

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 70.824, 130.716)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 70.824, 130.716)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(58, 70.996, 130.686)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D9E1E
RGB	77, 158, 30
RGB Percent	30%, 62%, 12%
CMY	0.6999, 0.3821, 0.8804
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.81, 0.38
HSL	98°, 68%, 37%
HSV	98°, 81%, 62%
XYZ	15.4170, 25.9610, 5.4596
YIQ	119.1890, -7.1880, -56.9800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

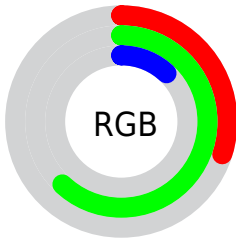
Format	Color
RYB	30, 158, 111
Decimal	5086750
CIELab	58.00, -46.28, 53.84
CIElCh	58, 70.996, 130.686
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3292, 0.5543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283276830 (0xFF4D9E1E)
YUV	119.1890, -43.9702, -36.9998
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -35.1555, 29.3133

Details

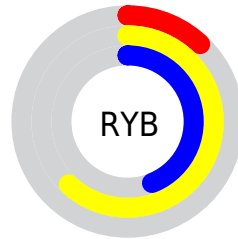
The CIELCh color **58, 70.996, 130.686** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **31, 75.801, 316.356**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 70.963, 130.457**, and **38, 62.605, 135.790** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 75.870, 131.085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 64.500, 130.678**.

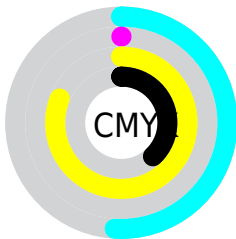
Distribution



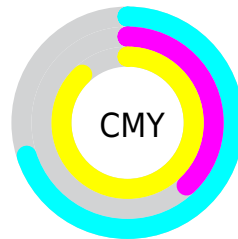
- Red (30%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (88%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 70.996,
130.686


 58, 70.996,
130.686


 100, 70.996,
130.686

 48, 70.996,
130.686


 78, 70.996,
130.686

 38, 70.996,
130.686

 88, 70.996,
130.686

 28, 70.996,
130.686

 98, 70.996,
130.686

 18, 70.996,
130.686

 8, 70.996, 130.686

 0, 70.996, 130.686

■ 58, 70.996,
130.686

■ 58, 70.996,
130.686

■ 58, 75.870,
131.085

■ 59, 64.500,
130.678

■ 57, 79.143,
131.698

■ 59, 56.763,
130.938

■ 60, 48.170,
131.354

■ 61, 39.028,
131.841

■ 62, 29.562,
132.346

■ 63, 19.933,
132.837

■ 64, 10.256,
133.300

■ 65, 0.614, 133.924

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 70.996, 130.686



31, 75.801, 316.356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 70.996, 130.686



58, 70.996, 180.686



58, 70.996, 310.686



58, 70.996, 0.686

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 70.996, 130.687



79, 28.595, 132.653



50, 50.157, 77.049



41, 19.593, 132.490



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 70.996, 130.687



73, 95.122, 131.731



57, 71.863, 139.987



33, 5.458, 133.363



52, 73.540, 131.574



3, 7.172, 134.337

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 75.801, 316.356



37, 101.446, 315.591



38, 68.367, 333.088



31, 5.510, 314.088



24, 78.591, 315.688



1, 7.079, 312.642

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 70.996, 130.686

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 70.996, 130.686.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 71.259, 130.563

Protanopia
58, 57.093, 95.378

Deuteranopia
58, 52.116, 81.864



Tritanopia
58, 17.587, 221.049

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 71.259, 130.563

Protanomaly
57, 59.177, 111.867

Deuteranomaly
57, 53.232, 104.873

Tritanomaly
58, 32.173, 153.281

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 71.259, 130.563

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 28.950, 131.941

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 70.996, 130.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 158, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 158, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 158, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 158, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 70.996, 130.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 158, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 158, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 158, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 158, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 158, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 158,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 70.996, 130.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 158, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 158,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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