

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 0.525, 84.923)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 0.525, 84.923) contains.

CIELCh(59, 0.558, 110.024)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(59, 0.558, 110.024)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E8E8D
RGB	142, 142, 141
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4430, 0.4470
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	60°, 0%, 55%
HSV	60°, 1%, 56%
XYZ	25.6435, 27.0277, 29.0721
YIQ	141.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

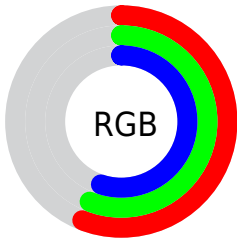
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 142, 141
Decimal	9342605
CIE Lab	59.00, -0.19, 0.52
CIE LCh	59, 0.558, 110.024
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3137, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287532685 (0xFF8E8E8D)
YUV	141.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -2.9330, 3.2364

Details

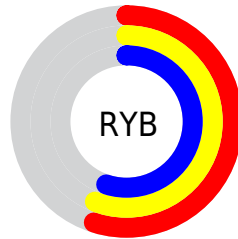
The CIELCh color $59, 0.558, 110.024$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 0.575, 290.430$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 0.524, 110.009$, and $39, 0.606, 110.022$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 8.580, 109.281$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 7.477, 291.130$.

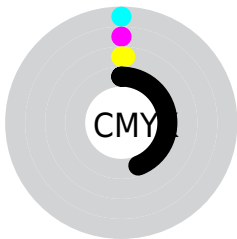
Distribution



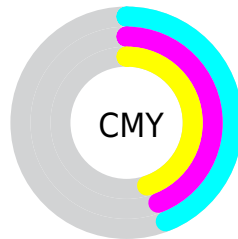
- Red (56%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 0.558, 110.024

■ 59, 0.558, 110.024

100, 0.558,
110.024

■ 49, 0.558, 110.024

■ 79, 0.558, 110.024

■ 39, 0.558, 110.024

■ 89, 0.558, 110.024

■ 29, 0.558, 110.024

■ 99, 0.558, 110.024

■ 19, 0.558, 110.024

■ 9, 0.558, 110.024

■ 0, 0.558, 110.024

■ 59, 0.558, 110.024

■ 59, 0.558, 110.024

■ 59, 8.580, 109.281

■ 59, 7.477, 291.130

■ 58, 16.548,

■ 60, 15.505,

108.346

292.007

■ 58, 24.407,
107.414

■ 60, 23.507,
292.854

■ 58, 32.074,
106.502

■ 61, 31.470,
293.663

■ 58, 39.417,
105.635

■ 62, 39.383,
294.433

■ 57, 46.241,
104.838

■ 62, 47.239,
295.162

■ 57, 52.269,
104.148

■ 63, 55.031,
295.850

■ 57, 57.154,
103.602

■ 64, 62.752,
296.496

■ 57, 60.555,
103.233

■ 64, 62.948,
296.520

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 0.558, 110.024



59, 0.575, 290.430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 0.558, 110.024



59, 0.558, 160.024



59, 0.558, 290.024



59, 0.558, 340.024

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 0.559, 110.127



75, 0.009, 296.813



59, 0.392, 18.356



39, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 0.559, 110.127



75, 0.982, 110.125



59, 0.595, 129.193



30, 0.451, 110.128



55, 60.465, 103.008



2, 3.085, 110.278

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 0.575, 290.430



74, 1.002, 290.433



59, 0.610, 308.948



30, 0.461, 290.430



14, 83.474, 306.298



0, 3.085, 290.279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

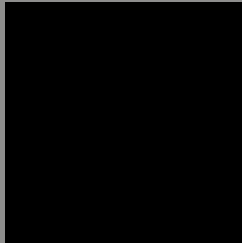
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

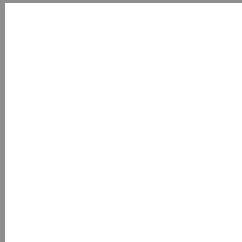
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 0.558, 110.024

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 0.558, 110.024.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 0.558, 110.024

Protanopia

59, 1.567, 19.289

Deuteranopia

59, 7.666, 358.564



Tritanopia
59, 6.449, 304.535

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 0.558, 110.024

Protanomaly

59, 1.174, 19.159

Deuteranomaly

59, 4.659, 358.466

Tritanomaly

59, 3.502, 303.249

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 0.558, 110.024

Achromatopsia

59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

59, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 0.558, 110.024 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 142, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 142, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 142, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 142, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 0.558, 110.024 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 142, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 142, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 142, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 142, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 142, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 142,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 0.558, 110.024 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 142, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
142, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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