

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 64.270, 58.223)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 64.270, 58.223) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 64.466, 58.158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D47128
RGB	212, 113, 40
RGB Percent	83%, 44%, 16%
CMY	0.1686, 0.5568, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.81, 0.17
HSL	25°, 68%, 49%
HSV	25°, 81%, 83%
XYZ	33.4399, 25.9610, 5.2560
YIQ	134.2790, 82.4370, -1.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

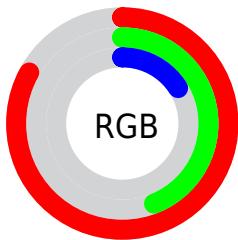
Format	Color
R_{YB}	212, 167, 40
Decimal	13922600
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, 34.01, 54.76
CIE _{LCh}	58, 64.466, 58.158
Yxy	25.9610, 0.5172, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292112680 (0xFFD47128)
YUV	134.2790, -46.4795, 68.1613
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, 27.9843, 29.5502

Details

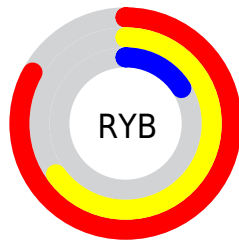
The CIELCh color **58, 64.466, 58.158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **56, 45.348, 267.050**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 57.766, 63.130**, and **38, 59.699, 54.936** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 71.934, 56.455**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 55.832, 59.384**.

Distribution



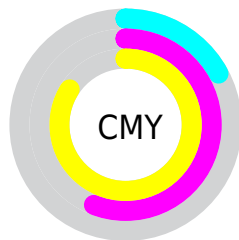
- Red (83%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 64.466, 58.158

■ 58, 64.466, 58.158

■ 100, 64.466,
58.158

■ 48, 64.466, 58.158

■ 78, 64.466, 58.158

■ 38, 64.466, 58.158

■ 88, 64.466, 58.158

■ 28, 64.466, 58.158

■ 98, 64.466, 58.158

■ 18, 64.466, 58.158

■ 8, 64.466, 58.158

■ 0, 64.466, 58.158

■ 58, 64.466, 58.158

■ 58, 64.466, 58.158

■ 55, 71.934, 56.455

■ 61, 55.832, 59.384

■ 53, 77.066, 54.440

■ 64, 46.918, 60.423

67, 38.176, 61.420

70, 29.806, 62.429

74, 21.880, 63.462

77, 14.408, 64.515

81, 7.366, 65.563

84, 0.722, 66.088

88, 5.566, 247.859

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 64.466, 58.158



56, 45.348, 267.050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 64.466, 58.158



58, 64.466, 108.158



58, 64.466, 238.158



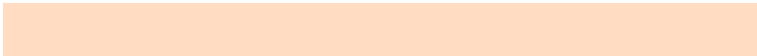
58, 64.466, 288.158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 64.464, 58.161



90, 19.189, 64.185



49, 72.241, 349.389



47, 13.328, 63.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 64.464, 58.161



64, 87.109, 54.766



79, 73.848, 98.505



43, 3.768, 65.736



43, 65.328, 55.040



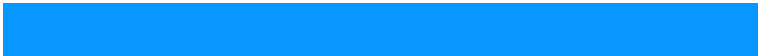
9, 17.240, 50.392

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 45.348, 267.050



61, 61.292, 275.181



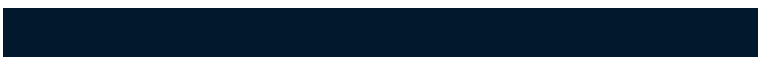
34, 95.358, 301.862



43, 3.644, 248.005



41, 45.643, 275.282



8, 15.371, 264.193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 64.466, 58.158

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 64.466, 58.158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 64.466, 58.158

Protanopia

58, 49.987, 95.192

Deuteranopia

58, 56.648, 82.610



Tritanopia
58, 46.362, 20.641

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 64.466, 58.158

Protanomaly
58, 52.066, 79.059

Deuteranomaly
58, 58.056, 72.891

Tritanomaly
58, 50.438, 38.934

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 64.466, 58.158

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 22.022, 62.248

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 64.466, 58.158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 113, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 113, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 113, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 113, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 64.466, 58.158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 113, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 113, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 113, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 113, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 113, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 113,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 64.466, 58.158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 113, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
113, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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