

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 11.376, 198.235)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 11.376, 198.235)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 11.343, 198.377)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 11.343, 198.377)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	759494
RGB	117, 148, 148
RGB Percent	46%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.5418, 0.4203, 0.4203
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 13%, 52%
HSV	180°, 21%, 58%
XYZ	23.2074, 27.0277, 31.9383
YIQ	138.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

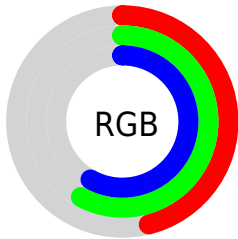
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 133, 148
Decimal	7705748
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -10.76, -3.58
CIE _{LCh}	59, 11.343, 198.377
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2824, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285895828 (0xFF759494)
YUV	138.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -11.2976, -0.0323

Details

The CIELCh color `59, 11.343, 198.377` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `52, 12.974, 20.867`, and the grayscale version is `58, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `79, 11.213, 198.614`, and `39, 11.151, 198.022` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `58, 16.180, 197.915`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `60, 6.105, 198.894`.

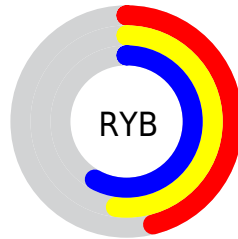
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (58%)

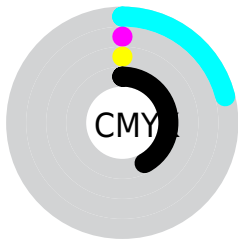
Blue (58%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (58%)

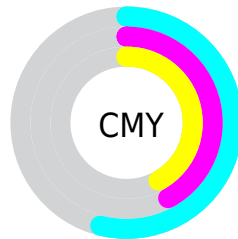


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (42%)


Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 11.343,
198.377


 59, 11.343,
198.377


 100, 11.343,
198.377


 49, 11.343,
198.377


 79, 11.343,
198.377

 39, 11.343,
198.377

 89, 11.343,
198.377

 29, 11.343,
198.377

 99, 11.343,
198.377

 19, 11.343,
198.377

 9, 11.343, 198.377

 0, 11.343, 198.377

■ 59, 11.343,
198.377

■ 59, 11.343,
198.377

■ 58, 16.180,
197.915

■ 60, 6.105, 198.894

■ 57, 20.528,
197.515

■ 61, 0.550, 200.151

■ 62, 5.242, 19.822

■ 57, 24.305,
197.175

■ 64, 11.201, 20.446

■ 56, 27.443,
196.896

■ 65, 17.268, 21.056

■ 67, 23.395, 21.669

■ 56, 29.899,
196.681

■ 68, 29.544, 22.284

■ 56, 31.662,
196.527

■ 70, 35.685, 22.897

■ 72, 41.795, 23.505

■ 55, 32.763,
196.432

■ 55, 33.377,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 11.343, 198.377



52, 12.974, 20.867

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 11.343, 198.377



59, 11.343, 248.377



59, 11.343, 18.377



59, 11.343, 68.377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 11.344, 198.371



77, 4.169, 199.201



58, 21.386, 142.720



41, 2.783, 199.160



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 11.344, 198.371



74, 16.438, 198.157



55, 10.259, 256.507



31, 3.160, 198.998



52, 31.695, 196.379



2, 2.828, 199.418

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 12.974, 20.867



64, 19.412, 21.314



56, 10.889, 71.106



29, 3.343, 19.888



28, 65.124, 38.927



1, 2.828, 19.401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

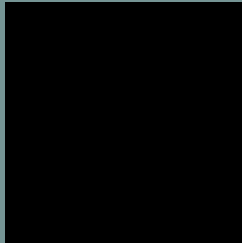
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 11.343, 198.377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.343, 198.377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 11.343, 198.377

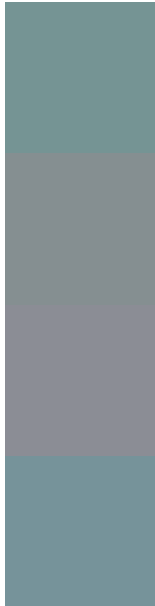
Protanopia
59, 1.884, 314.681

Deuteranopia
59, 9.415, 328.849



Tritanopia
59, 11.587, 234.831

Trichromacy



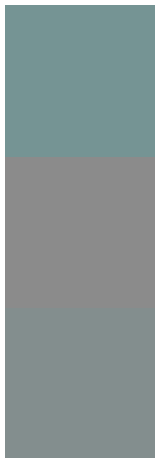
Original Color
59, 11.343, 198.377

Protanomaly
59, 3.948, 215.889

Deuteranomaly
59, 4.591, 281.193

Tritanomaly
59, 11.046, 219.695

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 11.343, 198.377

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.206, 199.095

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 11.343, 198.377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 148, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 148, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 148, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.343, 198.377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

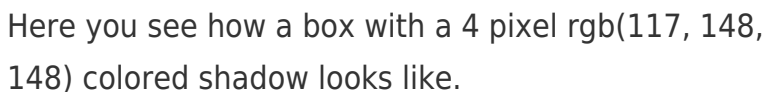
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 148, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 148, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 148, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 148, 148); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 148, 148); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 148, 148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.343, 198.377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 148, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
148, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor