

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 84.817, 136.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 84.817, 136.392)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(58, 84.584, 136.368)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01A207
RGB	1, 162, 7
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 3%
CMY	0.9957, 0.3636, 0.9741
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.96, 0.36
HSL	122°, 99%, 32%
HSV	122°, 99%, 64%
XYZ	13.0196, 25.9610, 4.5143
YIQ	96.1910, -46.2010, -82.3370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

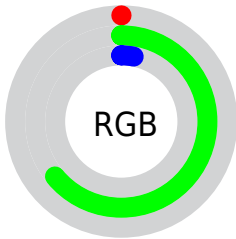
Format	Color
RYB	1, 156, 162
Decimal	107015
CIELab	58.00, -61.22, 58.36
CIElCh	58, 84.584, 136.368
Yxy	25.9610, 0.2993, 0.5969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278297095 (0xFF01A207)
YUV	96.1910, -43.9712, -83.4825
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -43.5542, 30.4133

Details

The CIELCh color **58, 84.584, 136.368** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **38, 80.130, 329.613**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 84.434, 136.288**, and **39, 64.053, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 84.749, 136.340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 81.637, 136.978**.

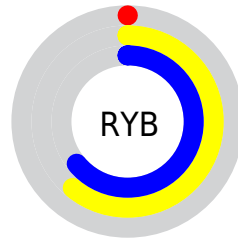
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (64%)

Blue (3%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (64%)

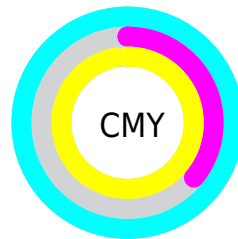


Cyan (99%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 84.584,
136.368

 58, 84.584,
136.368

 100, 84.584,
136.368

 48, 84.584,
136.368


 78, 84.584,
136.368

 38, 84.584,
136.368

 88, 84.584,
136.368

 28, 84.584,
136.368

 98, 84.584,
136.368

 18, 84.584,
136.368

 8, 84.584, 136.368

 0, 84.584, 136.368

■ 58, 84.584,
136.368

■ 58, 84.584,
136.368

■ 58, 84.749,
136.340

■ 58, 81.637,
136.978

■ 58, 76.737,
137.937

■ 59, 69.982,
139.075

■ 59, 61.741,
140.261

■ 60, 52.393,
141.400

■ 61, 42.282,
142.440

■ 62, 31.700,
143.358

■ 64, 20.888,

144.155

■ 65, 10.031,
144.847

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 84.584, 136.368



38, 80.130, 329.613

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 84.584, 136.368



58, 84.584, 186.368



58, 84.584, 316.368



58, 84.584, 6.368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 84.583, 136.369



79, 40.245, 143.251



64, 69.028, 104.899



42, 27.629, 142.891



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 84.583, 136.369



74, 103.479, 136.250



59, 60.761, 151.267



34, 6.113, 144.850



52, 78.086, 136.386



4, 9.500, 145.280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 80.130, 329.613



50, 97.732, 329.653



35, 60.126, 4.430



32, 6.123, 325.849



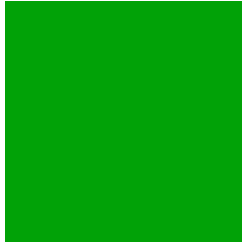
34, 74.048, 329.613



2, 9.408, 325.675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

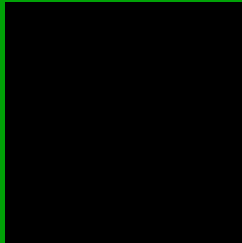
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 84.584, 136.368

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368.

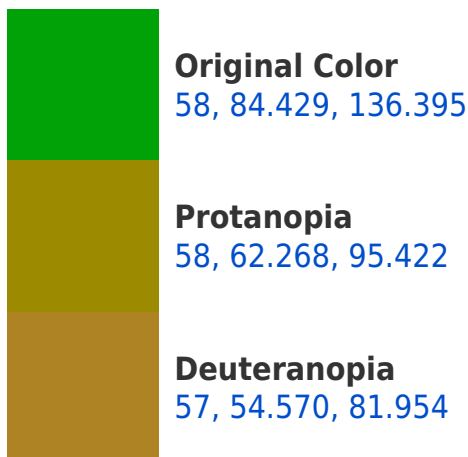


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 84.584, 136.368.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
58, 25.564, 212.947

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 84.429, 136.395



Protanomaly
56, 67.783, 120.658

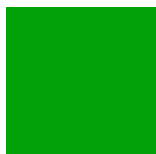


Deuteranomaly
55, 59.735, 116.931



Tritanomaly
57, 45.950, 158.336

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 84.429, 136.395



Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
45, 40.898, 141.555

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 84.584, 136.368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 162, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 162, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 162, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 162, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 84.584, 136.368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 162, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 162, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 162, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 162, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 162, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 162, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 84.584, 136.368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 162, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 162,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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