

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 1.452, 229.962)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 1.452, 229.962) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 1.634, 219.819)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8F90
RGB	139, 143, 144
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4560, 0.4403, 0.4364
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	192°, 2%, 55%
HSV	192°, 3%, 56%
XYZ	25.3910, 27.0277, 30.1488
YIQ	141.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

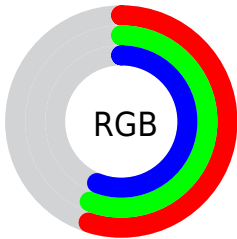
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 141, 144
Decimal	9146256
CIE Lab	59.00, -1.26, -1.05
CIE LCh	59, 1.634, 219.819
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3075, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287336336 (0xFF8B8F90)
YUV	141.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -3.8000, 2.0085

Details

The CIELCh color **59, 1.634, 219.819** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **58, 1.665, 39.098**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 1.887, 215.999**, and **39, 1.756, 219.780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 6.180, 219.894**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 3.121, 39.162**.

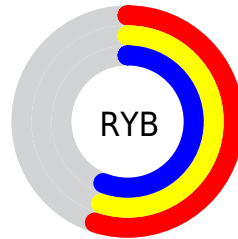
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

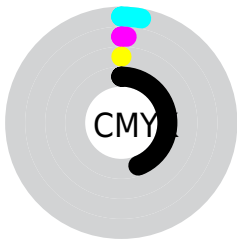
Blue (56%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

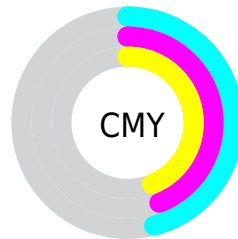


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 1.634, 219.819

■ 59, 1.634, 219.819

■ 100, 1.634,
219.819

■ 49, 1.634, 219.819

■ 79, 1.634, 219.819

■ 39, 1.634, 219.819

■ 89, 1.634, 219.819

■ 29, 1.634, 219.819

■ 99, 1.634, 219.819

■ 19, 1.634, 219.819

■ 9, 1.634, 219.819

■ 0, 1.634, 219.819

■ 59, 1.634, 219.819

■ 59, 1.634, 219.819

■ 57, 6.180, 219.894

■ 61, 3.121, 39.162

■ 55, 10.460,

■ 63, 8.035, 39.133

220.341

65, 13.067, 39.114

54, 14.408,
220.998

67, 18.181, 39.137

52, 17.958,
221.902

69, 23.349, 39.198

50, 21.045,
223.111

72, 28.550, 39.288

49, 23.613,
224.692

74, 33.764, 39.399

76, 38.979, 39.526

48, 25.631,
226.721

77, 38.933, 41.700

46, 27.101,
229.276

45, 28.074,
232.416

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 1.634, 219.819



58, 1.665, 39.098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 1.634, 219.819



59, 1.634, 269.819



59, 1.634, 39.819



59, 1.634, 89.819

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 1.634, 219.763



75, 0.585, 220.322



59, 3.034, 149.824



40, 0.335, 220.380



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 1.634, 219.763



75, 2.318, 219.740



58, 2.028, 272.939



30, 1.316, 219.730



42, 27.344, 234.363



1, 1.798, 219.437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 3.013, 330.640



74, 4.281, 330.688



59, 2.015, 91.935



29, 2.434, 330.726



30, 61.997, 337.822



1, 3.277, 330.509

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

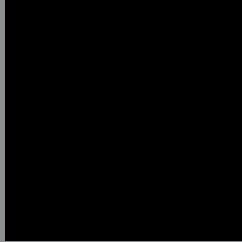
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

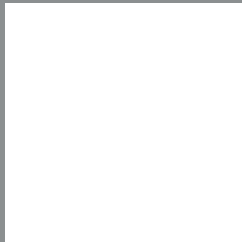
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 1.634, 219.819

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.634, 219.819.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 1.634, 219.819

Protanopia

59, 1.642, 335.639

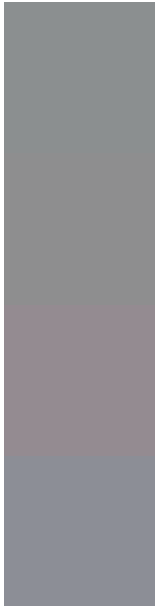
Deuteranopia

59, 8.077, 346.156



Tritanopia
59, 6.811, 287.801

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 1.634, 219.819

Protanomaly

59, 0.573, 290.330

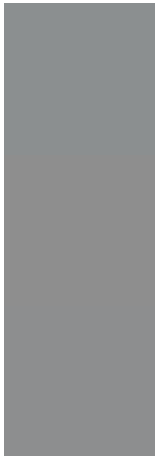
Deuteranomaly

59, 4.910, 336.022

Tritanomaly

59, 4.586, 281.189

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 1.634, 219.819

Achromatopsia

59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

59, 0.687, 256.000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 1.634, 219.819 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 143, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 143, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 143, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 143, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.634, 219.819 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 143, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 143, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 143, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 143, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.634, 219.819 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 143, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
143, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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