

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 13.602, 333.989)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 13.602, 333.989)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 13.800, 333.292)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 13.800, 333.292)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F8799
RGB	159, 135, 153
RGB Percent	62%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3762, 0.4703, 0.3997
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.04, 0.38
HSL	315°, 11%, 58%
HSV	315°, 15%, 62%
XYZ	28.7414, 27.0277, 33.8696
YIQ	144.2280, 8.5260, 10.6860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

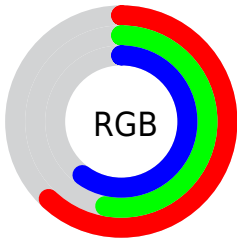
Format	Color
R _Y B	159, 135, 153
Decimal	10454937
CIE Lab	59.00, 12.33, -6.20
CIE LCh	59, 13.800, 333.292
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3206, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288645017 (0xFF9F8799)
YUV	144.2280, 4.3246, 12.9550
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 7.7034, -2.2348

Details

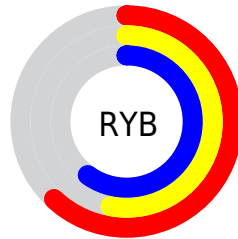
The CIELCh color $59, 13.800, 333.292$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 13.731, 151.323$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 13.933, 333.856$, and $39, 13.835, 332.745$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 23.017, 333.985$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 4.622, 332.603$.

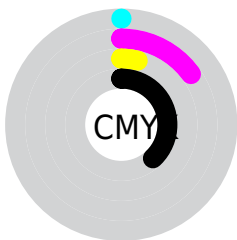
Distribution



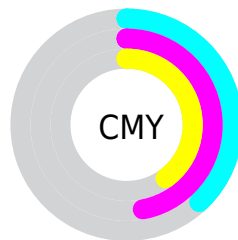
- Red (62%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 13.800,
333.292


 59, 13.800,
333.292


 100, 13.800,
333.292


 49, 13.800,
333.292


 79, 13.800,
333.292

 39, 13.800,
333.292

 89, 13.800,
333.292

 29, 13.800,
333.292

 99, 13.800,
333.292

 19, 13.800,
333.292

 9, 13.800, 333.292

 0, 13.800, 333.292

59, 13.800,
333.292

59, 13.800,
333.292

55, 23.017,
333.985

63, 4.622, 332.603

51, 32.114,
334.707

68, 4.405, 152.104

47, 40.848,
335.468

72, 13.219,
151.474

44, 48.898,
336.277

77, 21.788,
150.909

41, 55.872,
337.151

81, 30.098,
150.378

39, 61.357,
338.119

86, 38.151,
149.878


37, 65.009,
339.220


90, 45.954,
149.407

36, 66.704,

93, 49.339,
149.855

340.505

 93, 47.786,
151.421

 35, 67.209,
341.172

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 13.800, 333.292



63, 13.731, 151.323

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 13.800, 333.292



59, 13.800, 23.292



59, 13.800, 153.292



59, 13.800, 203.292

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 13.798, 333.293



80, 5.620, 332.603



58, 13.908, 300.905



42, 3.866, 332.652



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 13.798, 333.293



73, 20.396, 333.516



59, 10.128, 0.942



31, 5.127, 332.896



32, 62.204, 341.021



1, 6.496, 333.684

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 13.798, 333.293



73, 20.396, 333.516



64, 9.632, 178.189



31, 5.127, 332.896



32, 62.204, 341.021



1, 6.496, 333.684

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

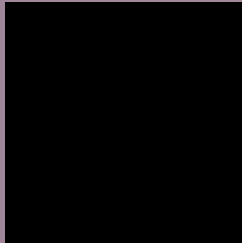
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 13.800, 333.292

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.800, 333.292.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 13.800, 333.292

Protanopia

59, 9.075, 288.871

Deuteranopia

59, 9.419, 322.940



Tritanopia
59, 10.641, 344.782

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 13.800, 333.292

Protanomaly
59, 10.150, 308.520

Deuteranomaly
59, 10.770, 328.422

Tritanomaly
59, 11.315, 340.089

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 13.800, 333.292

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 4.625, 332.620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 13.800, 333.292 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 135, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 135, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 135, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 135, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.800, 333.292 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 135, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 135, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 135, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 135, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 135, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 135,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.800, 333.292 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 135, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
135, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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