

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 22.377, 106.040)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 22.377, 106.040)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 22.375, 106.477)	3
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Color

CIELCh(59, 22.375, 106.477)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919068
RGB	145, 144, 104
RGB Percent	57%, 56%, 41%
CMY	0.4308, 0.4347, 0.5916
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.28, 0.43
HSL	59°, 16%, 49%
HSV	59°, 28%, 57%
XYZ	24.2057, 27.0277, 17.0758
YIQ	139.7390, 13.4360, -12.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

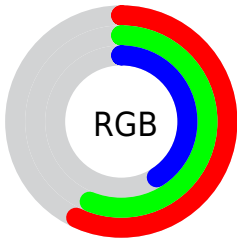
Format	Color
RYB	105, 145, 104
Decimal	9539688
CIELab	59.00, -6.35, 21.46
CIELCh	59, 22.375, 106.477
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3544, 0.3957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287729768 (0xFF919068)
YUV	139.7390, -17.6193, 4.6139
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -7.8700, 16.9176

Details

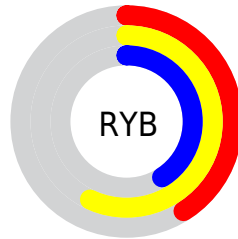
The CIELCh color $59, 22.375, 106.477$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $46, 23.821, 292.553$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 22.744, 107.091$, and $39, 22.740, 106.570$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 30.084, 105.528$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 14.514, 107.445$.

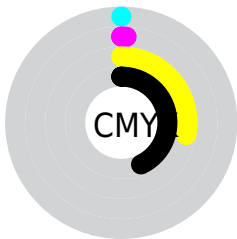
Distribution



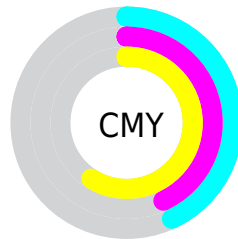
- Red (57%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 59, 22.375,
106.477

 59, 22.375,
106.477


 100, 22.375,
106.477

 49, 22.375,
106.477


 79, 22.375,
106.477

 39, 22.375,
106.477

 89, 22.375,
106.477

 29, 22.375,
106.477

 99, 22.375,
106.477

 19, 22.375,
106.477

 9, 22.375, 106.477

 0, 22.375, 106.477

■ 59, 22.375,
106.477

■ 59, 22.375,
106.477

■ 59, 30.084,
105.528

■ 59, 14.514,
107.445

■ 58, 37.520,
104.605

■ 60, 6.572, 108.403

■ 60, 1.403, 289.401

■ 58, 44.510,
103.738

■ 61, 9.379, 290.288

■ 58, 50.791,
102.955

■ 61, 17.335,
291.178

■ 58, 56.019,
102.289

■ 62, 25.257,
292.033

■ 57, 59.814,
101.772

■ 63, 33.135,
292.850

■ 57, 62.176,
101.395

■ 63, 40.960,
293.626

■ 57, 62.568,

101.332

■ 64, 48.725,
294.361

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 22.375, 106.477



46, 23.821, 292.553

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 22.375, 106.477



59, 22.375, 156.477



59, 22.375, 286.477



59, 22.375, 336.477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 22.376, 106.481



76, 7.892, 108.411



48, 17.620, 19.049



40, 5.591, 108.280



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 22.376, 106.481



75, 33.217, 105.863



58, 24.364, 126.595



30, 4.437, 108.316



54, 59.409, 101.342



2, 3.009, 109.193

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 23.821, 292.553



55, 35.979, 293.553



47, 25.385, 309.279



28, 4.527, 290.130



15, 82.204, 305.861



0, 3.010, 289.194

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

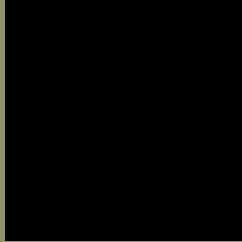
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

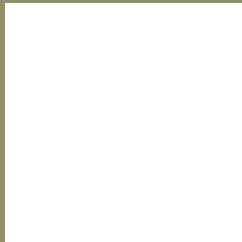
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 22.375, 106.477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 22.375, 106.477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 22.375, 106.477

Protanopia

59, 22.396, 95.371

Deuteranopia

59, 21.864, 70.099



Tritanopia
59, 8.046, 329.440

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 22.375, 106.477

Protanomaly
59, 22.601, 99.902

Deuteranomaly
59, 21.104, 83.690

Tritanomaly
59, 5.349, 67.138

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 22.375, 106.477

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 8.465, 109.188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 22.375, 106.477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 144, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 144, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 144, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 144, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 22.375, 106.477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 144, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 144, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 144, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 144, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 144, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 144,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 22.375, 106.477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 144, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
144, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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