

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 56.331, 37.178)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 56.331, 37.178) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 56.430, 37.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DE6752
RGB	222, 103, 82
RGB Percent	87%, 40%, 32%
CMY	0.1280, 0.5948, 0.6773
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.63, 0.13
HSL	9°, 68%, 60%
HSV	9°, 63%, 87%
XYZ	36.6481, 25.9610, 11.1176
YIQ	136.1870, 77.6650, 18.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

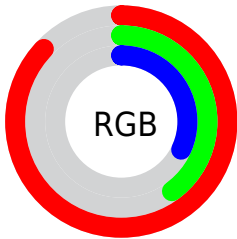
Format	Color
R _Y B	222, 107, 82
Decimal	14575442
CIE Lab	58.00, 44.96, 34.11
CIE LCh	58, 56.430, 37.187
Yxy	25.9610, 0.4971, 0.3521
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292765522 (0xFFDE6752)
YUV	136.1870, -26.7142, 75.2580
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 39.2235, 22.7294

Details

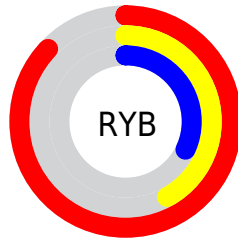
The CIELCh color **58, 56.430, 37.187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **75, 33.722, 217.136**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 44.333, 40.075**, and **38, 56.494, 37.184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 67.272, 38.666**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 45.839, 36.005**.

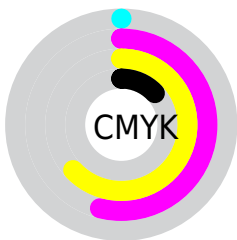
Distribution



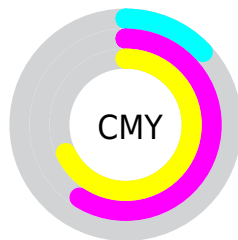
- Red (87%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 56.430, 37.187

■ 58, 56.430, 37.187

■ 100, 56.430,
37.187

■ 48, 56.430, 37.187

■ 78, 56.430, 37.187

■ 38, 56.430, 37.187

■ 88, 56.430, 37.187

■ 28, 56.430, 37.187

■ 98, 56.430, 37.187

■ 18, 56.430, 37.187

■ 8, 56.430, 37.187

■ 0, 56.430, 37.187

■ 58, 56.430, 37.187

■ 58, 56.430, 37.187

■ 54, 67.272, 38.666

■ 62, 45.839, 36.005

■ 51, 77.807, 40.264

■ 67, 35.772, 35.127

49, 86.783, 41.460

71, 26.348, 34.519

48, 91.498, 41.931

77, 17.608, 34.125

82, 9.543, 33.887

87, 2.111, 33.589

92, 4.742, 214.021

98, 10.860,
200.170

98, 11.037,
198.769

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 56.430, 37.187



75, 33.722, 217.136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 56.430, 37.187



58, 56.430, 87.187



58, 56.430, 217.187



58, 56.430, 267.187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 56.428, 37.190



89, 15.996, 34.019



58, 76.087, 332.788



46, 11.144, 34.096



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 56.428, 37.190



61, 78.884, 39.242



74, 53.144, 81.139



44, 4.138, 33.822



38, 76.483, 42.231



7, 23.060, 29.087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 33.722, 217.136



83, 41.100, 219.315



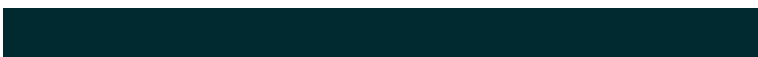
55, 52.749, 282.850



46, 3.895, 214.006



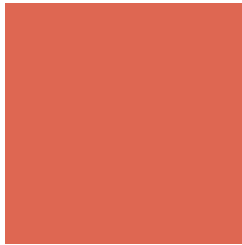
57, 33.000, 224.582



14, 13.664, 219.395

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

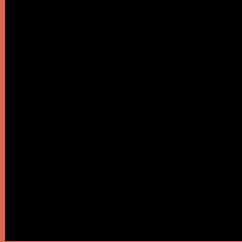
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 56.430, 37.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 56.430, 37.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 56.430, 37.187

Protanopia

58, 25.164, 96.225

Deuteranopia

58, 36.323, 77.707



Tritanopia
58, 52.944, 22.354

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 56.430, 37.187

Protanomaly
57, 31.030, 61.132

Deuteranomaly
57, 40.824, 57.130

Tritanomaly
58, 53.653, 27.914

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 56.430, 37.187

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 18.949, 35.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 56.430, 37.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 103, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 103, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 103, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 103, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 56.430, 37.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 103, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 103, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 103, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 103, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 103, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 103,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 56.430, 37.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 103, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
103, 82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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