

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 82.607, 137.374)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 82.607, 137.374)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(58, 82.619, 137.339)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01A214
RGB	1, 162, 20
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 8%
CMY	0.9972, 0.3640, 0.9205
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.87, 0.36
HSL	127°, 99%, 32%
HSV	127°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	13.0902, 25.9610, 4.9956
YIQ	97.6730, -50.3740, -78.2940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

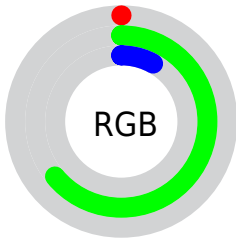
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 145, 162
Decimal	107028
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -60.76, 55.99
CIE _{LCh}	58, 82.619, 137.339
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2972, 0.5894
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278297108 (0xFF01A214)
YUV	97.6730, -38.2928, -84.7822
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -43.3071, 29.8533

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 82.619, 137.339** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **37, 74.924, 333.640**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 82.518, 137.359**, and **39, 64.053, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 82.759, 137.304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 78.781, 138.458**.

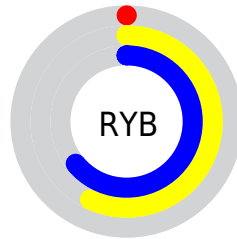
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (64%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (64%)

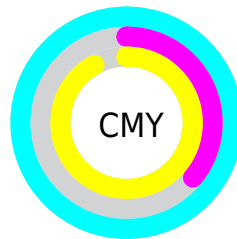


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 82.619,
137.339


 58, 82.619,
137.339


 100, 82.619,
137.339


 48, 82.619,
137.339


 78, 82.619,
137.339

 38, 82.619,
137.339

 88, 82.619,
137.339

 28, 82.619,
137.339

 98, 82.619,
137.339

 18, 82.619,
137.339

 8, 82.619, 137.339

 0, 82.619, 137.339

■ 58, 82.619,
137.339

■ 58, 82.619,
137.339

■ 58, 82.759,
137.304

■ 58, 78.781,
138.458

■ 58, 73.378,
139.814

■ 59, 66.533,
141.210

■ 60, 58.511,
142.550

■ 60, 49.588,
143.779

■ 61, 40.024,
144.871

■ 62, 30.055,
145.824

■ 64, 19.882,

146.650

■ 65, 9.670, 147.368

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 82.619, 137.339



37, 74.924, 333.640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 82.619, 137.339



58, 82.619, 187.339



58, 82.619, 317.339



58, 82.619, 7.339

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 82.619, 137.340



79, 37.881, 145.734



63, 69.626, 109.872



42, 26.011, 145.362



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 82.619, 137.340



74, 101.433, 137.075



59, 55.377, 156.180



34, 5.754, 147.387



52, 76.152, 137.423



4, 8.996, 147.571

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 74.924, 333.640



49, 91.242, 333.783



34, 60.463, 12.500



32, 5.767, 328.427



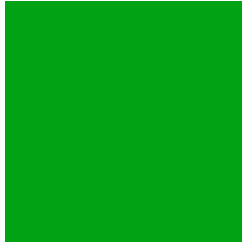
33, 69.260, 333.609



1, 8.713, 329.007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

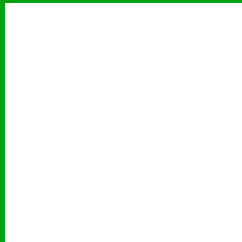
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 82.619, 137.339

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339.

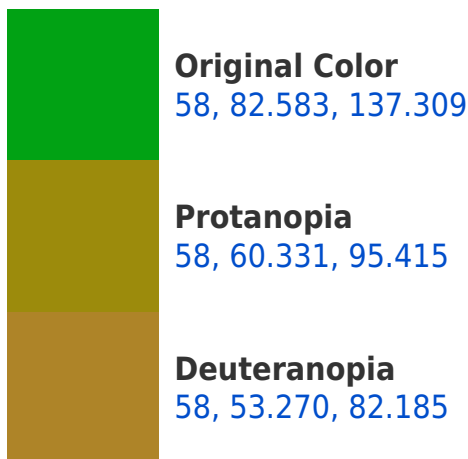



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 82.619, 137.339.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
58, 25.564, 212.947

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 82.583, 137.309



Protanomaly
56, 65.781, 121.384



Deuteranomaly
55, 57.808, 118.024



Tritanomaly
57, 43.974, 161.004

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 82.583, 137.309



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
46, 37.902, 144.095

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 82.619, 137.339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 162, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 162, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 162, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 162, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 82.619, 137.339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 162, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 162, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 162, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 162, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 162, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 162, 20)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 82.619, 137.339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 162, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 162,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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