

Converting Colors

CIELCh(58, 9.924, 159.996)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(58, 9.924, 159.996) contains.

CIELCh(58, 10.034, 159.977)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(58, 10.034, 159.977)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C9085
RGB	124, 144, 133
RGB Percent	49%, 56%, 52%
CMY	0.5134, 0.4349, 0.4781
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.08, 0.43
HSL	147°, 8%, 53%
HSV	147°, 14%, 57%
XYZ	22.5512, 25.9610, 26.0445
YIQ	136.7660, -8.3890, -7.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

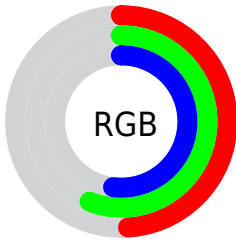
Format	Color
RYB	124, 138, 144
Decimal	8163461
CIELab	58.00, -9.43, 3.44
CIElCh	58, 10.034, 159.977
Yxy	25.9610, 0.3025, 0.3482
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286353541 (0xFF7C9085)
YUV	136.7660, -1.8566, -11.1958
Hunter-Lab	50.9519, -10.1621, 5.3597

Details

The CIELCh color $58, 10.034, 159.977$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 10.173, 342.112$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 10.088, 159.195$, and $38, 10.101, 160.671$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 17.242, 159.056$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 2.797, 160.864$.

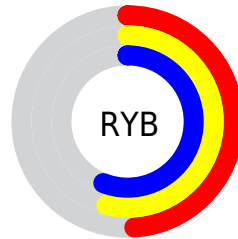
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (56%)

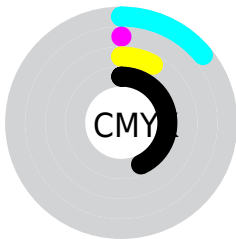
Blue (52%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (56%)

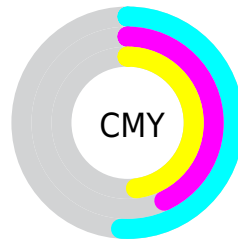


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (51%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58, 10.034,
159.977


 58, 10.034,
159.977


 100, 10.034,
159.977


 48, 10.034,
159.977


 78, 10.034,
159.977

 38, 10.034,
159.977

 88, 10.034,
159.977

 28, 10.034,
159.977

 98, 10.034,
159.977

 18, 10.034,
159.977

 8, 10.034, 159.977

 0, 10.034, 159.977

■ 58, 10.034,
159.977

■ 58, 10.034,
159.977

■ 57, 17.242,
159.056

■ 59, 2.797, 160.864

■ 56, 24.324,
158.033

■ 61, 4.398, 341.418

■ 55, 31.174,
156.879

■ 62, 11.493,
342.127

■ 54, 37.674,
155.571

■ 64, 18.445,
342.746

■ 53, 43.707,
154.087

■ 66, 25.228,
343.313

■ 53, 49.173,
152.411

■ 67, 31.823,
343.837

■ 53, 54.003,
150.536

■ 69, 38.222,
344.324

■ 52, 58.178,

■ 71, 44.423,
344.781

148.478

■ 73, 50.428,
345.210

■ 52, 60.547,
147.255

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 10.034, 159.977



54, 10.173, 342.112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 10.034, 159.977



58, 10.034, 209.977



58, 10.034, 339.977



58, 10.034, 29.977

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 10.035, 159.975



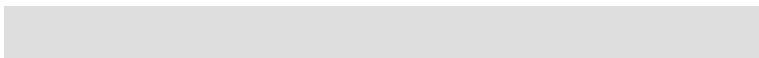
75, 3.551, 160.844



59, 11.833, 126.071



40, 2.545, 160.775



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 10.035, 159.975



73, 15.144, 159.666



58, 7.596, 192.981



30, 4.048, 160.383



49, 57.615, 147.400



2, 2.734, 161.055

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 10.173, 342.112



67, 15.399, 342.412



54, 8.191, 14.923



28, 4.088, 341.711



29, 53.703, 356.301



1, 2.734, 341.046

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

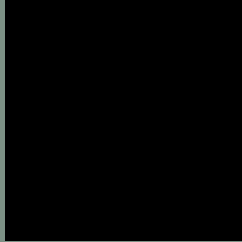
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 58, 10.034, 159.977

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 58, 10.034, 159.977.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
58, 10.034, 159.977

Protanopia
58, 5.468, 87.956

Deuteranopia
58, 7.639, 20.139



Tritanopia
58, 8.000, 250.760

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 10.034, 159.977

Protanomaly
58, 5.894, 125.178

Deuteranomaly
58, 3.003, 68.380

Tritanomaly
58, 6.209, 214.916

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 10.034, 159.977

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 3.883, 163.277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 58, 10.034, 159.977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 144, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 144, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 144, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 144, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 58, 10.034, 159.977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 144, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 144, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 144, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 144, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 144, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 144,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 58, 10.034, 159.977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 144, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
144, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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