

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 60.839, 141.374)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 60.839, 141.374)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 60.490, 141.440)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C9E45
RGB	60, 158, 69
RGB Percent	24%, 62%, 27%
CMY	0.7634, 0.3792, 0.7283
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.56, 0.38
HSL	125°, 45%, 43%
HSV	125°, 62%, 62%
XYZ	15.2451, 25.9610, 9.8826
YIQ	118.5520, -29.8390, -48.4550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

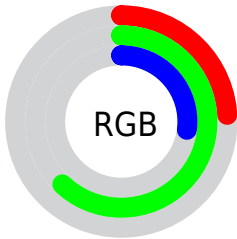
Format	Color
RYB	60, 150, 158
Decimal	3972677
CIELab	58.00, -47.30, 37.71
CIELCh	58, 60.490, 141.440
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2984, 0.5082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282162757 (0xFF3C9E45)
YUV	118.5520, -24.4291, -51.3501
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -35.7578, 24.1665




Details

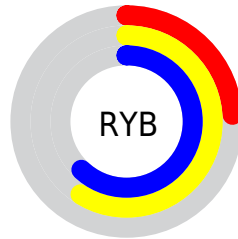
The CIELCh color **58, 60.490, 141.440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **42, 59.558, 330.444**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 60.531, 141.436**, and **38, 57.976, 139.067** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 68.188, 140.138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 51.782, 142.663**.

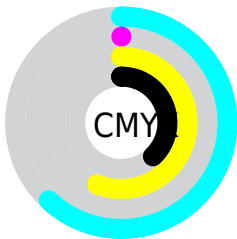
Distribution







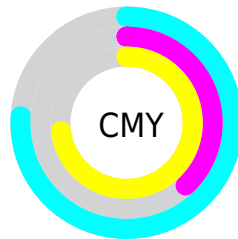
-  Red (24%)
-  Green (62%)
-  Blue (27%)






-  Red (24%)
-  Yellow (59%)
-  Blue (62%)



-  Cyan (62%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (56%)
-  Black (38%)





-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (38%)
-  Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 60.490,
141.440

 58, 60.490,
141.440


 100, 60.490,
141.440

 48, 60.490,
141.440


 78, 60.490,
141.440

 38, 60.490,
141.440

 88, 60.490,
141.440

 28, 60.490,
141.440

 98, 60.490,
141.440

 18, 60.490,
141.440

 8, 60.490, 141.440

 0, 60.490, 141.440

■ 58, 60.490,
141.440

■ 58, 60.490,
141.440

■ 57, 68.188,
140.138

■ 59, 51.782,
142.663

■ 57, 74.572,
138.833

■ 60, 42.349,
143.766

■ 57, 79.357,
137.639

■ 61, 32.446,
144.736

■ 57, 82.032,
136.931

■ 62, 22.292,
145.577

■ 63, 12.062,
146.306

■ 65, 1.893, 147.027

■ 67, 8.114, 327.401

■ 68, 17.892,
327.869

■ 70, 27.395,
328.263

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 60.490, 141.440



42, 59.558, 330.444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 60.490, 141.440



58, 60.490, 191.440



58, 60.490, 321.440



58, 60.490, 11.440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 60.491, 141.440



79, 24.024, 145.770



63, 51.412, 108.647



42, 16.675, 145.562



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 60.491, 141.440



73, 86.037, 139.670



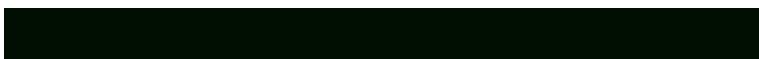
59, 40.677, 161.372



33, 5.723, 146.484



51, 75.892, 137.029



3, 7.484, 146.870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 59.558, 330.444



51, 83.099, 331.102



40, 44.797, 356.506



31, 5.735, 327.502



33, 69.964, 332.144



1, 7.361, 327.589

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 60.490, 141.440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 60.490, 141.440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 60.490, 141.440

Protanopia

58, 42.134, 95.781

Deuteranopia

58, 36.131, 78.286



Tritanopia
58, 21.627, 216.221

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 60.490, 141.440

Protanomaly
57, 45.317, 119.699

Deuteranomaly
57, 37.859, 114.484

Tritanomaly
58, 30.320, 169.797

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 60.490, 141.440

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 23.343, 145.092

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 60.490, 141.440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 158, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 158, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 158, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 158, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 60.490, 141.440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 158, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 158, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 158, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 158, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 158, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 158,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 60.490, 141.440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 158, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 158,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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