

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 13.309, 286.076)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 13.309, 286.076)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 13.089, 285.316)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	898DA4
RGB	137, 141, 164
RGB Percent	54%, 55%, 64%
CMY	0.4629, 0.4472, 0.3571
CMYK	0.16, 0.14, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	231°, 13%, 59%
HSV	231°, 16%, 64%
XYZ	26.5221, 27.0277, 38.9165
YIQ	142.4260, -9.7670, 6.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

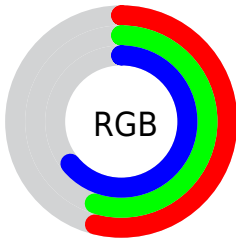
Format	Color
R _Y B	137, 140, 164
Decimal	9014692
CIE Lab	59.00, 3.46, -12.62
CIE LCh	59, 13.089, 285.316
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2868, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287204772 (0xFF898DA4)
YUV	142.4260, 10.6360, -4.7586
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 0.0835, -7.9906

Details

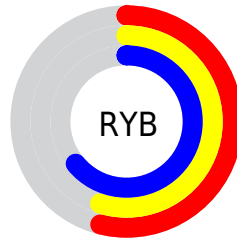
The CIELCh color $59, 13.089, 285.316$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66, 12.779, 101.568$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 12.869, 285.145$, and $39, 12.917, 285.404$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 21.385, 286.768$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 5.063, 284.078$.

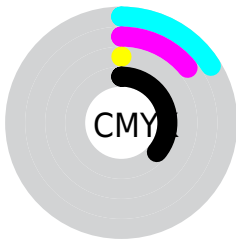
Distribution



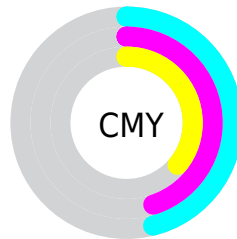
- Red (54%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 13.089,
285.316

■ 59, 13.089,
285.316

■ 100, 13.089,
285.316

■ 49, 13.089,
285.316

■ 79, 13.089,
285.316

■ 39, 13.089,
285.316

■ 89, 13.089,
285.316

■ 29, 13.089,
285.316

■ 99, 13.089,
285.316

■ 19, 13.089,
285.316

■ 9, 13.089, 285.316

■ 0, 13.089, 285.316

■ 59, 13.089,
285.316

■ 59, 13.089,
285.316

■ 54, 21.385,
286.768

■ 64, 5.063, 284.078

■ 49, 29.979,
288.468

■ 69, 2.711, 102.942

■ 44, 38.893,
290.444

■ 74, 10.249,
102.049

■ 39, 48.142,
292.707

■ 79, 17.566,
101.253

■ 34, 57.693,
295.235

■ 84, 24.675,
100.557

■ 30, 67.394,
297.939

■ 89, 31.586, 99.946

■ 26, 76.841,
300.639

■ 94, 38.308, 99.408

■ 22, 85.265,

■ 98, 44.412,
105.580

■ 98, 45.462,

303.054

106.703

■ 21, 87.844,
303.734

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 13.089, 285.316



66, 12.779, 101.568

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 13.089, 285.316



59, 13.089, 335.316



59, 13.089, 105.316



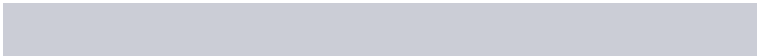
59, 13.089, 155.316

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 13.088, 285.313



83, 4.857, 283.927



65, 10.233, 185.805



43, 3.311, 283.999



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 13.088, 285.313



73, 19.886, 285.854



59, 15.791, 304.585



32, 4.429, 284.401



18, 79.807, 303.510



1, 6.909, 284.084

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 11.019, 8.776



74, 16.820, 9.219



66, 15.339, 122.809



32, 3.694, 8.018



30, 62.598, 32.010



1, 5.581, 8.384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

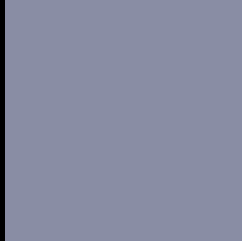
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

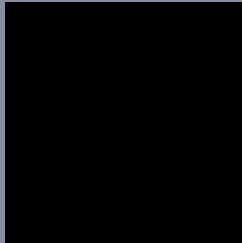
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

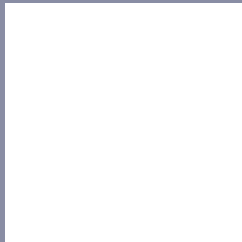
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 13.089, 285.316

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.089, 285.316.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 13.089, 285.316

Protanopia

59, 13.062, 286.886

Deuteranopia

59, 15.036, 301.658



Tritanopia
59, 6.844, 265.139

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 13.089, 285.316

Protanomaly
59, 13.062, 286.886

Deuteranomaly
59, 14.260, 296.185

Tritanomaly
59, 9.285, 277.464

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 13.089, 285.316

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 4.586, 281.189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 13.089, 285.316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 141, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 141, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 141, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 141, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.089, 285.316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 141, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 141, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 141, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 141, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 141, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 141,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.089, 285.316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 141, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
141, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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