

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 11.826, 151.287)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 11.826, 151.287)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 11.603, 151.443)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 11.603, 151.443)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F9384
RGB	127, 147, 132
RGB Percent	50%, 58%, 52%
CMY	0.5021, 0.4237, 0.4825
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.10, 0.42
HSL	135°, 8%, 54%
HSV	135°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	23.3353, 27.0277, 25.8018
YIQ	139.3100, -7.1050, -8.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

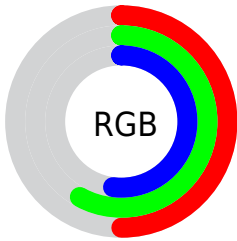
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 143, 147
Decimal	8360836
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -10.19, 5.55
CIE _{LCh}	59, 11.603, 151.443
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3064, 0.3549
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286550916 (0xFF7F9384)
YUV	139.3100, -3.6038, -10.7959
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -10.8584, 6.9661

Details

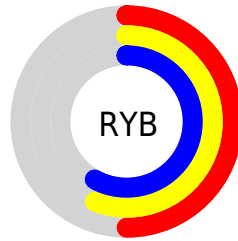
The CIELCh color $59, 11.603, 151.443$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be $55, 11.658, 333.185$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 11.583, 151.223$, and $39, 11.055, 152.148$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 20.175, 150.639$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 3.057, 152.195$.

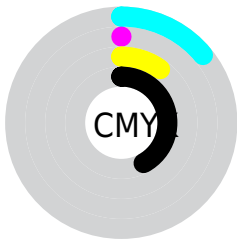
Distribution



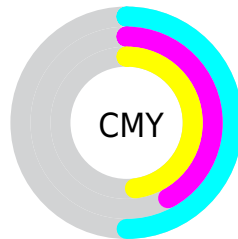
- Red (50%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 59, 11.603,
151.443

 59, 11.603,
151.443

 100, 11.603,
151.443

 49, 11.603,
151.443


 79, 11.603,
151.443

 39, 11.603,
151.443

 89, 11.603,
151.443

 29, 11.603,
151.443

 99, 11.603,
151.443

 19, 11.603,
151.443

 9, 11.603, 151.443

 0, 11.603, 151.443

■ 59, 11.603,
151.443

■ 59, 11.603,
151.443

■ 58, 20.175,
150.639

■ 60, 3.057, 152.195

■ 57, 28.658,
149.720

■ 62, 5.385, 332.668

■ 56, 36.920,
148.664

■ 64, 13.658,
333.228

■ 55, 44.806,
147.454

■ 65, 21.723,
333.706

■ 54, 52.150,
146.078

■ 67, 29.554,
334.128

■ 54, 58.790,
144.540

■ 69, 37.137,
334.506

■ 53, 64.578,
142.864

■ 71, 44.469,
334.846

■ 53, 69.403,

■ 73, 51.552,
335.155

141.108

■ 75, 57.578,
334.159

■ 53, 72.063,
140.092

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 11.603, 151.443



55, 11.658, 333.185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 11.603, 151.443



59, 11.603, 201.443



59, 11.603, 331.443



59, 11.603, 21.443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 11.605, 151.442



77, 4.201, 152.155



60, 11.391, 118.427



41, 3.012, 152.098



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 11.605, 151.442



75, 16.928, 151.233



59, 8.237, 177.128



31, 4.831, 151.769



50, 68.540, 140.209



2, 4.213, 152.343

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 11.658, 333.185



69, 17.014, 333.369



55, 8.595, 359.566



29, 4.850, 332.888



30, 60.617, 340.964



1, 4.213, 332.336

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

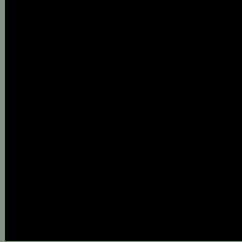
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

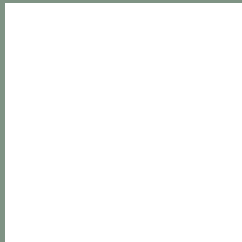
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 11.603, 151.443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.603, 151.443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 11.603, 151.443

Protanopia
59, 7.189, 89.616

Deuteranopia
59, 8.673, 31.404



Tritanopia
59, 7.757, 252.799

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 11.603, 151.443

Protanomaly
59, 7.441, 118.614

Deuteranomaly
59, 5.105, 81.520

Tritanomaly
59, 5.732, 210.386

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 11.603, 151.443

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.391, 148.374

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 11.603, 151.443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 147, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 147, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 147, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 147, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.603, 151.443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 147, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 147, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 147, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 147, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 147, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 147,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.603, 151.443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 147, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
147, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor