

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 35.054, 196.403)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 35.054, 196.403)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 35.003, 196.390)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 35.003, 196.390)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	029E9E
RGB	2, 158, 158
RGB Percent	1%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.9921, 0.3794, 0.3794
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	180°, 97%, 31%
HSV	180°, 99%, 62%
XYZ	18.4864, 27.0277, 36.7002
YIQ	111.3560, -92.9760, -33.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

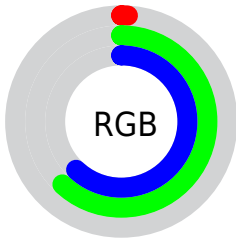
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 80, 158
Decimal	171678
CIE Lab	59.00, -33.58, -9.88
CIE LCh	59, 35.003, 196.390
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2249, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278361758 (0xFF029E9E)
YUV	111.3560, 22.9955, -95.9052
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -27.5068, -5.4631

Details

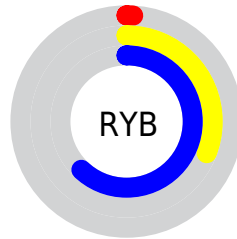
The CIELCh color **59, 35.003, 196.390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **33, 72.181, 39.335**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 34.794, 196.981**, and **40, 26.116, 197.770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 35.085, 196.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 34.286, 196.448**.

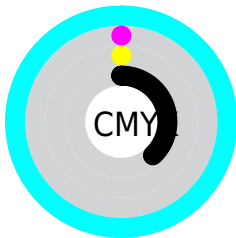
Distribution



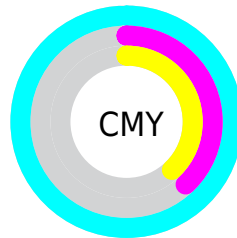
- Red (1%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 35.003,
196.390

■ 59, 35.003,
196.390

■ 100, 35.003,
196.390

■ 49, 35.003,
196.390

■ 79, 35.003,
196.390

■ 39, 35.003,
196.390

■ 89, 35.003,
196.390

■ 29, 35.003,
196.390

■ 99, 35.003,
196.390

■ 19, 35.003,
196.390

■ 9, 35.003, 196.390

■ 0, 35.003, 196.390

■ 59, 35.003,
196.390

■ 59, 35.003,
196.390

■ 59, 35.085,
196.382

■ 59, 34.286,
196.448

■ 59, 33.003,
196.553

■ 60, 31.007,
196.719

■ 60, 28.273,
196.947

■ 61, 24.820,
197.239

■ 61, 20.701,
197.593

■ 62, 15.991,
198.007

■ 63, 10.780,

198.478

■ 64, 5.162, 199.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 35.003, 196.390



33, 72.181, 39.335

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 35.003, 196.390



59, 35.003, 246.390



59, 35.003, 16.390



59, 35.003, 66.390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 35.003, 196.389



79, 20.603, 197.926



57, 83.429, 135.995



42, 13.947, 197.759



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 35.003, 196.389



75, 42.755, 196.382



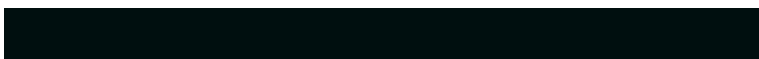
35, 47.716, 281.261



33, 3.339, 198.994



54, 32.544, 196.382



3, 4.473, 199.419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 72.181, 39.335



43, 89.214, 39.999



42, 59.286, 59.947



31, 3.535, 19.897



29, 67.091, 39.160



1, 4.473, 19.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

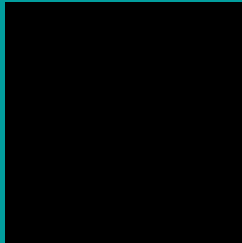
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 35.003, 196.390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390.

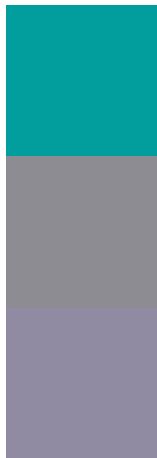


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 35.003, 196.390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 34.962, 196.393

Protanopia

59, 4.062, 301.528

Deuteranopia

59, 14.479, 302.009



Tritanopia
59, 32.161, 209.131

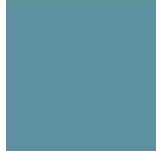
Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 34.962, 196.393



Protanomaly
57, 19.034, 204.635



Deuteranomaly
57, 19.027, 226.925



Tritanomaly
59, 33.093, 204.604

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 34.962, 196.393



Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
50, 19.560, 197.423

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 35.003, 196.390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 158, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 158, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 158, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 158, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 35.003, 196.390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 158, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 158, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 158, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 158, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 158, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 158,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 35.003, 196.390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 158, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 158,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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