

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 62.375, 149.199)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 62.375, 149.199)
contains.

CIELCh(58, 62.723, 149.031)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(58, 62.723, 149.031)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06A150
RGB	6, 161, 80
RGB Percent	2%, 63%, 31%
CMY	0.9783, 0.3702, 0.6877
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.50, 0.37
HSL	149°, 93%, 33%
HSV	149°, 97%, 63%
XYZ	14.1798, 25.9610, 11.7840
YIQ	105.4210, -66.3790, -58.0510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

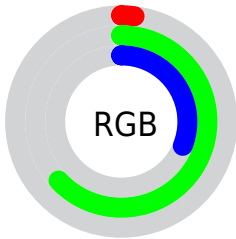
Format	Color
RYB	6, 111, 161
Decimal	434512
CIELab	58.00, -53.78, 32.28
CIELCh	58, 62.723, 149.031
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2731, 0.5000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278624592 (0xFF06A150)
YUV	105.4210, -12.5326, -87.1922
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -39.4897, 21.9539

Details

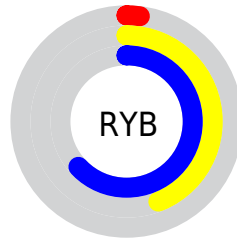
The CIELCh color **58, 62.723, 149.031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **35, 59.844, 358.254**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 62.713, 149.216**, and **39, 55.126, 142.096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 64.100, 148.324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 58.535, 151.166**.

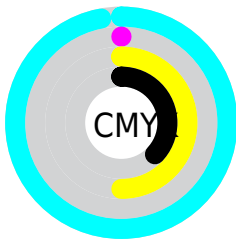
Distribution



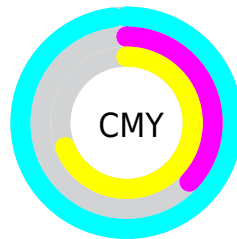
- Red (2%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 62.723,
149.031


 58, 62.723,
149.031


 100, 62.723,
149.031


 48, 62.723,
149.031


 78, 62.723,
149.031

 38, 62.723,
149.031

 88, 62.723,
149.031

 28, 62.723,
149.031

 98, 62.723,
149.031

 18, 62.723,
149.031

 8, 62.723, 149.031

 0, 62.723, 149.031

■ 58, 62.723,
149.031

■ 58, 62.723,
149.031

■ 58, 64.100,
148.324

■ 58, 58.535,
151.166

■ 59, 53.674,
153.136

■ 59, 48.113,
154.903

■ 60, 41.904,
156.469

■ 61, 35.145,
157.852

■ 61, 27.957,
159.072

■ 63, 20.468,
160.155

■ 64, 12.800,

161.125

■ 65, 5.059, 162.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 62.723, 149.031



35, 59.844, 358.254

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 62.723, 149.031



58, 62.723, 199.031



58, 62.723, 329.031



58, 62.723, 19.031

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 62.723, 149.031



79, 27.667, 159.843



59, 75.128, 126.423



41, 18.886, 159.410



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 62.723, 149.031



74, 78.751, 147.855



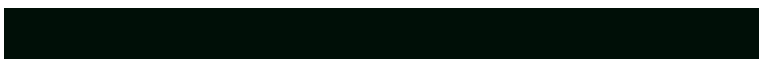
60, 36.145, 191.605



33, 4.316, 161.784



52, 58.512, 148.573



3, 5.751, 161.221

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 59.844, 358.254



45, 73.217, 0.283



33, 70.635, 37.439



31, 4.365, 343.171



30, 55.400, 359.008



1, 5.547, 343.905

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 62.723, 149.031

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 62.723, 149.031.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 62.762, 149.062

Protanopia
58, 37.584, 95.989

Deuteranopia
57, 30.272, 75.627



Tritanopia
58, 26.719, 213.468

Trichromacy



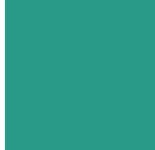
Original Color
58, 62.762, 149.062



Protanomaly
56, 44.499, 132.332



Deuteranomaly
55, 35.492, 130.181



Tritanomaly
57, 36.128, 176.708

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 62.762, 149.062



Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
48, 27.571, 158.416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 62.723, 149.031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 161, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 161, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 161, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 161, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 62.723, 149.031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 161, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 161, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 161, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 161, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 161, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 161, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 62.723, 149.031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 161, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 161,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor