

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 25.604, 178.917)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 25.604, 178.917)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 25.604, 178.917)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(59, 25.604, 178.917)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	549A8C
RGB	84, 154, 140
RGB Percent	33%, 60%, 55%
CMY	0.6692, 0.3947, 0.4497
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.09, 0.39
HSL	168°, 29%, 47%
HSV	168°, 45%, 61%
XYZ	20.0568, 27.0277, 29.0995
YIQ	131.4740, -37.2260, -19.1940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

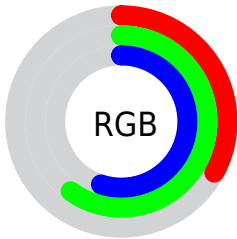
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 123, 154
Decimal	5544588
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -25.60, 0.48
CIE _{LCh}	59, 25.604, 178.917
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2633, 0.3548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283734668 (0xFF549A8C)
YUV	131.4740, 4.2033, -41.6347
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -22.1149, 3.2053

Details

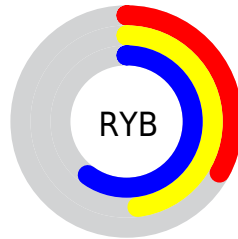
The CIELCh color **59, 25.604, 178.917** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **44, 30.988, 9.009**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 25.753, 178.061**, and **39, 25.458, 179.409** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 30.119, 177.764**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 20.567, 179.981**.

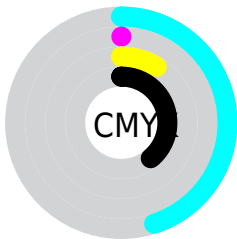
Distribution



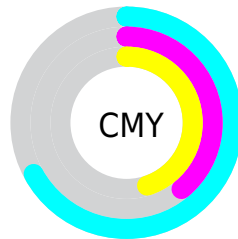
- Red (33%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 25.604,
178.917


 59, 25.604,
178.917


 100, 25.604,
178.917


 49, 25.604,
178.917


 79, 25.604,
178.917

 39, 25.604,
178.917

 89, 25.604,
178.917

 29, 25.604,
178.917

 99, 25.604,
178.917

 19, 25.604,
178.917

 9, 25.604, 178.917

 0, 25.604, 178.917

■ 59, 25.604,
178.917

■ 59, 25.604,
178.917

■ 58, 30.119,
177.764

■ 60, 20.567,
179.981

■ 58, 34.028,
176.507

■ 61, 15.103,
180.981

■ 57, 37.274,
175.121

■ 62, 9.313, 181.933

■ 57, 39.842,
173.587

■ 63, 3.289, 182.906

■ 64, 2.885, 3.483

■ 57, 41.777,
171.894

■ 66, 9.138, 4.401

■ 57, 42.592,
171.110

■ 67, 15.412, 5.209

■ 69, 21.662, 5.981

■ 71, 27.856, 6.724

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 25.604, 178.917



44, 30.988, 9.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 25.604, 178.917



59, 25.604, 228.917



59, 25.604, 358.917



59, 25.604, 48.917

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 25.604, 178.915



79, 10.566, 182.035



59, 44.577, 135.840



42, 7.330, 181.844



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 25.604, 178.915



75, 36.545, 177.798



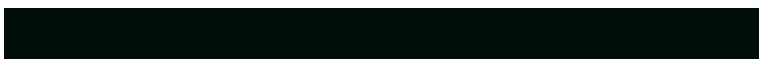
53, 19.502, 234.421



32, 3.432, 182.514



52, 39.632, 171.277



3, 3.779, 182.234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 30.988, 9.009



53, 46.192, 11.094



49, 26.178, 47.545



30, 3.557, 4.009



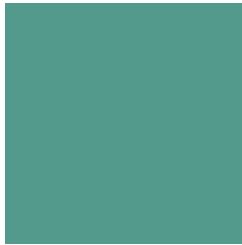
29, 58.886, 28.097



1, 3.753, 3.492

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

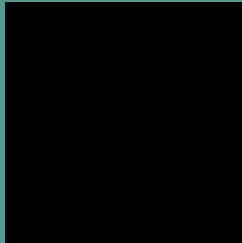
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 25.604, 178.917

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917.

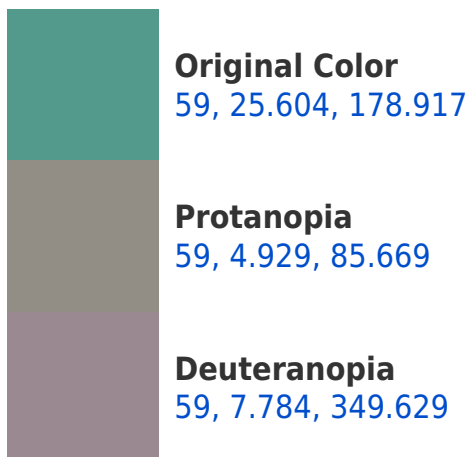


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 25.604, 178.917.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
59, 20.416, 217.419

Trichromacy



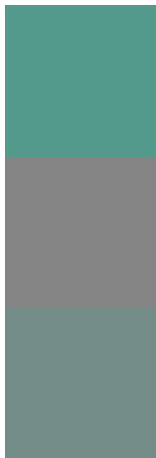
Original Color
59, 25.604, 178.917

Protanomaly
59, 10.262, 164.910

Deuteranomaly
58, 5.320, 198.969

Tritanomaly
59, 20.979, 202.242

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 25.604, 178.917

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 9.963, 181.723

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 25.604, 178.917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 154, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 154, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 154, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 154, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 25.604, 178.917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 154, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 154, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 154, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 154, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 154, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 154,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 25.604, 178.917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 154, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 154,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor