141.150

■ 58, 45.662,
141.150

■ 58, 45.662,
141.150

■ 57, 55.287,
140.100

■ 59, 35.442,
142.099

■ 56, 63.985,
138.991

■ 60, 24.893,
142.931

■ 56, 71.369,
137.907

■ 62, 14.227,
143.651

■ 56, 77.030,
136.975

■ 63, 3.603, 144.305

■ 55, 80.639,
136.331

■ 65, 6.864, 324.732

■ 55, 82.329,
136.014

■ 67, 17.095,
325.188

■ 69, 27.042,
325.565

■ 71, 36.676,
325.883

■ 73, 45.988,
326.154

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 45.662, 141.150



47, 45.542, 326.682

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 45.662, 141.150



58, 45.662, 191.150



58, 45.662, 321.150



58, 45.662, 11.150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 45.663, 141.150



79, 17.110, 143.663



62, 35.961, 105.374



41, 12.080, 143.521



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 45.663, 141.150



73, 66.903, 140.143



59, 31.753, 158.540



32, 5.930, 143.927



50, 76.766, 136.014



3, 6.384, 144.434

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 45.542, 326.682



57, 66.490, 327.108



46, 33.209, 346.969



30, 5.939, 324.904



33, 74.070, 328.220



1, 6.385, 324.429

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 45.662, 141.150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 45.662, 141.150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 45.662, 141.150

Protanopia
58, 32.848, 96.075

Deuteranopia
58, 27.765, 75.277



Tritanopia
58, 16.250, 223.195

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 45.662, 141.150

Protanomaly
58, 35.042, 118.339

Deuteranomaly
57, 28.520, 110.300

Tritanomaly
58, 21.576, 170.697

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 45.662, 141.150

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 16.867, 143.390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 45.662, 141.150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 154, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 154, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 154, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 154, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 45.662, 141.150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 154, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 154, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 154, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 154, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 154, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 154,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 45.662, 141.150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 154, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 154,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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