

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 13.851, 143.658)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 13.851, 143.658)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 13.854, 143.652)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F937F
RGB	127, 147, 127
RGB Percent	50%, 58%, 50%
CMY	0.5009, 0.4224, 0.5009
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.14, 0.42
HSL	120°, 8%, 54%
HSV	120°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	23.1197, 27.0277, 24.1710
YIQ	138.7400, -5.5000, -10.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

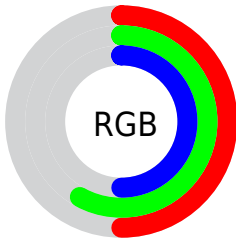
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 147, 147
Decimal	8360831
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -11.16, 8.21
CIE _{LCh}	59, 13.854, 143.652
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3111, 0.3637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286550911 (0xFF7F937F)
YUV	138.7400, -5.7878, -10.2960
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -11.5985, 8.8259

Details

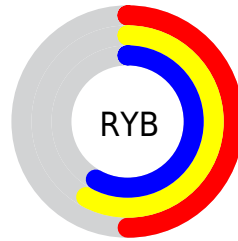
The CIELCh color $59, 13.854, 143.652$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 13.871, 325.150$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 13.707, 143.843$, and $39, 13.480, 143.354$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 24.122, 142.933$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 3.628, 144.302$.

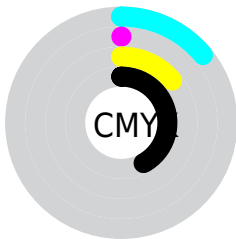
Distribution



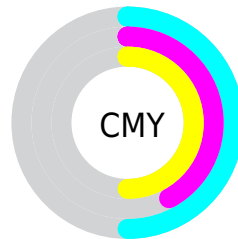
- Red (50%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 13.854,
143.652


 59, 13.854,
143.652


 100, 13.854,
143.652


 49, 13.854,
143.652


 79, 13.854,
143.652

 39, 13.854,
143.652

 89, 13.854,
143.652

 29, 13.854,
143.652

 99, 13.854,
143.652

 19, 13.854,
143.652

 9, 13.854, 143.652

 0, 13.854, 143.652

■ 59, 13.854,
143.652

■ 59, 13.854,
143.652

■ 58, 24.122,
142.933

■ 60, 3.628, 144.302

■ 57, 34.275,
142.104

■ 62, 6.450, 324.730

■ 56, 44.113,
141.158

■ 64, 16.303,
325.188

■ 55, 53.378,
140.112

■ 66, 25.884,
325.564

■ 54, 61.758,
139.006

■ 68, 35.166,
325.883

■ 54, 68.882,
137.925

■ 70, 44.139,
326.154


■ 53, 74.357,
136.992


■ 72, 52.802,
326.386

■ 53, 77.872,

■ 74, 61.163,
326.585

136.342

 76, 66.617,
326.704

 53, 79.556,
136.016

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 13.854, 143.652



56, 13.871, 325.150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 13.854, 143.652



59, 13.854, 193.652



59, 13.854, 323.652



59, 13.854, 13.652

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 13.856, 143.652



77, 5.012, 144.268



60, 11.028, 108.216



41, 3.593, 144.220



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 13.856, 143.652



74, 20.217, 143.465



59, 9.753, 161.685



31, 5.766, 143.938



50, 75.751, 136.016



2, 5.022, 144.442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 13.871, 325.150



70, 20.236, 325.299



55, 9.907, 343.839



29, 5.775, 324.909



32, 73.088, 328.232



1, 5.023, 324.438

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

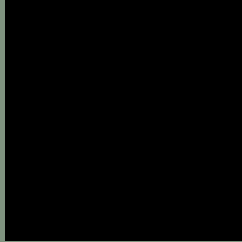
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 13.854, 143.652

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 13.854, 143.652.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

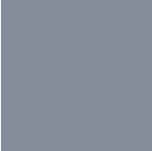
Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 13.854, 143.652

Protanopia
59, 10.010, 92.363

Deuteranopia
59, 10.502, 45.544



Tritanopia
59, 7.831, 259.770

Trichromacy



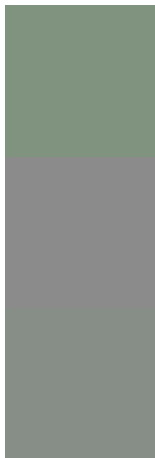
Original Color
59, 13.854, 143.652

Protanomaly
59, 10.228, 115.827

Deuteranomaly
59, 7.863, 88.091

Tritanomaly
59, 5.677, 198.935

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 13.854, 143.652

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 4.849, 144.212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 13.854, 143.652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 147, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 147, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 147, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 147, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.854, 143.652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 147, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 147, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 147, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 147, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 147, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 147,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 13.854, 143.652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 147, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
147, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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