

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 31.829, 261.295)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 31.829, 261.295)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 32.062, 261.583)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5893C5
RGB	88, 147, 197
RGB Percent	35%, 58%, 77%
CMY	0.6543, 0.4230, 0.2269
CMYK	0.55, 0.25, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	208°, 49%, 56%
HSV	208°, 55%, 77%
XYZ	24.5864, 27.0277, 56.8285
YIQ	135.0590, -51.2140, 3.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

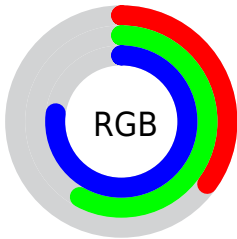
Format	Color
R _Y B	88, 126, 197
Decimal	5804997
CIE Lab	59.00, -4.69, -31.72
CIE LCh	59, 32.062, 261.583
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2267, 0.2492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283995077 (0xFF5893C5)
YUV	135.0590, 30.5369, -41.2707
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -6.5627, -28.4184

Details

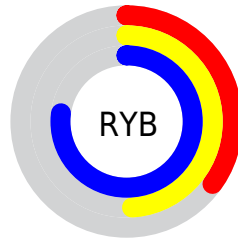
The CIELCh color **59, 32.062, 261.583** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **62, 39.406, 64.443**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 32.042, 261.582**, and **39, 31.952, 261.120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 37.282, 264.900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 26.653, 258.779**.

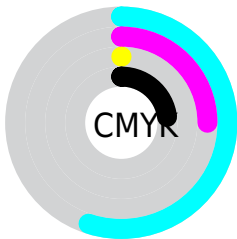
Distribution



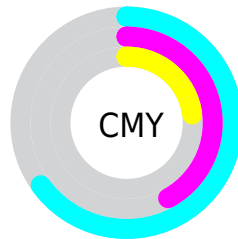
- Red (35%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 32.062,
261.583

■ 59, 32.062,
261.583

■ 100, 32.062,
261.583

■ 49, 32.062,
261.583

■ 79, 32.062,
261.583

■ 39, 32.062,
261.583

■ 89, 32.062,
261.583

■ 29, 32.062,
261.583

■ 99, 32.062,
261.583

■ 19, 32.062,
261.583

■ 9, 32.062, 261.583

■ 0, 32.062, 261.583

59, 32.062,
261.583

59, 32.062,
261.583

56, 37.282,
264.900

63, 26.653,
258.779

52, 42.364,
268.749

66, 21.049,
256.433

49, 47.392,
273.090

70, 15.261,
254.482

46, 52.484,
277.786

74, 9.318, 252.866

45, 54.965,
279.950

78, 3.252, 251.580

81, 2.905, 70.173

85, 9.123, 69.294

89, 15.376, 68.482

92, 19.123, 76.954

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 32.062, 261.583



62, 39.406, 64.443

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 32.062, 261.583



59, 32.062, 311.583



59, 32.062, 81.583



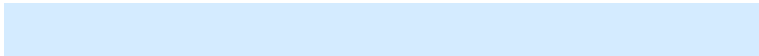
59, 32.062, 131.583

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 32.061, 261.583



92, 12.747, 253.161



72, 49.643, 155.183



48, 8.510, 253.478



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 32.061, 261.583



70, 46.325, 265.525



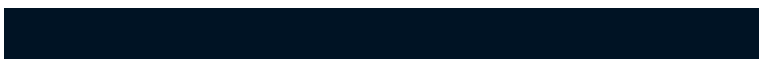
44, 61.562, 296.746



40, 3.500, 252.058



37, 47.166, 279.236



5, 13.362, 266.453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 51.307, 347.270



63, 72.639, 349.238



76, 53.247, 102.608



39, 5.349, 342.203



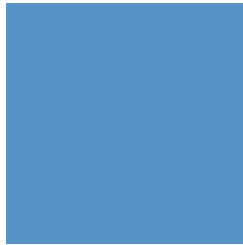
35, 61.325, 357.755



4, 18.290, 350.452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

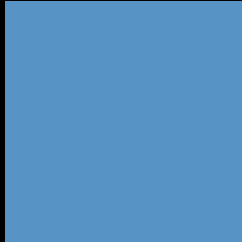
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

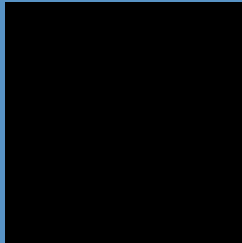
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 32.062, 261.583

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583.

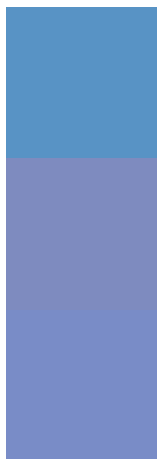


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 32.062, 261.583.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 32.062, 261.583

Protanopia
59, 29.659, 285.338

Deuteranopia
59, 33.717, 283.804



Tritanopia
59, 24.374, 213.798

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 32.062, 261.583

Protanomaly
59, 29.967, 275.300

Deuteranomaly
59, 32.322, 275.061

Tritanomaly
59, 25.180, 234.048

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 32.062, 261.583

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 12.939, 256.309

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 32.062, 261.583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 147, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 147, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 147, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 147, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 32.062, 261.583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 147, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 147, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 147, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 147, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 147, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 147,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 32.062, 261.583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 147, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 147,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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