

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 23.815, 330.619)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 23.815, 330.619)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 23.782, 330.340)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A982A3
RGB	169, 130, 163
RGB Percent	66%, 51%, 64%
CMY	0.3374, 0.4903, 0.3609
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.04, 0.34
HSL	309°, 18%, 59%
HSV	309°, 23%, 66%
XYZ	30.9374, 27.0277, 38.2170
YIQ	145.4230, 12.6510, 18.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

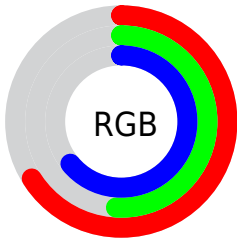
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 130, 163
Decimal	11109027
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, 20.67, -11.77
CIE _{LCh}	59, 23.782, 330.340
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3217, 0.2810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289299107 (0xFFA982A3)
YUV	145.4230, 8.6655, 20.6770
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 15.2432, -7.1928

Details

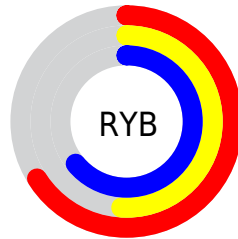
The CIELCh color $59, 23.782, 330.340$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $66, 23.715, 147.386$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 24.046, 330.525$, and $39, 23.730, 330.261$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 34.007, 330.965$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 13.434, 329.722$.

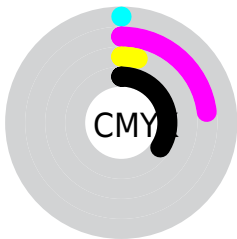
Distribution



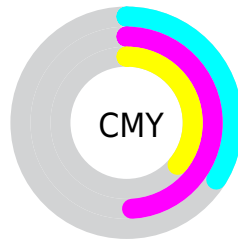
- Red (66%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 23.782,
330.340


 59, 23.782,
330.340


 100, 23.782,
330.340


 49, 23.782,
330.340


 79, 23.782,
330.340

 39, 23.782,
330.340

 89, 23.782,
330.340

 29, 23.782,
330.340

 99, 23.782,
330.340

 19, 23.782,
330.340

 9, 23.782, 330.340

 0, 23.782, 330.340

59, 23.782,
330.340

59, 23.782,
330.340

55, 34.007,
330.965

63, 13.434,
329.722

51, 43.864,
331.596

68, 3.145, 329.065

48, 53.011,
332.231

72, 6.973, 148.613

45, 61.039,
332.870

77, 16.852,
148.040

42, 67.510,
333.517

82, 26.457,
147.510

40, 72.054,
334.188

87, 35.772,
147.008


39, 74.489,
334.902

91, 44.798,
146.534

39, 75.344,

93, 47.702,
146.927

335.419

 93, 46.655,
147.920

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 23.782, 330.340



66, 23.715, 147.386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 23.782, 330.340



59, 23.782, 20.340



59, 23.782, 150.340



59, 23.782, 200.340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 23.780, 330.340



84, 8.858, 329.350



56, 22.502, 298.031



44, 5.749, 329.386



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 23.780, 330.340



72, 35.655, 330.678



58, 17.264, 354.890



33, 5.781, 329.487



34, 68.411, 335.329



2, 10.114, 330.701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 23.780, 330.340



72, 35.655, 330.678



66, 16.345, 170.429



33, 5.781, 329.487



34, 68.411, 335.329



2, 10.114, 330.701

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

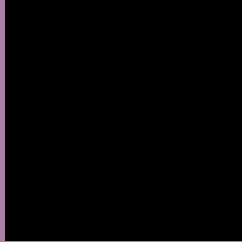
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 23.782, 330.340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 23.782, 330.340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 23.782, 330.340

Protanopia

59, 16.490, 285.869

Deuteranopia

59, 12.877, 304.899



Tritanopia
59, 14.470, 355.635

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 23.782, 330.340

Protanomaly
59, 17.573, 305.266

Deuteranomaly
59, 16.443, 317.361

Tritanomaly
59, 17.345, 343.134

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 23.782, 330.340

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 8.704, 329.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 23.782, 330.340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 130, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 130, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 130, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 130, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 23.782, 330.340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 130, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 130, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 130, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 130, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 130, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 130,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 23.782, 330.340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 130, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
130, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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