

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 27.974, 162.378)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 27.974, 162.378)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 27.973, 162.379)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C9A7E
RGB	92, 154, 126
RGB Percent	36%, 60%, 49%
CMY	0.6379, 0.3948, 0.5046
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.18, 0.39
HSL	153°, 25%, 48%
HSV	153°, 40%, 61%
XYZ	19.8431, 27.0277, 24.0175
YIQ	132.2700, -27.9640, -21.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

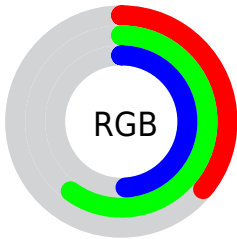
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 132, 154
Decimal	6068862
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -26.66, 8.47
CIE _{LCh}	59, 27.973, 162.379
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2799, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284258942 (0xFF5C9A7E)
YUV	132.2700, -3.0911, -35.3168
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -22.8487, 9.0010

Details

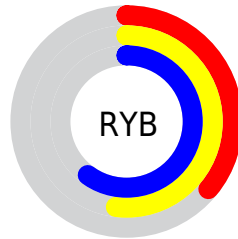
The CIELCh color $59, 27.973, 162.379$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $47, 29.708, 350.463$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 27.965, 162.467$, and $39, 27.816, 162.745$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 34.328, 161.090$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 21.268, 163.528$.

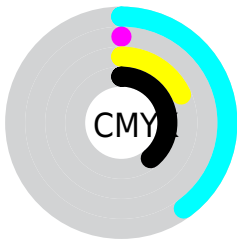
Distribution



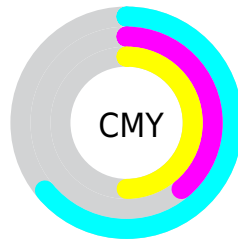
- Red (36%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 27.973,
162.379


 59, 27.973,
162.379


 100, 27.973,
162.379


 49, 27.973,
162.379


 79, 27.973,
162.379

 39, 27.973,
162.379

 89, 27.973,
162.379

 29, 27.973,
162.379

 99, 27.973,
162.379

 19, 27.973,
162.379

 9, 27.973, 162.379

 0, 27.973, 162.379

■ 59, 27.973,
162.379

■ 59, 27.973,
162.379

■ 58, 34.328,
161.090

■ 60, 21.268,
163.528

■ 57, 40.216,
159.641

■ 61, 14.323,
164.564

■ 57, 45.539,
158.008

■ 62, 7.245, 165.517

■ 56, 50.228,
156.173

■ 64, 0.122, 169.177

■ 65, 6.972, 347.045

■ 56, 54.261,
154.135

■ 67, 13.982,
347.791

■ 56, 57.745,
152.050

■ 68, 20.866,
348.470

■ 70, 27.597,
349.103

■ 72, 34.156,
349.697

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 27.973, 162.379



47, 29.708, 350.463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 27.973, 162.379



59, 27.973, 212.379



59, 27.973, 342.379



59, 27.973, 32.379

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 27.974, 162.378



79, 10.609, 165.325



60, 36.837, 128.402



42, 7.092, 165.214



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 27.974, 162.378



74, 40.899, 161.256



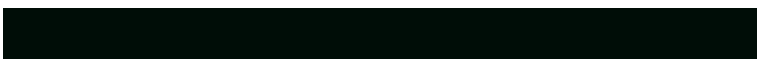
59, 20.196, 200.963



32, 3.994, 165.607



51, 53.626, 152.261



3, 4.355, 165.815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 29.708, 350.463



57, 43.868, 351.730



47, 26.816, 25.516



30, 4.054, 347.065



29, 54.121, 5.472



1, 4.307, 346.766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 27.973, 162.379

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 27.973, 162.379.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 27.973, 162.379

Protanopia
59, 12.300, 93.128

Deuteranopia
59, 10.028, 39.910



Tritanopia
59, 17.312, 221.405

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 27.973, 162.379

Protanomaly
59, 15.395, 136.566

Deuteranomaly
58, 8.558, 131.134

Tritanomaly
59, 18.665, 192.429

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 27.973, 162.379

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 10.640, 165.928

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 27.973, 162.379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 154, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 154, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 154, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 154, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 27.973, 162.379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 154, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 154, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 154, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 154, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 154, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 154,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 27.973, 162.379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 154, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 154,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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