

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 12.899, 177.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 12.899, 177.556)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 12.886, 177.569)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 12.886, 177.569)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75958D
RGB	117, 149, 141
RGB Percent	46%, 58%, 55%
CMY	0.5428, 0.4173, 0.4487
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.05, 0.42
HSL	165°, 13%, 52%
HSV	165°, 22%, 58%
XYZ	22.7405, 27.0277, 29.0570
YIQ	138.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

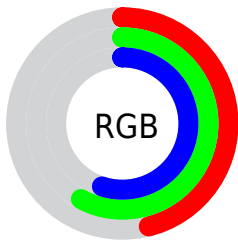
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 135, 149
Decimal	7705997
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -12.87, 0.55
CIE _{LCh}	59, 12.886, 177.569
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2885, 0.3429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285896077 (0xFF75958D)
YUV	138.5200, 1.2226, -18.8730
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -12.9006, 3.2536

Details

The CIELCh color $59, 12.886, 177.569$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $52, 13.854, 1.674$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 12.582, 178.606$, and $39, 12.710, 178.026$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 18.535, 176.538$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 6.990, 178.543$.

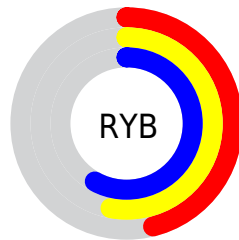
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (58%)

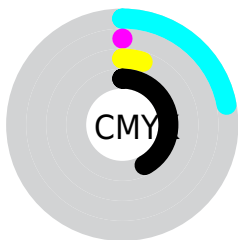
Blue (55%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (58%)

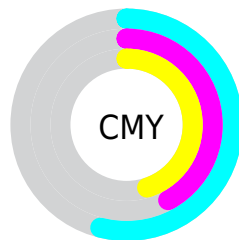


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 12.886,
177.569

■ 59, 12.886,
177.569

■ 100, 12.886,
177.569

■ 49, 12.886,
177.569

■ 79, 12.886,
177.569

■ 39, 12.886,
177.569

■ 89, 12.886,
177.569

■ 29, 12.886,
177.569

■ 99, 12.886,
177.569

■ 19, 12.886,
177.569

■ 9, 12.886, 177.569

■ 0, 12.886, 177.569

■ 59, 12.886,
177.569

■ 59, 12.886,
177.569

■ 58, 18.535,
176.538

■ 60, 6.990, 178.543

■ 57, 23.840,
175.435

■ 61, 0.932, 179.810

■ 63, 5.214, 0.159

■ 56, 28.703,
174.236

■ 64, 11.384, 1.013

■ 56, 33.034,
172.918

■ 66, 17.532, 1.804

■ 67, 23.620, 2.557

■ 55, 36.762,
171.460

■ 69, 29.622, 3.281

■ 55, 39.850,
169.840

■ 71, 35.521, 3.978

■ 73, 41.304, 4.649

■ 55, 42.305,
168.041

■ 55, 44.069,

166.459

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 12.886, 177.569



52, 13.854, 1.674

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 12.886, 177.569



59, 12.886, 227.569



59, 12.886, 357.569



59, 12.886, 47.569

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 12.887, 177.565



77, 4.539, 179.084



59, 20.476, 136.304



40, 3.001, 179.024



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 12.887, 177.565



75, 19.167, 177.059



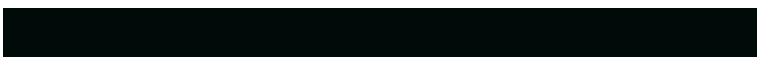
57, 9.737, 226.779



31, 3.420, 178.771



51, 41.604, 166.611



2, 3.022, 179.529

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 13.854, 1.674



65, 20.981, 2.301



54, 11.108, 44.583



29, 3.526, 0.301



28, 56.392, 23.971



1, 3.022, 359.515

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

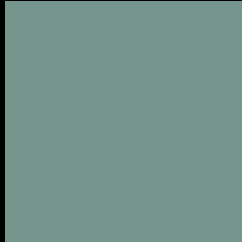
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

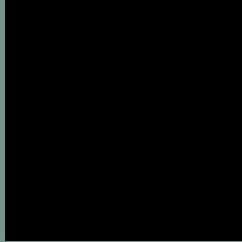
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

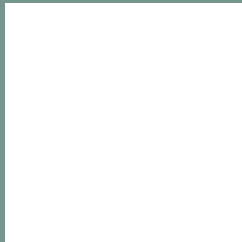
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 12.886, 177.569

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 12.886, 177.569.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 12.886, 177.569

Protanopia
59, 3.226, 80.353

Deuteranopia
59, 7.880, 354.726



Tritanopia
59, 11.319, 235.846

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 12.886, 177.569

Protanomaly
59, 4.909, 155.291

Deuteranomaly
59, 0.574, 290.330

Tritanomaly
59, 10.466, 214.325

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 12.886, 177.569

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.952, 178.848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 12.886, 177.569 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 149, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 149, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 149, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 149, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 12.886, 177.569 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 149, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 149, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 149, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 149, 141); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 149, 141); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 149, 141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 12.886, 177.569 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 149, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
149, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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