

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 33.508, 216.644)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 33.508, 216.644)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 33.456, 216.913)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	029CB0
RGB	2, 156, 176
RGB Percent	1%, 61%, 69%
CMY	0.9913, 0.3872, 0.3087
CMYK	0.99, 0.11, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	187°, 98%, 35%
HSV	187°, 99%, 69%
XYZ	19.8252, 27.0277, 45.3897
YIQ	112.2340, -98.2040, -26.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

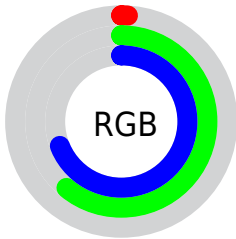
Format	Color
RYB	2, 84, 176
Decimal	171184
CIELab	59.00, -26.75, -20.09
CIElCh	59, 33.456, 216.913
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2149, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278361264 (0xFF029CB0)
YUV	112.2340, 31.4366, -96.6752
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -22.9102, -15.3730

Details

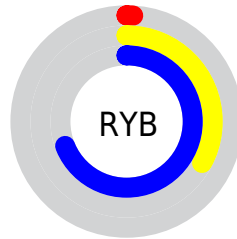
The CIELCh color **59, 33.456, 216.913** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **38, 76.614, 41.191**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 33.491, 217.129**, and **40, 25.411, 224.485** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 33.504, 217.155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 32.994, 215.027**.

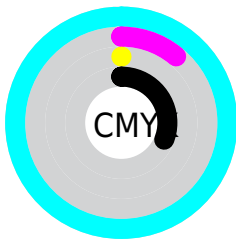
Distribution



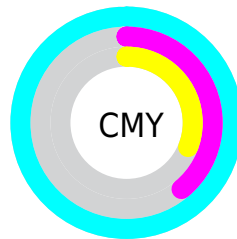
- Red (1%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 33.456,
216.913


 59, 33.456,
216.913


 100, 33.456,
216.913


 49, 33.456,
216.913


 79, 33.456,
216.913

 39, 33.456,
216.913

 89, 33.456,
216.913

 29, 33.456,
216.913

 99, 33.456,
216.913

 19, 33.456,
216.913

 9, 33.456, 216.913

 0, 33.456, 216.913

■ 59, 33.456,
216.913

■ 59, 33.456,
216.913

■ 59, 33.504,
217.155

■ 60, 32.994,
215.027

■ 61, 31.933,
213.480

■ 62, 30.126,
212.285

■ 63, 27.552,
211.396

■ 64, 24.237,
210.768

■ 65, 20.244,
210.359

■ 67, 15.658,
210.130

■ 69, 10.570,

210.054

■ 70, 5.073, 210.129

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 33.456, 216.913



38, 76.614, 41.191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 33.456, 216.913



59, 33.456, 266.913



59, 33.456, 36.913



59, 33.456, 86.913

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 33.455, 216.912



85, 20.113, 210.159



63, 88.399, 137.034



44, 13.481, 210.245



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 33.455, 216.912



75, 40.763, 217.566



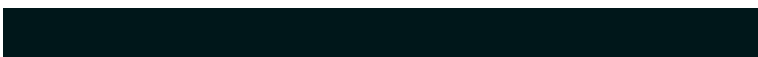
34, 65.106, 291.823



37, 3.314, 210.119



52, 30.206, 216.893



6, 7.885, 215.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 79.916, 333.321



53, 97.401, 333.490



52, 62.296, 69.811



35, 6.238, 328.240



35, 72.220, 333.324



2, 14.460, 329.459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

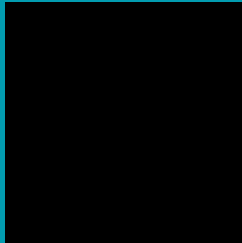
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 33.456, 216.913

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 33.456, 216.913.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
59, 33.639, 209.487

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 33.420, 216.937



Protanomaly
58, 22.143, 234.644



Deuteranomaly
58, 25.555, 248.078



Tritanomaly
59, 33.554, 211.584

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 33.420, 216.937



Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
50, 19.024, 210.130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 33.456, 216.913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 156, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 156, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 156, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 156, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 33.456, 216.913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 156, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 156, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 156, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 156, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 156, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 156,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 33.456, 216.913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 156, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 156,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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