

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 11.941, 331.290)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 11.941, 331.290)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 11.941, 331.290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C8898
RGB	156, 136, 152
RGB Percent	61%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3874, 0.4659, 0.4031
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.03, 0.39
HSL	312°, 9%, 57%
HSV	312°, 13%, 61%
XYZ	28.2675, 27.0277, 33.5213
YIQ	143.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

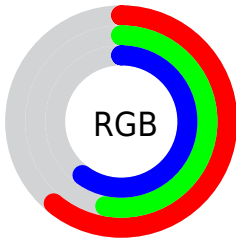
Format	Color
R _{YB}	156, 136, 152
Decimal	10258584
CIE Lab	59.00, 10.47, -5.74
CIE LCh	59, 11.941, 331.290
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3183, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288448664 (0xFF9C8898)
YUV	143.8040, 4.0406, 10.6959
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 6.0763, -1.8376

Details

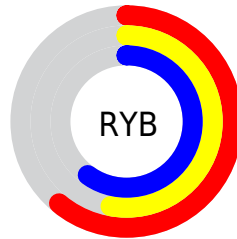
The CIELCh color $59, 11.941, 331.290$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 11.900, 149.718$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 12.165, 332.137$, and $39, 12.120, 331.965$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 21.342, 331.937$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 2.600, 330.601$.

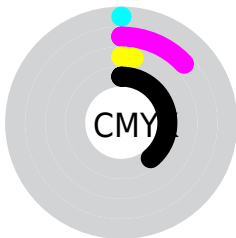
Distribution



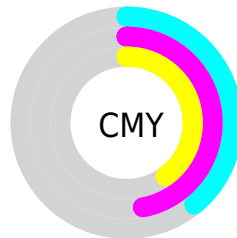
- Red (61%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 11.941,
331.290


 59, 11.941,
331.290


 100, 11.941,
331.290


 49, 11.941,
331.290


 79, 11.941,
331.290

 39, 11.941,
331.290

 89, 11.941,
331.290

 29, 11.941,
331.290

 99, 11.941,
331.290

 19, 11.941,
331.290

 9, 11.941, 331.290

 0, 11.941, 331.290

59, 11.941,
331.290

59, 11.941,
331.290

55, 21.342,
331.937

63, 2.600, 330.601

51, 30.653,
332.599

68, 6.576, 150.151

47, 39.650,
333.281

72, 15.532,
149.567

44, 48.027,
333.986

76, 24.238,
149.027

41, 55.412,
334.720

81, 32.681,
148.517

39, 61.396,
335.496

85, 40.864,
148.036


37, 65.621,
336.338


90, 48.795,
147.583

36, 67.892,

92, 52.981,
147.740

337.280

 93, 51.738,
148.832

 35, 68.750,
338.005

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 11.941, 331.290



63, 11.900, 149.718

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 11.941, 331.290



59, 11.941, 21.290



59, 11.941, 151.290



59, 11.941, 201.290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 11.939, 331.291



80, 4.610, 330.708



58, 11.525, 298.906



42, 3.270, 330.761



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 11.939, 331.291



74, 17.405, 331.451



59, 8.617, 357.131



31, 5.312, 331.062



32, 64.456, 337.913



1, 6.748, 331.686

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 11.939, 331.291



74, 17.405, 331.451



63, 8.314, 174.842



31, 5.312, 331.062



32, 64.456, 337.913



1, 6.748, 331.686

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

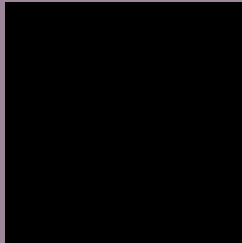
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 11.941, 331.290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 11.941, 331.290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 11.941, 331.290

Protanopia

59, 7.940, 291.088

Deuteranopia

59, 9.419, 322.940



Tritanopia
59, 9.699, 340.527

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 11.941, 331.290

Protanomaly
59, 9.077, 310.626

Deuteranomaly
59, 10.540, 326.719

Tritanomaly
59, 10.444, 335.736

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 11.941, 331.290

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 4.372, 328.830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 11.941, 331.290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 136, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 136, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 136, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 136, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.941, 331.290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 136, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 136, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 136, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 136, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 136, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 136,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 11.941, 331.290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 136, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
136, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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