

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 5.630, 41.236)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 5.630, 41.236) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 5.697, 43.184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	968985
RGB	150, 137, 133
RGB Percent	59%, 54%, 52%
CMY	0.4128, 0.4638, 0.4795
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.41
HSL	14°, 7%, 55%
HSV	14°, 11%, 59%
XYZ	25.6518, 25.9610, 25.7542
YIQ	140.4310, 9.0320, 1.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

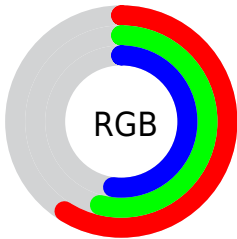
Format	Color
R_YB	150, 138, 133
Decimal	9865605
CIE Lab	58.00, 4.15, 3.90
CIE LCh	58, 5.697, 43.184
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3316, 0.3356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288055685 (0xFF968985)
YUV	140.4310, -3.6635, 8.3920
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 0.7002, 5.6976

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 5.697, 43.184$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 5.327, 224.261$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 5.681, 41.730$, and $38, 5.583, 39.184$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 11.149, 42.983$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 0.650, 42.955$.

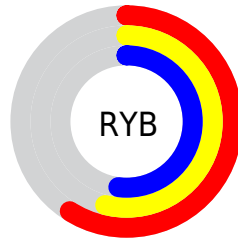
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (54%)

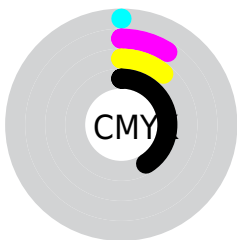
Blue (52%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (52%)

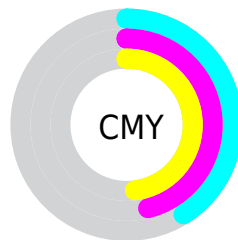


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 5.697, 43.184  58, 5.697, 43.184

 100, 5.697, 43.184  48, 5.697, 43.184

 78, 5.697, 43.184  38, 5.697, 43.184

 88, 5.697, 43.184  28, 5.697, 43.184

 98, 5.697, 43.184  18, 5.697, 43.184

 8, 5.697, 43.184

 0, 5.697, 43.184

 58, 5.697, 43.184  58, 5.697, 43.184

 55, 11.149, 42.983  62, 0.650, 42.955

 51, 17.041, 42.848  65, 4.031, 224.121

48, 23.399, 42.843

69, 8.386, 224.507

45, 30.223, 42.999

72, 12.452,
224.959

42, 37.474, 43.336

76, 16.265,
225.436

39, 45.039, 43.838

37, 52.644, 44.404

79, 19.855,
225.925

35, 59.683, 44.737

83, 23.251,
226.418

33, 65.157, 45.062

87, 26.475,
226.909

90, 28.038,
214.334

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 5.697, 43.184



60, 5.327, 224.261

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 5.697, 43.184



58, 5.697, 93.184



58, 5.697, 223.184



58, 5.697, 273.184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 5.696, 43.203



77, 1.798, 43.265



57, 9.975, 332.405



40, 1.363, 43.296



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 5.696, 43.203



72, 8.772, 43.134



60, 7.225, 94.753



29, 2.783, 43.251



30, 60.859, 45.027



1, 2.357, 43.658

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 5.327, 224.261



75, 8.051, 224.412



57, 7.273, 277.522



30, 2.639, 224.166



41, 28.363, 242.026



2, 2.357, 223.678

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

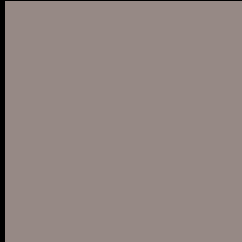
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

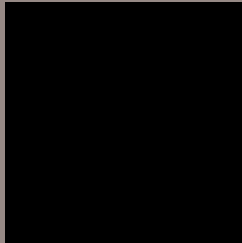
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 5.697, 43.184

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 5.697, 43.184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 5.697, 43.184

Protanopia

58, 3.235, 80.344

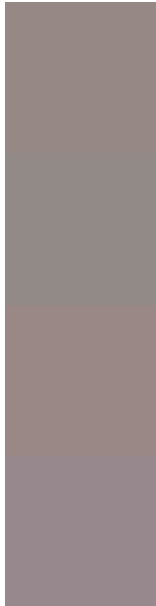
Deuteranopia

58, 8.173, 28.100



Tritanopia
58, 8.474, 338.215

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 5.697, 43.184

Protanomaly
58, 3.584, 58.685

Deuteranomaly
58, 7.072, 33.866

Tritanomaly
58, 6.578, 354.549

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 5.697, 43.184

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 2.267, 49.332

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 5.697, 43.184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 137, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 137, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 137, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 137, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 5.697, 43.184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 137, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 137, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 137, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 137, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 137, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 137,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 5.697, 43.184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 137, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
137, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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