

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 84.321, 136.037)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 84.321, 136.037)
contains.

CIELCh(58, 84.231, 136.067)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(58, 84.231, 136.067)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0AA206
RGB	10, 162, 6
RGB Percent	4%, 64%, 2%
CMY	0.9590, 0.3643, 0.9755
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 0.96, 0.36
HSL	118°, 93%, 33%
HSV	118°, 96%, 64%
XYZ	13.1049, 25.9610, 4.4994
YIQ	98.7680, -40.5160, -80.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

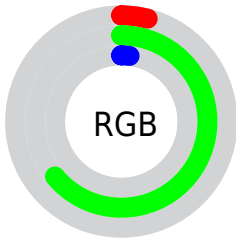
Format	Color
RYB	6, 162, 158
Decimal	696838
CIELab	58.00, -60.66, 58.44
CIELCh	58, 84.231, 136.067
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3008, 0.5959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278886918 (0xFF0AA206)
YUV	98.7680, -45.7346, -77.8495
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -43.2554, 30.4306

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 84.231, 136.067** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **38, 81.628, 327.179**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 84.139, 136.015**, and **39, 64.053, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 85.201, 135.885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 80.996, 136.525**.

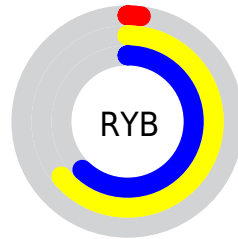
Distribution



Red (4%)

Green (64%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (62%)

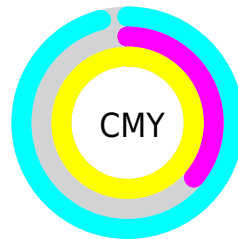


Cyan (94%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (96%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (98%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 58, 84.231,
136.067

 58, 84.231,
136.067

 100, 84.231,
136.067

 48, 84.231,
136.067


 78, 84.231,
136.067

 38, 84.231,
136.067

 88, 84.231,
136.067

 28, 84.231,
136.067

 98, 84.231,
136.067

 18, 84.231,
136.067

 8, 84.231, 136.067

 0, 84.231, 136.067

■ 58, 84.231,
136.067

■ 58, 84.231,
136.067

■ 58, 85.201,
135.885

■ 58, 80.996,
136.525

■ 59, 75.633,
137.285

■ 59, 68.383,
138.250

■ 60, 59.675,
139.289

■ 61, 49.925,
140.303

■ 62, 39.491,
141.237

■ 63, 28.664,
142.066

■ 64, 17.670,

142.789

■ 66, 6.682, 143.425

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 84.231, 136.067



38, 81.628, 327.179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 84.231, 136.067



58, 84.231, 186.067



58, 84.231, 316.067



58, 84.231, 6.067

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 84.230, 136.068



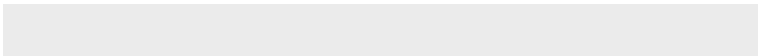
79, 39.484, 141.796



63, 66.594, 100.880



42, 27.268, 141.456



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 84.230, 136.068



74, 103.936, 135.922



58, 63.719, 148.566



34, 6.203, 143.232



52, 78.630, 135.867



4, 9.627, 143.794

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 81.628, 327.179



49, 100.537, 327.163



35, 60.407, 357.155



32, 6.215, 324.185



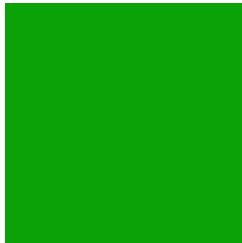
33, 76.113, 327.193



1, 9.593, 323.483

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 84.231, 136.067

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 84.231, 136.067.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 84.231, 136.067

Protanopia
58, 62.268, 95.422

Deuteranopia
57, 54.570, 81.954



Tritanopia
58, 25.367, 213.087

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 84.231, 136.067



Protanomaly
56, 67.366, 119.690



Deuteranomaly
55, 59.299, 115.313



Tritanomaly
57, 45.378, 157.860

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 84.231, 136.067



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
46, 39.997, 140.188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 84.231, 136.067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 162, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 162, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 162, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 162, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 84.231, 136.067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 162, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 162, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 162, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 162, 6); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 162, 6);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 162, 6)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 84.231, 136.067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 162, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 162,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor