

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 16.105, 239.557)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 16.105, 239.557)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 16.212, 240.461)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E93A6
RGB	110, 147, 166
RGB Percent	43%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.5678, 0.4226, 0.3481
CMYK	0.34, 0.11, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	200°, 24%, 54%
HSV	200°, 34%, 65%
XYZ	23.8304, 27.0277, 40.1472
YIQ	138.1030, -28.1510, -1.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

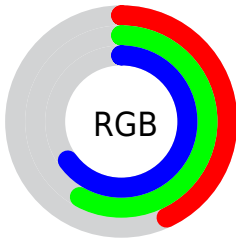
Format	Color
RYB	110, 132, 166
Decimal	7246758
CIELab	59.00, -7.99, -14.10
CIElCh	59, 16.212, 240.461
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2619, 0.2970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285436838 (0xFF6E93A6)
YUV	138.1030, 13.7532, -24.6463
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -9.1586, -9.3941

Details

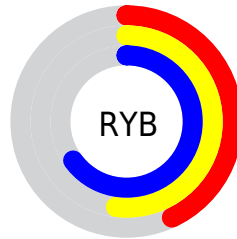
The CIELCh color `59, 16.212, 240.461` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `57, 19.501, 53.909`, and the grayscale version is `58, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `79, 16.228, 240.133`, and `39, 16.319, 241.184` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `56, 20.429, 242.315`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `62, 11.683, 238.967`.

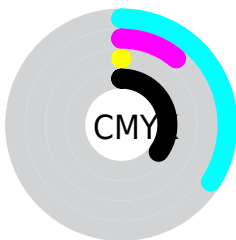
Distribution



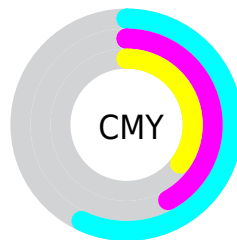
- Red (43%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 16.212,
240.461


 59, 16.212,
240.461


 100, 16.212,
240.461


 49, 16.212,
240.461


 79, 16.212,
240.461

 39, 16.212,
240.461

 89, 16.212,
240.461

 29, 16.212,
240.461

 99, 16.212,
240.461

 19, 16.212,
240.461

 9, 16.212, 240.461

 0, 16.212, 240.461

■ 59, 16.212,
240.461

■ 59, 16.212,
240.461

■ 56, 20.429,
242.315

■ 62, 11.683,
238.967

■ 54, 24.292,
244.617

■ 64, 6.894, 237.783

■ 67, 1.894, 236.969

■ 52, 27.774,
247.445

■ 70, 3.270, 55.828

■ 49, 30.880,
250.873

■ 73, 8.558, 55.266

■ 47, 33.659,
254.940

■ 76, 13.936, 54.762

■ 79, 19.375, 54.340

■ 45, 36.216,
259.614

■ 82, 24.851, 53.989

■ 44, 37.838,
262.635

■ 84, 28.689, 55.783

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 16.212, 240.461



57, 19.501, 53.909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 16.212, 240.461



59, 16.212, 290.461



59, 16.212, 60.461



59, 16.212, 110.461

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 16.211, 240.458



83, 6.290, 237.437



64, 29.796, 152.856



44, 4.315, 237.566



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 16.211, 240.458



73, 23.419, 241.724



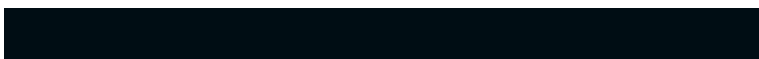
51, 27.270, 287.028



34, 2.902, 237.356



39, 34.526, 262.090



3, 5.491, 245.892

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 30.108, 338.471



65, 44.164, 339.100



64, 25.977, 98.570



33, 5.066, 336.530



32, 60.256, 347.424



2, 8.677, 339.409

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

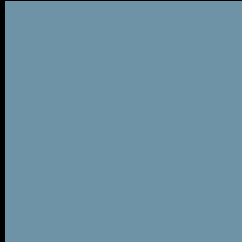
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

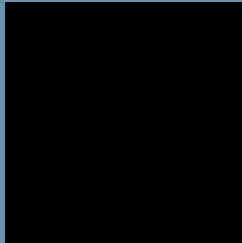
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

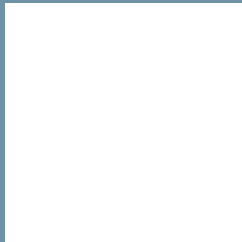
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 16.212, 240.461

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 16.212, 240.461.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 16.212, 240.461

Protanopia

59, 12.495, 288.260

Deuteranopia

59, 17.137, 296.923



Tritanopia
59, 14.867, 225.739

Trichromacy



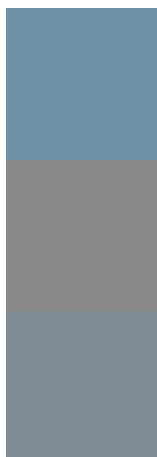
Original Color
59, 16.212, 240.461

Protanomaly
59, 12.895, 267.077

Deuteranomaly
59, 15.151, 276.987

Tritanomaly
59, 15.297, 229.825

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 16.212, 240.461

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 6.205, 239.129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 16.212, 240.461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 147, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 147, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 147, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 147, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 16.212, 240.461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

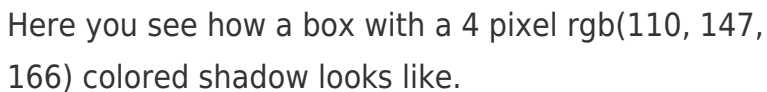
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 147, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 147, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 147, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 147, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 147, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 147, 166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 16.212, 240.461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 147, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
147, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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