

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 12.640, 329.985)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 12.640, 329.985)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 12.612, 330.989)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D8899
RGB	157, 136, 153
RGB Percent	62%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3848, 0.4671, 0.4005
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.03, 0.38
HSL	311°, 10%, 57%
HSV	311°, 13%, 62%
XYZ	28.4092, 27.0277, 33.8053
YIQ	144.2170, 7.0590, 9.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

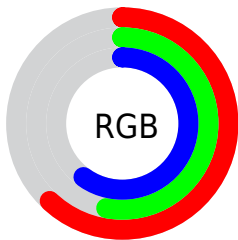
Format	Color
R_{YB}	157, 136, 153
Decimal	10324121
CIE Lab	59.00, 11.03, -6.12
CIE LCh	59, 12.612, 330.989
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3183, 0.3029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288514201 (0xFF9D8899)
YUV	144.2170, 4.3300, 11.2107
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 6.5627, -2.1615

Details

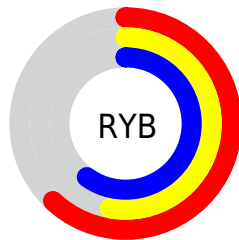
The CIELCh color $59, 12.612, 330.989$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 12.570, 149.349$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 12.800, 331.804$, and $39, 12.835, 331.633$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 22.107, 331.630$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 3.168, 330.320$.

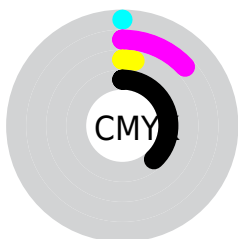
Distribution



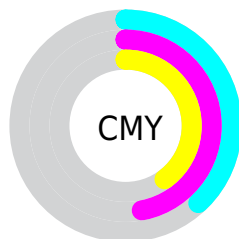
- Red (62%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 12.612,
330.989

 59, 12.612,
330.989

 100, 12.612,
330.989


 49, 12.612,
330.989

 79, 12.612,
330.989

 39, 12.612,
330.989

 89, 12.612,
330.989

 29, 12.612,
330.989

 99, 12.612,
330.989

 19, 12.612,
330.989

 9, 12.612, 330.989

 0, 12.612, 330.989

59, 12.612,
330.989

59, 12.612,
330.989

55, 22.107,
331.630

63, 3.168, 330.320

51, 31.499,
332.284

68, 6.116, 149.857

47, 40.556,
332.955

72, 15.180,
149.272

44, 48.965,
333.645

76, 23.993,
148.733

41, 56.348,
334.359

81, 32.541,
148.224

39, 62.296,
335.110

85, 40.827,
147.744


37, 66.457,
335.918

90, 48.856,
147.290

36, 68.650,

93, 53.009,
147.445

336.814

 93, 51.818,
148.482

 35, 69.452,
337.442

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 12.612, 330.989



63, 12.570, 149.349

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 12.612, 330.989



59, 12.612, 20.989



59, 12.612, 150.989



59, 12.612, 200.989

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 12.610, 330.990



80, 4.642, 330.376



58, 12.083, 298.340



42, 3.293, 330.428



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 12.610, 330.990



74, 18.700, 331.176



59, 9.121, 356.043



31, 5.349, 330.726



32, 64.909, 337.353



1, 6.799, 331.312

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 12.610, 330.990



74, 18.700, 331.176



63, 8.805, 173.640



31, 5.349, 330.726



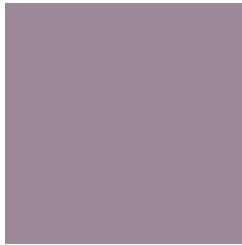
32, 64.909, 337.353



1, 6.799, 331.312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

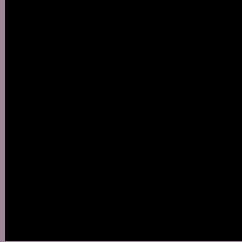
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 12.612, 330.989

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 12.612, 330.989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 12.612, 330.989

Protanopia

59, 8.509, 288.644

Deuteranopia

59, 9.419, 322.940



Tritanopia
59, 9.357, 343.207

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 12.612, 330.989

Protanomaly
59, 9.497, 307.333

Deuteranomaly
59, 10.540, 326.719

Tritanomaly
59, 10.063, 338.040

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 12.612, 330.989

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 4.625, 332.620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 12.612, 330.989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 136, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 136, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 136, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 136, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 12.612, 330.989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 136, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 136, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 136, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 136, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 136, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 136,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 12.612, 330.989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 136, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
136, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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