

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 54.451, 299.360)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 54.451, 299.360)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 54.714, 299.395)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A7FDF
RGB	138, 127, 223
RGB Percent	54%, 50%, 87%
CMY	0.4583, 0.5015, 0.1249
CMYK	0.38, 0.43, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	247°, 60%, 69%
HSV	247°, 43%, 88%
XYZ	31.4471, 25.9610, 73.2639
YIQ	141.2330, -24.2600, 32.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

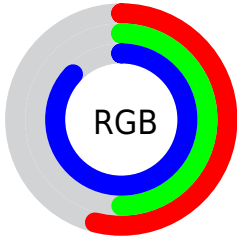
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 127, 223
Decimal	9076703
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 26.86, -47.67
CIE _{LCh}	58, 54.714, 299.395
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2407, 0.1987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287266783 (0xFF8A7FDF)
YUV	141.2330, 40.3111, -2.8353
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 21.0030, -49.5869

Details

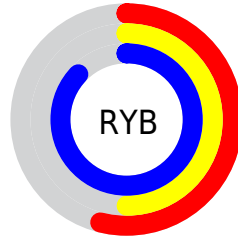
The CIELCh color $58, 54.714, 299.395$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $86, 48.992, 111.289$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77, 40.715, 300.010$, and $38, 54.481, 299.328$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 68.680, 300.919$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 41.164, 298.030$.

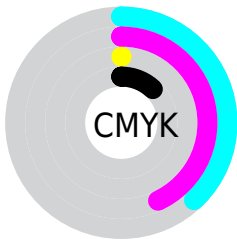
Distribution



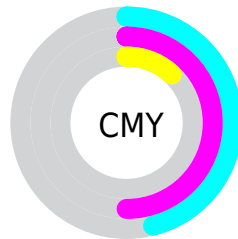
- Red (54%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 54.714,
299.395


 58, 54.714,
299.395


 100, 54.714,
299.395


 48, 54.714,
299.395


 78, 54.714,
299.395


 38, 54.714,
299.395

 88, 54.714,
299.395

 28, 54.714,
299.395

 98, 54.714,
299.395

 18, 54.714,
299.395

 8, 54.714, 299.395

 0, 54.714, 299.395

■ 58, 54.714,
299.395

■ 58, 54.714,
299.395

■ 51, 68.680,
300.919

■ 65, 41.164,
298.030

■ 44, 82.796,
302.546

■ 72, 28.122,
296.837

■ 38, 96.422,
304.150

■ 80, 15.595,
295.808

■ 33, 108.322,
305.509

■ 87, 3.561, 294.930

■ 30, 116.738,
306.347

■ 94, 8.008, 114.165

■ 28, 120.302,
306.634

■ 99, 16.116,
108.959

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 54.714, 299.395



86, 48.992, 111.289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 54.714, 299.395



58, 54.714, 349.395



58, 54.714, 119.395



58, 54.714, 169.395

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 54.713, 299.395



90, 17.342, 295.814



81, 26.921, 208.660



46, 12.189, 296.030



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 54.713, 299.395



59, 74.967, 300.818



62, 56.697, 314.411



43, 6.781, 295.476



21, 100.629, 306.702



2, 31.822, 298.606

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 56.350, 330.277



71, 74.444, 330.827



83, 54.096, 130.464



44, 7.536, 328.249



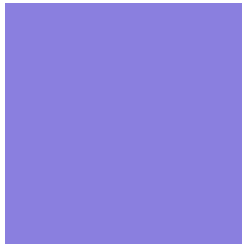
41, 79.991, 333.376



7, 33.253, 332.435

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

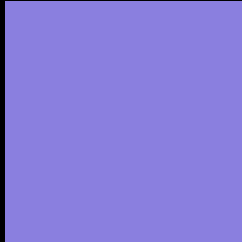
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

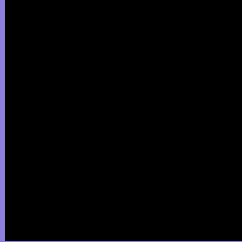
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 54.714, 299.395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395.



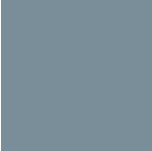
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 54.714, 299.395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
58, 9.804, 243.250

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 54.714, 299.395

Protanomaly
58, 53.941, 290.561

Deuteranomaly
58, 49.006, 287.459

Tritanomaly
58, 24.011, 285.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 54.714, 299.395

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 20.011, 296.505

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 54.714, 299.395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 127, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 127, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 127, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 127, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 54.714, 299.395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

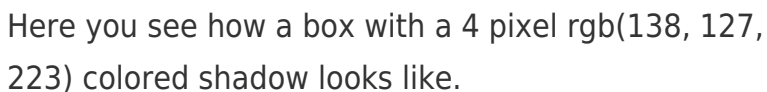
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 127, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 127, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 127, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 127, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 127, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 127,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 54.714, 299.395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 127, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
127, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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