

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 50.886, 145.596)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 50.886, 145.596)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 50.920, 145.566)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	459D57
RGB	69, 157, 87
RGB Percent	27%, 62%, 34%
CMY	0.7305, 0.3854, 0.6598
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.45, 0.39
HSL	132°, 39%, 44%
HSV	132°, 56%, 61%
XYZ	16.1553, 25.9610, 13.1235
YIQ	122.7080, -29.9780, -40.4260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

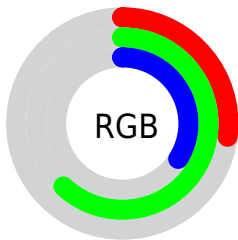
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 142, 157
Decimal	4562263
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -42.00, 28.79
CIE _{LCh}	58, 50.920, 145.566
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2925, 0.4700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282752343 (0xFF459D57)
YUV	122.7080, -17.6040, -47.1019
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -32.5688, 20.3952

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 50.920, 145.566** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **43, 50.604, 334.431**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 50.716, 145.743**, and **38, 50.469, 145.158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 58.697, 144.174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 42.476, 146.802**.

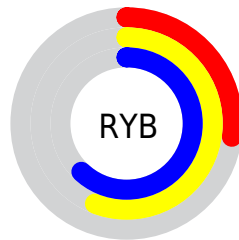
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (62%)

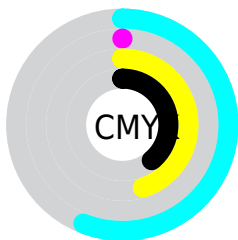
Blue (34%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

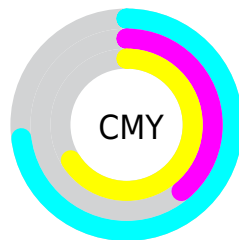


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (39%)


Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 50.920,
145.566

 58, 50.920,
145.566


 100, 50.920,
145.566


 48, 50.920,
145.566


 78, 50.920,
145.566

 38, 50.920,
145.566

 88, 50.920,
145.566

 28, 50.920,
145.566

 98, 50.920,
145.566

 18, 50.920,
145.566

 8, 50.920, 145.566

 0, 50.920, 145.566

■ 58, 50.920,
145.566

■ 58, 50.920,
145.566

■ 57, 58.697,
144.174

■ 59, 42.476,
146.802

■ 57, 65.609,
142.644

■ 60, 33.560,
147.883

■ 57, 71.475,
141.023

■ 61, 24.355,
148.821

■ 56, 76.164,
139.413

■ 62, 15.023,
149.636

■ 56, 77.708,
138.889

■ 64, 5.692, 150.364

■ 65, 3.536, 330.852

■ 67, 12.589,
331.432

■ 69, 21.417,
331.904

■ 71, 29.989,
332.315

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 50.920, 145.566



43, 50.604, 334.431

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 50.920, 145.566



58, 50.920, 195.566



58, 50.920, 325.566



58, 50.920, 15.566

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 50.921, 145.566



79, 19.600, 149.546



62, 47.479, 114.406



41, 13.086, 149.404



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 50.921, 145.566



73, 73.269, 143.857



59, 33.533, 169.861



33, 5.277, 150.143



51, 72.349, 139.031



3, 6.935, 150.336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 50.604, 334.431



52, 71.572, 335.358



42, 39.476, 3.773



31, 5.294, 331.236



32, 64.226, 338.204



1, 6.723, 331.879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 50.920, 145.566

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 50.920, 145.566.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 50.920, 145.566

Protanopia
58, 33.372, 96.158

Deuteranopia
57, 27.104, 73.433



Tritanopia
58, 20.411, 217.483

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 50.920, 145.566



Protanomaly
57, 36.220, 122.008



Deuteranomaly
57, 28.285, 115.643



Tritanomaly
58, 26.739, 174.318

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 50.920, 145.566



Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 19.788, 148.469

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 50.920, 145.566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 157, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 157, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 157, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 157, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 50.920, 145.566 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 157, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 157, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 157, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 157, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 157, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 157,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 50.920, 145.566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 157, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 157,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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