

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 2.949, 273.769)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 2.949, 273.769) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 2.926, 275.370)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8E93
RGB	140, 142, 147
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4431, 0.4235
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	223°, 3%, 56%
HSV	223°, 5%, 58%
XYZ	25.7544, 27.0277, 31.4627
YIQ	141.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

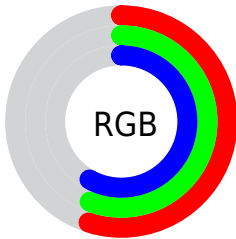
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 142, 147
Decimal	9211539
CIE Lab	59.00, 0.27, -2.91
CIE LCh	59, 2.926, 275.370
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3057, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287401619 (0xFF8C8E93)
YUV	141.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -2.5524, 0.5101

Details

The CIELCh color $59, 2.926, 275.370$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 2.908, 94.112$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 2.761, 275.243$, and $39, 3.157, 275.621$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 9.147, 276.637$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 3.171, 94.087$.

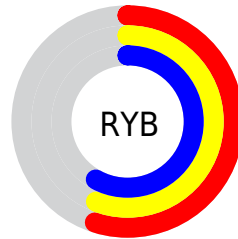
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

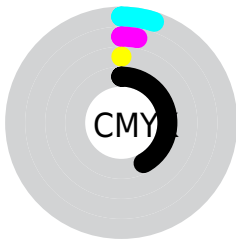
Blue (58%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

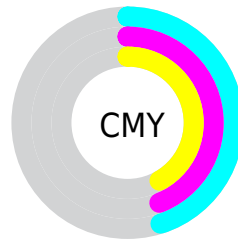


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 2.926, 275.370

■ 59, 2.926, 275.370

■ 100, 2.926,
275.370

■ 49, 2.926, 275.370

■ 79, 2.926, 275.370

■ 39, 2.926, 275.370

■ 89, 2.926, 275.370

■ 29, 2.926, 275.370

■ 99, 2.926, 275.370

■ 19, 2.926, 275.370

■ 9, 2.926, 275.370

■ 0, 2.926, 275.370

■ 59, 2.926, 275.370

■ 59, 2.926, 275.370

■ 55, 9.147, 276.637

■ 63, 3.171, 94.087

■ 51, 15.500,

■ 67, 9.144, 93.122

278.175

71, 14.996, 92.256

47, 21.995,
279.971

75, 20.731, 91.492

43, 28.645,
282.060

79, 26.350, 90.814

39, 35.472,
284.473

83, 31.856, 90.210

35, 42.499,
287.223

87, 37.251, 89.668

31, 49.735,
290.279

91, 42.199, 90.553

28, 57.142,
293.550

93, 45.892, 97.124

24, 64.570,
296.857

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 2.926, 275.370



60, 2.908, 94.112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 2.926, 275.370



59, 2.926, 325.370



59, 2.926, 95.370



59, 2.926, 145.370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 2.925, 275.346



77, 0.765, 275.104



60, 2.956, 175.667



41, 0.439, 275.114



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 2.925, 275.346



74, 4.572, 275.503



59, 4.022, 298.310



30, 2.444, 275.542



21, 64.827, 298.212



1, 3.036, 274.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 2.979, 357.234



74, 4.666, 357.390



61, 3.970, 117.685



30, 2.495, 357.426



28, 55.381, 20.853



1, 3.078, 356.931

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

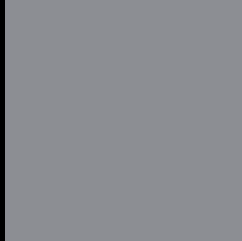
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

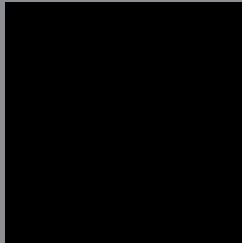
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

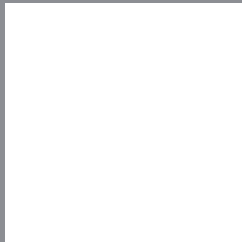
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 2.926, 275.370

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 2.926, 275.370.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 2.926, 275.370

Protanopia

59, 2.953, 305.641

Deuteranopia

59, 8.158, 336.306



Tritanopia
59, 6.240, 290.898

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 2.926, 275.370

Protanomaly
59, 2.872, 298.217

Deuteranomaly
59, 6.209, 324.732

Tritanomaly
59, 5.107, 290.772

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 2.926, 275.370

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 1.197, 271.531

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 2.926, 275.370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 142, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 142, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 142, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 142, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 2.926, 275.370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 142, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 142, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 142, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 142, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 2.926, 275.370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 142, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
142, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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