

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 10.906, 66.099)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 10.906, 66.099) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 10.889, 66.112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D8B7D
RGB	157, 139, 125
RGB Percent	62%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.3851, 0.4557, 0.5106
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.20, 0.39
HSL	26°, 14%, 55%
HSV	26°, 20%, 61%
XYZ	26.7547, 27.0277, 23.1410
YIQ	142.7860, 15.2220, -0.5380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

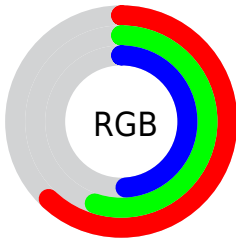
Format	Color
RYB	157, 150, 125
Decimal	10324861
CIELab	59.00, 4.41, 9.96
CIELCh	59, 10.889, 66.112
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3478, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288514941 (0xFF9D8B7D)
YUV	142.7860, -8.7685, 12.4657
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 0.8820, 10.0006

Details

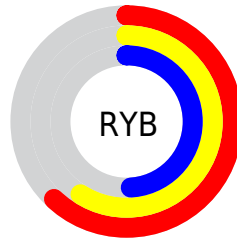
The CIELCh color **59, 10.889, 66.112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **58, 10.117, 251.066**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 10.728, 63.593**, and **39, 10.835, 66.638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 16.697, 65.051**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 5.398, 67.182**.

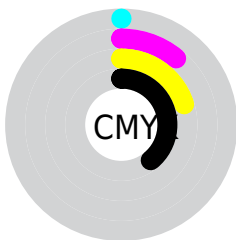
Distribution



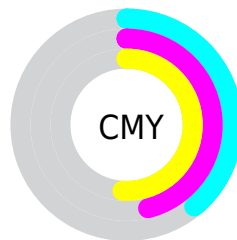
- Red (62%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 10.889, 66.112

■ 59, 10.889, 66.112

■ 100, 10.889,
66.112

■ 49, 10.889, 66.112

■ 79, 10.889, 66.112

■ 39, 10.889, 66.112

■ 89, 10.889, 66.112

■ 29, 10.889, 66.112

■ 99, 10.889, 66.112

■ 19, 10.889, 66.112

■ 9, 10.889, 66.112

■ 0, 10.889, 66.112

■ 59, 10.889, 66.112

■ 59, 10.889, 66.112

■ 56, 16.697, 65.051

■ 62, 5.398, 67.182

■ 54, 22.837, 63.989

■ 65, 0.199, 66.583

51, 29.305, 62.943

67, 4.739, 249.484

49, 36.056, 61.905

70, 9.442, 250.503

46, 42.960, 60.832

73, 13.938,
251.521

44, 49.724, 59.616

76, 18.252,
252.514

42, 55.773, 58.021

40, 60.796, 56.262

79, 22.406,
253.474

82, 26.418,
254.398

84, 26.311,
246.483

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 10.889, 66.112



58, 10.117, 251.066

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 10.889, 66.112



59, 10.889, 116.112



59, 10.889, 246.112



59, 10.889, 296.112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 10.889, 66.123



80, 3.811, 67.603



56, 16.285, 341.843



42, 2.526, 67.548



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 10.889, 66.123



74, 16.056, 65.687



63, 16.567, 105.320



32, 2.945, 67.299



37, 56.654, 56.591



2, 3.734, 65.701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 10.117, 251.066



73, 14.673, 251.717



54, 17.236, 289.721



32, 2.858, 249.535



33, 40.565, 276.132



2, 3.836, 251.725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

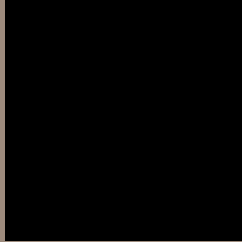
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 10.889, 66.112

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 10.889, 66.112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 10.889, 66.112

Protanopia

59, 9.340, 93.909

Deuteranopia

59, 12.463, 52.927



Tritanopia
59, 10.668, 348.576

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 10.889, 66.112

Protanomaly
59, 9.402, 83.331

Deuteranomaly
59, 11.760, 58.423

Tritanomaly
59, 8.432, 16.402

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 10.889, 66.112

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 3.954, 64.975

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 10.889, 66.112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 139, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 139, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 139, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 139, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 10.889, 66.112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 139, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 139, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 139, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 139, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 139, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 139,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 10.889, 66.112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 139, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
139, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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