

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 62.061, 148.696)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 62.061, 148.696)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 61.763, 148.833)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 12A050 |
| RGB | 18, 160, 80 |
| RGB Percent | 7%, 63%, 31% |
| CMY | 0.9301, 0.3713, 0.6852 |
| CMYK | 0.89, 0.00, 0.50, 0.37 |
| HSL | 146°, 80%, 35% |
| HSV | 146°, 89%, 63% |
| XYZ | 14.3300, 25.9610, 11.8998 |
| YIQ | 108.4220, -58.9520, -54.9840 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

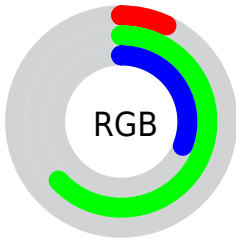
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 18, 117, 160 |
| Decimal | 1220688 |
| CIELab | 58.00, -52.85, 31.96 |
| CIELCh | 58, 61.763, 148.833 |
| Yxy | 25.9610, 0.2746, 0.4974 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279410768 (0xFF12A050) |
| YUV | 108.4220, -14.0120, -79.3001 |
| Hunter-Lab | 50.9519, -38.9634, 21.8192 |

Details

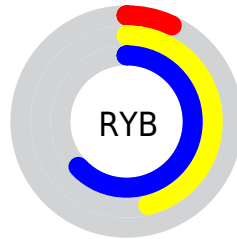
The CIELCh color **58, 61.763, 148.833** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **36, 59.562, 352.518**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 61.670, 148.922**, and **39, 54.625, 142.208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 66.042, 146.736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 56.841, 150.829**.

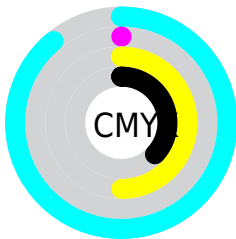
Distribution



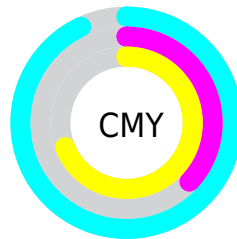
- Red (7%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 61.763,
148.833


 58, 61.763,
148.833


 100, 61.763,
148.833


 48, 61.763,
148.833


 78, 61.763,
148.833

 38, 61.763,
148.833

 88, 61.763,
148.833

 28, 61.763,
148.833

 98, 61.763,
148.833

 18, 61.763,
148.833

 8, 61.763, 148.833

 0, 61.763, 148.833

■ 58, 61.763,
148.833

■ 58, 61.763,
148.833

■ 58, 66.042,
146.736

■ 58, 56.841,
150.829

■ 58, 66.508,
146.515

■ 59, 51.190,
152.630

■ 59, 44.861,
154.229

■ 60, 37.952,
155.640

■ 61, 30.586,
156.880

■ 62, 22.898,
157.974

■ 63, 15.016,
158.946

■ 65, 7.053, 159.828

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 61.763, 148.833



36, 59.562, 352.518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 61.763, 148.833



58, 61.763, 198.833



58, 61.763, 328.833



58, 61.763, 18.833

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 61.763, 148.833



79, 26.601, 158.113



60, 71.627, 124.498



41, 17.857, 157.786



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 61.763, 148.833



74, 81.834, 146.050



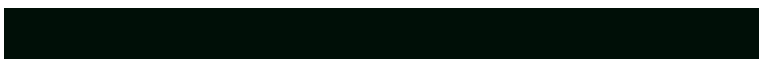
60, 36.426, 187.679



33, 4.443, 159.797



52, 60.791, 146.756



3, 5.908, 159.379

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 59.562, 352.518



45, 74.027, 356.602



34, 64.834, 32.819



31, 4.485, 341.137



30, 56.078, 355.475



1, 5.695, 341.924

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 61.763, 148.833

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 61.763, 148.833.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 61.706, 148.787

Protanopia
58, 37.075, 95.929

Deuteranopia
57, 30.272, 75.627



Tritanopia
58, 26.511, 212.301

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 61.706, 148.787



Protanomaly
56, 43.129, 130.464



Deuteranomaly
56, 34.162, 127.555



Tritanomaly
57, 35.262, 176.297

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 61.706, 148.787



Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
49, 26.475, 156.960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 61.763, 148.833 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 160, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 160, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 160, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 160, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 61.763, 148.833 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 160, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 160, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 160, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 160, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 160, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 160,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 61.763, 148.833 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 160, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 160,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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