

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 32.945, 236.608)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 32.945, 236.608)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 32.837, 236.422)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A99BD
RGB	42, 153, 189
RGB Percent	16%, 60%, 74%
CMY	0.8340, 0.3992, 0.2580
CMYK	0.78, 0.19, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	195°, 63%, 45%
HSV	195°, 78%, 74%
XYZ	21.5982, 27.0277, 52.3372
YIQ	123.9150, -77.7120, -12.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

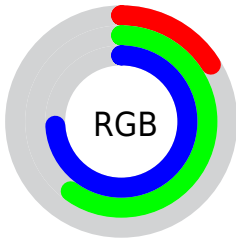
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 105, 189
Decimal	2791869
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -18.16, -27.36
CIE _{LCh}	59, 32.837, 236.422
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2139, 0.2677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280981949 (0xFF2A99BD)
YUV	123.9150, 32.0869, -71.8395
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -16.8226, -23.2963

Details

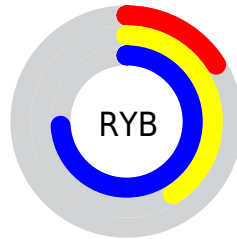
The CIELCh color **59, 32.837, 236.422** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **48, 60.207, 44.911**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 32.703, 236.701**, and **40, 28.485, 244.962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 34.653, 240.042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 30.451, 233.466**.

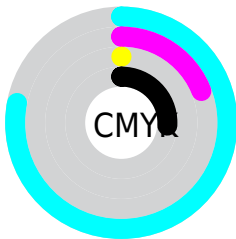
Distribution



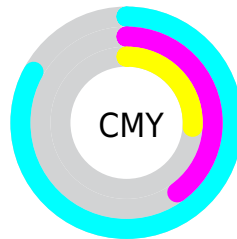
- Red (16%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 32.837,
236.422

 59, 32.837,
236.422


 100, 32.837,
236.422

 49, 32.837,
236.422


 79, 32.837,
236.422

 39, 32.837,
236.422

 89, 32.837,
236.422

 29, 32.837,
236.422

 99, 32.837,
236.422

 19, 32.837,
236.422

 9, 32.837, 236.422

 0, 32.837, 236.422

■ 59, 32.837,
236.422

■ 59, 32.837,
236.422

■ 57, 34.653,
240.042

■ 61, 30.451,
233.466

■ 56, 36.051,
244.299

■ 63, 27.444,
231.104

■ 55, 36.381,
245.326

■ 65, 23.820,
229.248

■ 67, 19.626,
227.808

■ 70, 14.932,
226.707

■ 72, 9.815, 225.882

■ 75, 4.353, 225.315

■ 77, 1.381, 44.362

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 32.837, 236.422



48, 60.207, 44.911

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 32.837, 236.422



59, 32.837, 286.422



59, 32.837, 56.422



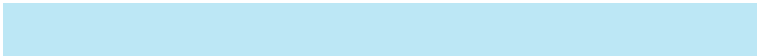
59, 32.837, 106.422

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 32.836, 236.422



89, 15.532, 226.325



68, 75.754, 143.094



46, 10.626, 226.647



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 32.836, 236.422



72, 43.239, 242.918



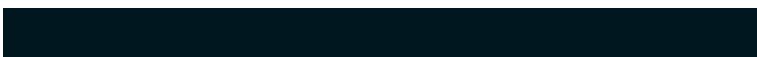
38, 65.679, 292.816



39, 3.216, 225.390



47, 31.745, 244.638



6, 9.480, 236.493

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 71.718, 338.239



56, 92.368, 340.291



64, 58.575, 85.866



37, 5.957, 332.727



35, 67.140, 340.844



3, 16.886, 336.686

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 32.837, 236.422

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422.

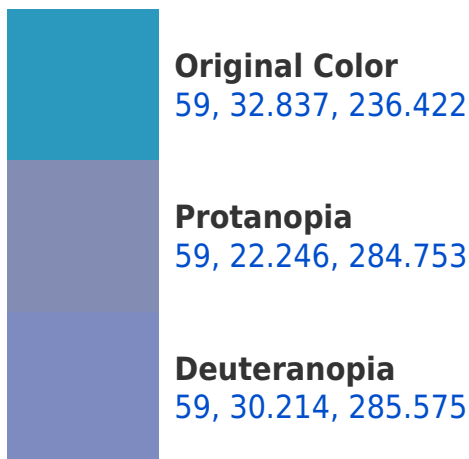


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 32.837, 236.422.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
59, 32.926, 208.782

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 32.837, 236.422



Protanomaly
58, 25.241, 258.090



Deuteranomaly
58, 29.582, 264.158



Tritanomaly
59, 32.234, 217.796

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 32.837, 236.422



Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
54, 15.699, 226.962

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 32.837, 236.422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 153, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 153, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 153, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 153, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 32.837, 236.422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 153, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 153, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 153, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 153, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 153, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 153,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 32.837, 236.422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 153, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 153,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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