

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 74.187, 315.292)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(58, 74.187, 315.292)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(58, 74.384, 315.326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B769E8
RGB	183, 105, 232
RGB Percent	72%, 41%, 91%
CMY	0.2827, 0.5886, 0.0906
CMYK	0.21, 0.55, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	277°, 73%, 66%
HSV	277°, 55%, 91%
XYZ	39.0995, 25.9610, 79.2217
YIQ	142.8000, 5.7210, 56.0330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

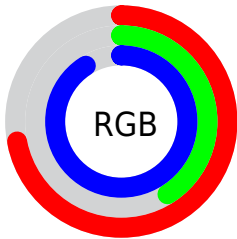
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">183, 105, 232</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12020200</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">58.00, 52.90, -52.30</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">58, 74.384, 315.326</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">25.9610, 0.2710, 0.1799</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290210280 (0xFFB769E8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">142.8000, 43.9756, 35.2554</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">50.9519, 47.8116, -56.5197</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **58, 74.384, 315.326** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 70.268, 130.384**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 57.807, 322.138**, and **38, 74.328, 315.303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 86.878, 315.606**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 60.982, 314.937**.

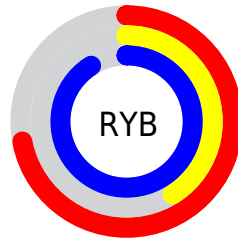
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (41%)

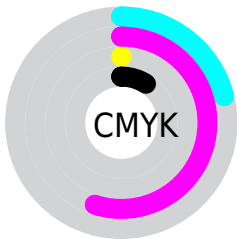
Blue (91%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (91%)

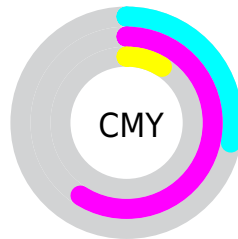


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 58, 74.384,  
315.326

 58, 74.384,  
315.326

 100, 74.384,  
315.326

 48, 74.384,  
315.326


 78, 74.384,  
315.326

 38, 74.384,  
315.326

 88, 74.384,  
315.326

 28, 74.384,  
315.326

 98, 74.384,  
315.326

 18, 74.384,  
315.326

 8, 74.384, 315.326

 0, 74.384, 315.326

58, 74.384,  
315.326

58, 74.384,  
315.326

53, 86.878,  
315.606

64, 60.982,  
314.937

48, 97.764,  
315.704

70, 47.190,  
314.494

44, 106.232,  
315.535

76, 33.350,  
314.032

42, 111.620,  
315.018

82, 19.669,  
313.574


41, 113.480,  
314.645

89, 6.269, 313.123

95, 6.785, 132.774

99, 12.220,  
125.415

99, 11.694,  
110.200

 99, 11.690,  
109.294

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 74.384, 315.326



85, 70.268, 130.384

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 74.384, 315.326



58, 74.384, 5.326



58, 74.384, 135.326



58, 74.384, 185.326

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 74.382, 315.326



89, 23.063, 313.634



64, 43.867, 276.312



46, 15.607, 313.728



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 74.382, 315.326



57, 95.335, 315.636



64, 72.802, 330.454



45, 7.458, 313.336



31, 93.169, 314.828



5, 36.304, 315.101



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 54.124, 357.513



62, 68.565, 0.258



83, 73.539, 142.390



45, 5.445, 351.111



38, 65.054, 12.895



7, 26.852, 3.245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

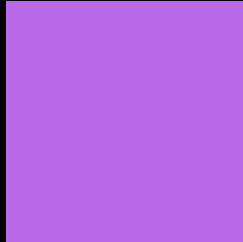
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

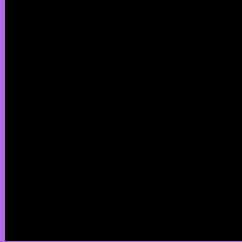
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 58, 74.384, 315.326

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326.

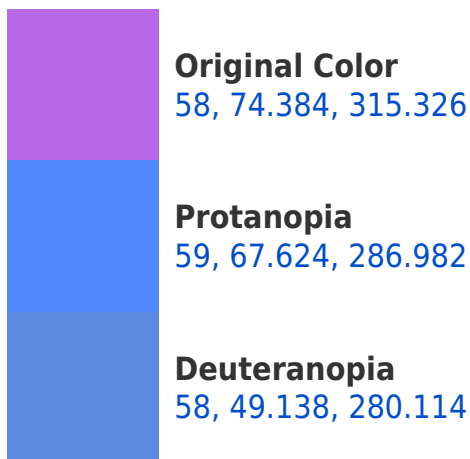


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 74.384, 315.326.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
58, 16.615, 1.442

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 74.384, 315.326



**Protanomaly**  
57, 69.191, 295.871



**Deuteranomaly**  
57, 57.466, 295.329



**Tritanomaly**  
57, 35.685, 326.075

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
58, 74.384, 315.326



**Achromatopsia**  
59, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
58, 28.281, 314.609

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 74.384, 315.326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 105, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 105, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 105, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 105, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 74.384, 315.326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 105, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 105, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 105, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 105, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 105, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 105,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 74.384, 315.326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 105, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
105, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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