

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 2.224, 302.128)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 2.224, 302.128) contains.

CIELCh(59, 2.411, 309.146)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(59, 2.411, 309.146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F8D91
RGB	143, 141, 145
RGB Percent	56%, 55%, 57%
CMY	0.4383, 0.4462, 0.4305
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	270°, 2%, 56%
HSV	270°, 3%, 57%
XYZ	26.0536, 27.0277, 30.7238
YIQ	142.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

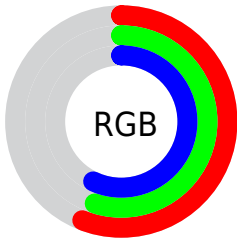
Format	Color
RYB	143, 141, 145
Decimal	9407889
CIELab	59.00, 1.52, -1.87
CIELCh	59, 2.411, 309.146
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3109, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287597969 (0xFF8F8D91)
YUV	142.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -1.5250, 1.3528

Details

The CIELCh color $59, 2.411, 309.146$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 2.387, 128.981$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 2.274, 309.103$, and $39, 2.602, 309.212$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 11.296, 309.612$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 6.219, 128.785$.

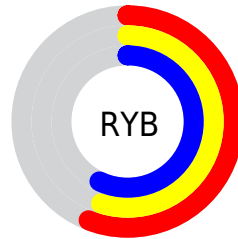
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (55%)

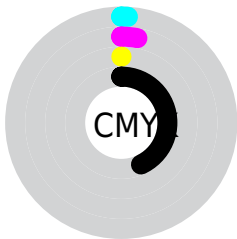
Blue (57%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (57%)

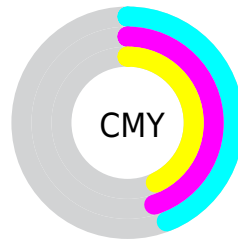


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 2.411, 309.146

■ 59, 2.411, 309.146

■ 100, 2.411,
309.146

■ 49, 2.411, 309.146

■ 79, 2.411, 309.146

■ 39, 2.411, 309.146

■ 89, 2.411, 309.146

■ 29, 2.411, 309.146

■ 99, 2.411, 309.146

■ 19, 2.411, 309.146

■ 9, 2.411, 309.146

■ 0, 2.411, 309.146

■ 59, 2.411, 309.146

■ 59, 2.411, 309.146

■ 54, 11.296,
309.612

■ 64, 6.219, 128.785

■ 68, 14.586,

50, 20.422,
310.101

128.414

45, 29.746,
310.618

73, 22.697,
128.091

41, 39.185,
311.148

77, 30.560,
127.808

37, 48.587,
311.664

82, 38.187,
127.560

33, 57.699,
312.121

86, 45.590,
127.345

29, 66.129,
312.450

91, 52.783,
127.158

26, 73.331,
312.560

94, 58.457,
126.629

23, 78.693,
312.343

95, 57.488,
124.178

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 2.411, 309.146



60, 2.387, 128.981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 2.411, 309.146



59, 2.411, 359.146



59, 2.411, 129.146



59, 2.411, 179.146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 2.409, 309.135



76, 1.086, 308.997



59, 1.347, 254.136



40, 0.616, 308.987



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 2.409, 309.135



75, 3.251, 309.152



59, 2.750, 324.070



29, 1.950, 309.184



20, 77.648, 312.181



0, 3.276, 309.055

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 1.941, 343.687



75, 2.619, 343.728



60, 2.736, 143.927



29, 1.571, 343.801



28, 52.998, 0.777



1, 2.640, 343.630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

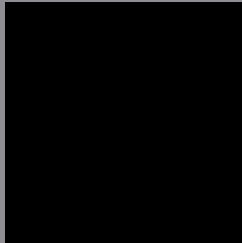
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

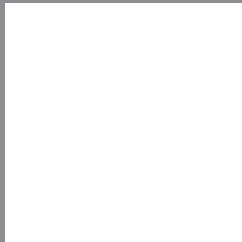
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 2.411, 309.146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 2.411, 309.146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 2.411, 309.146

Protanopia

59, 2.411, 309.146

Deuteranopia

59, 7.744, 344.459



Tritanopia
59, 6.449, 304.535

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 2.411, 309.146

Protanomaly

59, 2.411, 309.146

Deuteranomaly

59, 5.863, 337.445

Tritanomaly

59, 5.355, 307.364

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 2.411, 309.146

Achromatopsia

59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

59, 0.573, 290.330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 2.411, 309.146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 141, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 141, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 141, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 141, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 2.411, 309.146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 141, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 141, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 141, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 141, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 141, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 141,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 2.411, 309.146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 141, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
141, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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