

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 1.230, 194.601)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 1.230, 194.601) contains.

CIELCh(59, 1.654, 179.506)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(59, 1.654, 179.506)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8F8E
RGB	139, 143, 142
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4555, 0.4398, 0.4437
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	165°, 2%, 55%
HSV	165°, 3%, 56%
XYZ	25.2968, 27.0277, 29.4189
YIQ	141.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

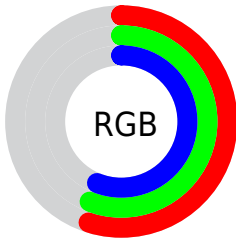
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 141, 143
Decimal	9146254
CIE Lab	59.00, -1.65, 0.01
CIE LCh	59, 1.654, 179.506
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3095, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287336334 (0xFF8B8F8E)
YUV	141.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -4.1236, 2.8410

Details

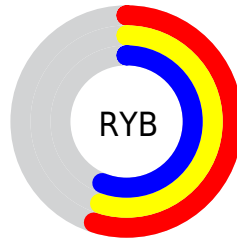
The CIELCh color $59, 1.654, 179.506$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 1.677, 359.504$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 1.905, 183.292$, and $39, 1.785, 179.317$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 7.509, 178.390$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 4.290, 0.004$.

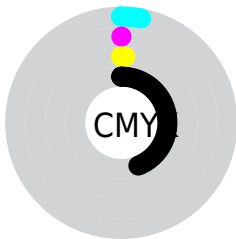
Distribution



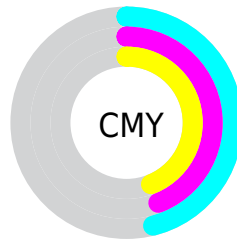
- Red (55%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 1.654, 179.506

■ 59, 1.654, 179.506

■ 100, 1.654,
179.506

■ 49, 1.654, 179.506

■ 79, 1.654, 179.506

■ 39, 1.654, 179.506

■ 89, 1.654, 179.506

■ 29, 1.654, 179.506

■ 99, 1.654, 179.506

■ 19, 1.654, 179.506

■ 9, 1.654, 179.506

■ 0, 1.654, 179.506

■ 59, 1.654, 179.506

■ 59, 1.654, 179.506

■ 58, 7.509, 178.390

■ 60, 4.290, 0.004

■ 57, 13.196,

■ 62, 10.266, 0.871

177.412

63, 16.226, 1.665

56, 18.634,
176.380

65, 22.132, 2.420

55, 23.729,
175.271

66, 27.958, 3.145

54, 28.388,
174.063

68, 33.685, 3.843

54, 32.525,
172.735

72, 44.804, 5.165

53, 36.075,
171.265

72, 45.769, 3.190

53, 39.005,
169.632

53, 41.329,
167.821

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 1.654, 179.506



58, 1.677, 359.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 1.654, 179.506



59, 1.654, 229.506



59, 1.654, 359.506



59, 1.654, 49.506

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 1.655, 179.473



75, 0.732, 180.035



59, 2.543, 136.724



40, 0.419, 180.085



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 1.655, 179.473



75, 2.200, 179.430



59, 1.292, 223.835



30, 1.334, 179.341



50, 41.045, 166.609



2, 2.267, 179.496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 1.677, 359.504



74, 2.230, 359.548



58, 1.309, 42.993



29, 1.353, 359.638



28, 55.580, 23.822



0, 2.267, 359.482

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

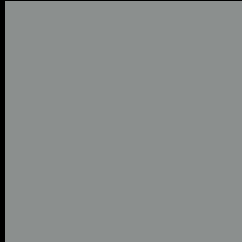
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

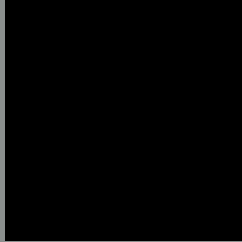
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

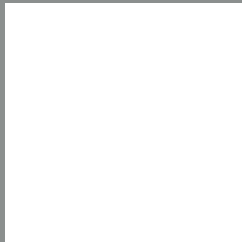
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 1.654, 179.506

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506.

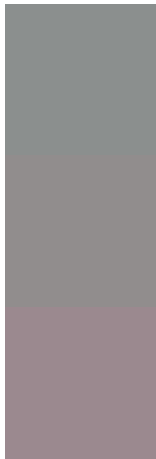


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.654, 179.506.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 1.654, 179.506

Protanopia

59, 1.567, 19.289

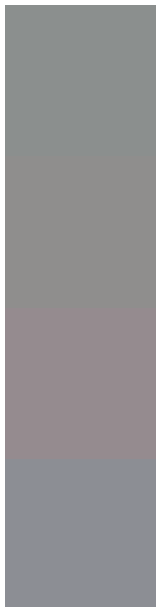
Deuteranopia

59, 7.880, 354.726



Tritanopia
59, 6.240, 290.898

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 1.654, 179.506

Protanomaly

59, 0.678, 74.833

Deuteranomaly

59, 4.544, 349.921

Tritanomaly

59, 3.475, 277.905

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 1.654, 179.506

Achromatopsia

59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

59, 0.388, 200.473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 1.654, 179.506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 143, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 143, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 143, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 143, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.654, 179.506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 143, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 143, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 143, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 143, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.654, 179.506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 143, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
143, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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