

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 50.732, 95.624)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 50.732, 95.624) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 50.729, 95.753)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C8C2D
RGB	156, 140, 45
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 18%
CMY	0.3888, 0.4515, 0.8240
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.71, 0.39
HSL	51°, 55%, 39%
HSV	51°, 71%, 61%
XYZ	23.5137, 25.9610, 6.2409
YIQ	133.9540, 40.0310, -26.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

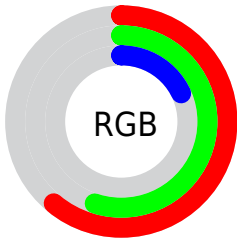
Format	Color
R_{YB}	64, 156, 45
Decimal	10259501
CIE Lab	58.00, -5.09, 50.47
CIE LCh	58, 50.729, 95.753
Yxy	25.9610, 0.4220, 0.4660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288449581 (0xFF9C8C2D)
YUV	133.9540, -43.8543, 19.3343
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -6.7902, 28.4041

Details

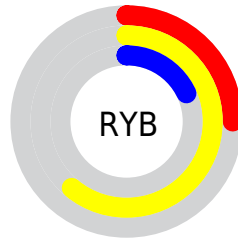
The CIELCh color **58, 50.729, 95.753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **30, 60.063, 296.607**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 50.486, 95.685**, and **38, 45.686, 95.777** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 55.698, 94.692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 44.651, 96.842**.

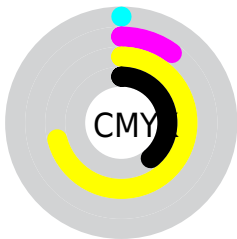
Distribution



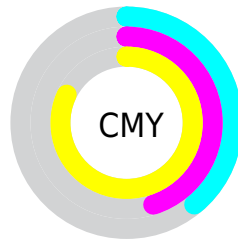
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 50.729, 95.753

 58, 50.729, 95.753

 100, 50.729,
95.753

 48, 50.729, 95.753

 78, 50.729, 95.753

 38, 50.729, 95.753

 88, 50.729, 95.753

 28, 50.729, 95.753

 98, 50.729, 95.753

 18, 50.729, 95.753

 8, 50.729, 95.753

 0, 50.729, 95.753

 58, 50.729, 95.753

 58, 50.729, 95.753

 57, 55.698, 94.692

 59, 44.651, 96.842

 57, 59.076, 93.639

 60, 37.881, 97.948

■ 56, 60.940, 92.716

■ 60, 30.714, 99.066

■ 61, 23.339,
100.183

■ 62, 15.870,
101.289

■ 63, 8.375, 102.371

■ 64, 0.896, 103.325

■ 65, 6.545, 284.485

■ 66, 13.935,
285.463

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 50.729, 95.753



30, 60.063, 296.607

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 50.729, 95.753



58, 50.729, 145.753



58, 50.729, 275.753



58, 50.729, 325.753

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 50.729, 95.756



79, 19.365, 101.268



36, 49.682, 19.688



41, 13.212, 100.987



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 50.729, 95.756



72, 69.847, 94.123



60, 59.346, 120.554



33, 4.271, 102.578



52, 57.197, 92.802



4, 5.436, 102.091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 60.063, 296.607



32, 89.761, 300.737



30, 69.201, 308.549



31, 4.334, 284.616



18, 78.987, 303.586



1, 5.642, 283.962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

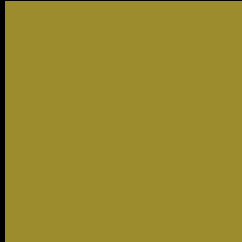
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

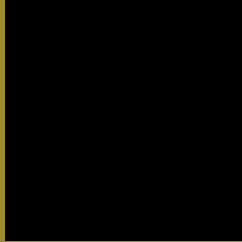
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 50.729, 95.753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 50.729, 95.753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 50.729, 95.753

Protanopia

58, 50.729, 95.753

Deuteranopia

58, 50.096, 81.252



Tritanopia
58, 13.935, 357.028

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 50.729, 95.753

Protanomaly
58, 50.729, 95.753

Deuteranomaly
58, 49.812, 86.836

Tritanomaly
58, 19.614, 73.200

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 50.729, 95.753

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 19.415, 100.209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 50.729, 95.753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 140, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 140, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 140, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 140, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 50.729, 95.753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 140, 45) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 140, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 140, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 140, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 140, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 140,  
45) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 50.729, 95.753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 140, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
140, 45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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