

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 21.390, 276.315)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 21.390, 276.315)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 21.541, 277.133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D8EB3
RGB	125, 142, 179
RGB Percent	49%, 56%, 70%
CMY	0.5092, 0.4425, 0.2974
CMYK	0.30, 0.21, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	221°, 26%, 60%
HSV	221°, 30%, 70%
XYZ	26.3320, 27.0277, 46.5669
YIQ	141.1350, -22.0090, 7.9030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

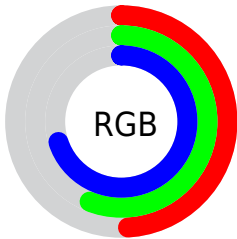
Format	Color
R _Y B	125, 138, 179
Decimal	8228531
CIE Lab	59.00, 2.67, -21.37
CIE LCh	59, 21.541, 277.133
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2635, 0.2705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286418611 (0xFF7D8EB3)
YUV	141.1350, 18.6674, -14.1504
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -0.5692, -16.7155

Details

The CIELCh color $59, 21.541, 277.133$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $67, 21.536, 88.782$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 21.400, 276.900$, and $39, 21.438, 276.766$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 28.958, 279.166$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 14.265, 275.392$.

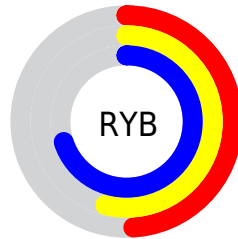
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (56%)

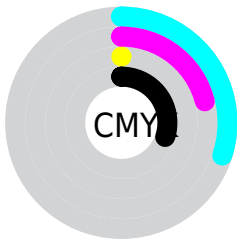
Blue (70%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (70%)

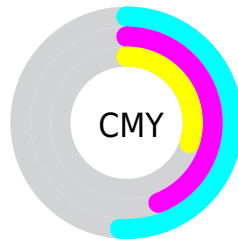


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (51%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 21.541,
277.133


 59, 21.541,
277.133


 100, 21.541,
277.133


 49, 21.541,
277.133


 79, 21.541,
277.133

 39, 21.541,
277.133

 89, 21.541,
277.133

 29, 21.541,
277.133

 99, 21.541,
277.133

 19, 21.541,
277.133

 9, 21.541, 277.133

 0, 21.541, 277.133

■ 59, 21.541,
277.133

■ 59, 21.541,
277.133

■ 54, 28.958,
279.166

■ 64, 14.265,
275.392

■ 50, 36.538,
281.533

■ 68, 7.123, 273.911

■ 73, 0.107, 274.562

■ 45, 44.308,
284.257

■ 78, 6.784, 91.453

■ 41, 52.298,
287.334

■ 82, 13.552, 90.502

■ 37, 60.513,
290.699

■ 87, 20.197, 89.661

■ 91, 26.718, 88.918

■ 33, 68.879,
294.213

■ 95, 31.674, 97.346

■ 30, 77.077,
297.524

■ 98, 36.970,
105.936

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 21.541, 277.133



67, 21.536, 88.782

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 21.541, 277.133



59, 21.541, 327.133



59, 21.541, 97.133



59, 21.541, 147.133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 21.540, 277.132



87, 7.794, 273.778



69, 21.656, 171.874



46, 5.466, 273.973



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 21.540, 277.132



71, 31.937, 278.410



55, 31.323, 299.906



35, 3.963, 273.800



25, 67.722, 297.077



2, 10.292, 277.694

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 23.508, 358.211



71, 34.885, 359.145



71, 29.278, 115.250



35, 4.253, 355.755



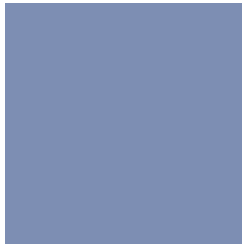
32, 59.231, 18.852



2, 9.752, 0.021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

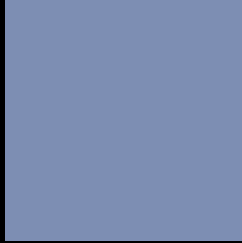
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

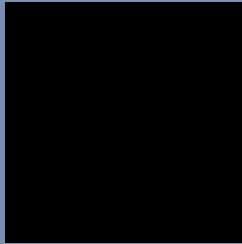
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

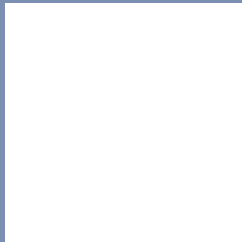
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 21.541, 277.133

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 21.541, 277.133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 21.541, 277.133

Protanopia

59, 21.620, 286.228

Deuteranopia

59, 23.261, 290.256



Tritanopia
59, 11.053, 236.915

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 21.541, 277.133

Protanomaly
59, 21.194, 282.341

Deuteranomaly
59, 22.770, 285.866

Tritanomaly
59, 13.941, 257.959

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 21.541, 277.133

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 8.204, 275.377

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 21.541, 277.133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 142, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 142, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 142, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 142, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 21.541, 277.133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 142, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 142, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 142, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 142, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 142, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 142,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 21.541, 277.133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 142, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
142, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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