

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 7.929, 100.670)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 7.929, 100.670) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 8.004, 100.482)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F8C7E
RGB	143, 140, 126
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.4406, 0.4523, 0.5072
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.12, 0.44
HSL	49°, 7%, 53%
HSV	49°, 12%, 56%
XYZ	24.3387, 25.9610, 23.3520
YIQ	139.3010, 6.2820, -3.7180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

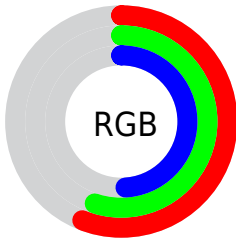
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 143, 126
Decimal	9407614
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -1.46, 7.87
CIE _{LCh}	58, 8.004, 100.482
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3305, 0.3525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287597694 (0xFF8F8C7E)
YUV	139.3010, -6.5574, 3.2440
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -3.8999, 8.4929

Details

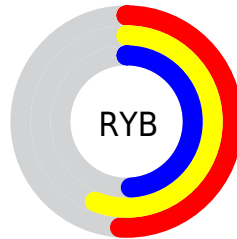
The CIELCh color **58, 8.004, 100.482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **54, 8.129, 283.185**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 7.607, 97.968**, and **38, 8.054, 99.330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 14.766, 99.384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 1.274, 101.501**.

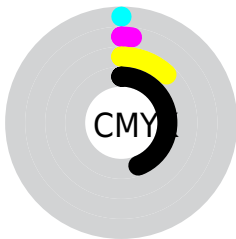
Distribution



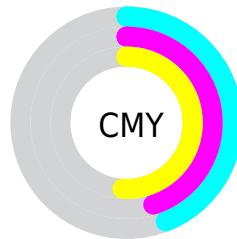
- Red (56%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58, 8.004, 100.482

■ 58, 8.004, 100.482

■ 100, 8.004,
100.482

■ 48, 8.004, 100.482

■ 78, 8.004, 100.482

■ 38, 8.004, 100.482

■ 88, 8.004, 100.482

■ 28, 8.004, 100.482

■ 98, 8.004, 100.482

■ 18, 8.004, 100.482

■ 8, 8.004, 100.482

■ 0, 8.004, 100.482

■ 58, 8.004, 100.482

■ 58, 8.004, 100.482

■ 57, 14.766, 99.384

■ 59, 1.274, 101.501

■ 56, 21.521, 98.248

■ 60, 5.411, 282.657

55, 28.214, 97.093

61, 12.038,
283.652

54, 34.744, 95.930

62, 18.604,
284.612

53, 40.944, 94.763

52, 46.549, 93.596

64, 25.106,
285.528

52, 51.172, 92.419

65, 31.545,
286.399

51, 54.350, 91.204

50, 56.180, 90.208

66, 37.921,
287.225

67, 44.234,
288.006

69, 50.486,
288.744

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 8.004, 100.482



54, 8.129, 283.185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 8.004, 100.482



58, 8.004, 150.482



58, 8.004, 280.482



58, 8.004, 330.482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 8.005, 100.492



75, 3.326, 101.316



54, 7.087, 5.563



40, 2.384, 101.247



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 8.005, 100.492



74, 11.701, 100.231



58, 9.849, 121.789



30, 3.794, 100.787



48, 54.042, 90.280



2, 2.563, 101.789

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 8.129, 283.185



68, 11.913, 283.490



54, 10.068, 303.099



28, 3.842, 282.850



17, 73.252, 302.535



0, 2.564, 281.793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

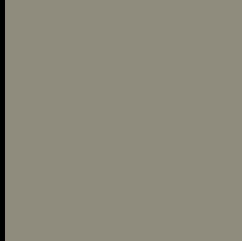
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

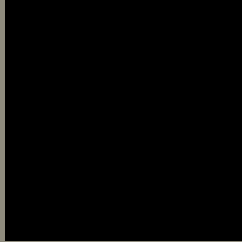
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

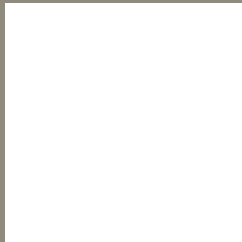
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 8.004, 100.482

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 8.004, 100.482.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


58, 8.004, 100.482

Protanopia

58, 8.287, 92.035

Deuteranopia

58, 10.293, 42.790



Tritanopia
58, 6.700, 322.007

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 8.004, 100.482

Protanomaly
58, 8.176, 94.789

Deuteranomaly
58, 8.317, 57.547

Tritanomaly
58, 2.821, 7.960

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 8.004, 100.482

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 2.854, 101.844

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 8.004, 100.482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 140, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 140, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 140, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 140, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 8.004, 100.482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 140, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 140, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 140, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 140, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 140, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 140,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 8.004, 100.482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 140, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
140, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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