

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 1.972, 257.379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(59, 1.972, 257.379) contains.

<b>CIELCh(59, 1.859, 265.967)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(59, 1.859, 265.967)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8E91
RGB	140, 142, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 57%
CMY	0.4504, 0.4425, 0.4308
CMYK	0.03, 0.02, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	216°, 2%, 56%
HSV	216°, 3%, 57%
XYZ	25.6579, 27.0277, 30.7129
YIQ	141.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

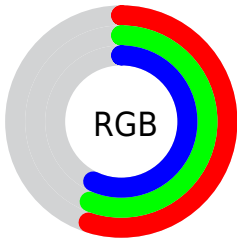
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 141, 145
Decimal	9211537
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.00, -0.13, -1.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 1.859, 265.967
Y <sub>xy</sub>	27.0277, 0.3077, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287401617 (0xFF8C8E91)
YUV	141.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -2.8837, 1.3652

# Details

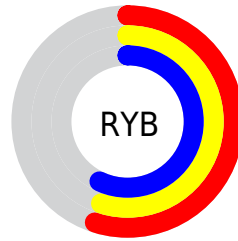
The CIELCh color  $59, 1.859, 265.967$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $60, 1.852, 84.834$ , and the grayscale version is  $59, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $79, 1.755, 265.898$ , and  $39, 2.004, 266.131$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $55, 7.259, 267.203$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $63, 3.503, 84.553$ .

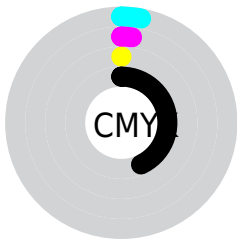
# Distribution



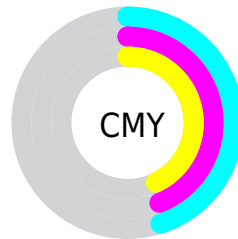
- Red (55%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59, 1.859, 265.967

■ 59, 1.859, 265.967

■ 100, 1.859,  
265.967

■ 49, 1.859, 265.967

■ 79, 1.859, 265.967

■ 39, 1.859, 265.967

■ 89, 1.859, 265.967

■ 29, 1.859, 265.967

■ 99, 1.859, 265.967

■ 19, 1.859, 265.967

■ 9, 1.859, 265.967

■ 0, 1.859, 265.967

■ 59, 1.859, 265.967

■ 59, 1.859, 265.967

■ 55, 7.259, 267.203

■ 63, 3.503, 84.553

■ 52, 12.694,

■ 66, 8.817, 83.567

268.788

70, 14.077, 82.682

48, 18.158,  
270.652

73, 19.278, 81.900

45, 23.651,  
272.835

77, 24.416, 81.207

41, 29.182,  
275.380

80, 29.487, 80.589

38, 34.772,  
278.316

84, 34.489, 80.035

35, 40.453,  
281.643

87, 39.160, 80.205

32, 46.264,  
285.305

89, 41.401, 86.954

29, 52.222,  
289.178

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 1.859, 265.967



60, 1.852, 84.834

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 1.859, 265.967



59, 1.859, 315.967



59, 1.859, 85.967



59, 1.859, 135.967

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 1.858, 265.923



76, 0.673, 265.910



60, 2.274, 168.261



40, 0.382, 265.931



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 1.858, 265.923



75, 2.672, 265.986



58, 2.850, 293.746



29, 1.502, 266.039



25, 53.006, 291.292



1, 2.025, 265.381





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 2.273, 349.527



74, 3.272, 349.607



60, 2.816, 113.170



29, 1.841, 349.665



28, 52.790, 10.153



1, 2.469, 349.382



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

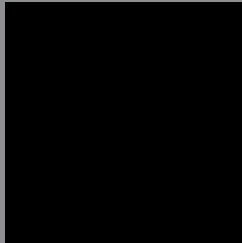
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

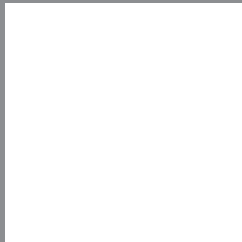
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 59, 1.859, 265.967**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 1.859, 265.967.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


59, 1.859, 265.967

### Protanopia

59, 2.565, 317.348

### Deuteranopia

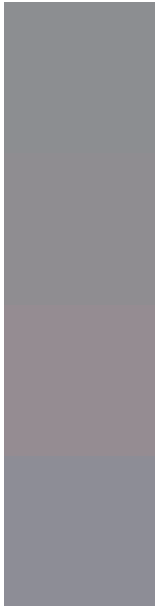
59, 7.744, 344.459



**Tritanopia**  
59, 6.240, 290.898



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59, 1.859, 265.967

## Protanomaly

59, 2.411, 309.146

## Deuteranomaly

59, 4.903, 336.019

## Tritanomaly

59, 5.107, 290.772

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59, 1.859, 265.967

## Achromatopsia

59, 0.008, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

59, 0.687, 256.000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 1.859, 265.967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 142, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 142, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 142, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 142, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.859, 265.967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 142, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 142, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 142, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 142, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 1.859, 265.967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 142, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
142, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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