

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 37.273, 86.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 37.273, 86.685) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 37.232, 86.727)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A68B4C
RGB	166, 139, 76
RGB Percent	65%, 55%, 30%
CMY	0.3497, 0.4555, 0.7025
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.54, 0.35
HSL	42°, 37%, 47%
HSV	42°, 54%, 65%
XYZ	26.1992, 27.0277, 10.6464
YIQ	139.8910, 36.3150, -13.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

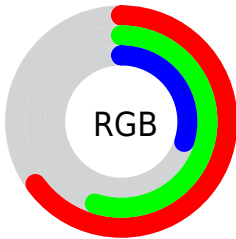
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 166, 76
Decimal	10914636
CIE Lab	59.00, 2.13, 37.17
CIE LCh	59, 37.232, 86.727
Yxy	27.0277, 0.4102, 0.4231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289104716 (0xFFA68B4C)
YUV	139.8910, -31.4983, 22.8976
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -1.0253, 24.2501

Details

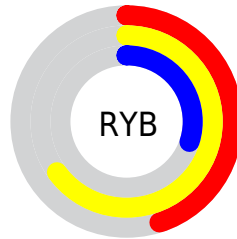
The CIELCh color $59, 37.232, 86.727$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9966`. A complement of this color would be $44, 38.050, 283.558$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 37.347, 86.517$, and $39, 37.305, 86.214$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 43.909, 85.310$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 30.319, 88.099$.

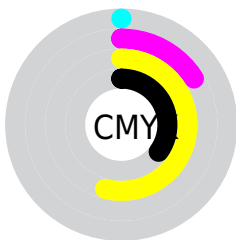
Distribution



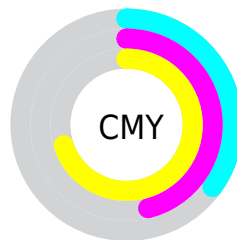
- Red (65%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 37.232, 86.727

■ 59, 37.232, 86.727

■ 100, 37.232,
86.727

■ 49, 37.232, 86.727

■ 79, 37.232, 86.727

■ 39, 37.232, 86.727

■ 89, 37.232, 86.727

■ 29, 37.232, 86.727

■ 99, 37.232, 86.727

■ 19, 37.232, 86.727

■ 9, 37.232, 86.727

■ 0, 37.232, 86.727

■ 59, 37.232, 86.727

■ 59, 37.232, 86.727

■ 57, 43.909, 85.310

■ 61, 30.319, 88.099

■ 56, 50.036, 83.804

■ 62, 23.346, 89.428

■ 55, 55.117, 82.139

■ 64, 16.412, 90.719

■ 53, 58.524, 80.190

■ 66, 9.565, 91.968

■ 53, 60.050, 79.017

■ 67, 2.827, 93.136

■ 69, 3.796, 274.423

■ 71, 10.303,
275.514

■ 73, 16.699,
276.579

■ 75, 22.991,
277.598

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 37.232, 86.727



44, 38.050, 283.558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 37.232, 86.727



59, 37.232, 136.727



59, 37.232, 266.727



59, 37.232, 316.727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 37.232, 86.731



83, 13.371, 91.717



45, 39.982, 3.405



44, 9.116, 91.473



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 37.232, 86.731



73, 55.131, 85.024



65, 48.190, 114.488



35, 3.824, 92.566



47, 55.238, 79.278



4, 6.432, 87.667

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 38.050, 283.558



51, 57.526, 286.957



38, 55.200, 303.161



33, 3.837, 274.905



24, 67.362, 297.748



2, 7.270, 276.687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

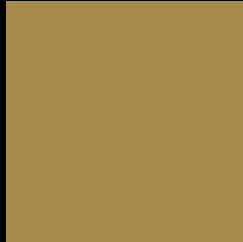
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

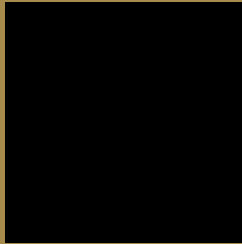
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 37.232, 86.727

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 37.232, 86.727.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 37.232, 86.727

Protanopia

59, 36.462, 95.972

Deuteranopia

59, 37.431, 77.783



Tritanopia
59, 17.340, 2.438

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 37.232, 86.727

Protanomaly
59, 36.505, 92.362

Deuteranomaly
59, 36.942, 80.559

Tritanomaly
59, 18.267, 52.018

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 37.232, 86.727

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 13.521, 92.488

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 37.232, 86.727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 139, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 139, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 139, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 139, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 37.232, 86.727 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 139, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 139, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 139, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 139, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 139, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 139,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 37.232, 86.727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 139, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
139, 76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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